



## Mark Scheme (Results)

October 2022

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level in Biology (WBI15)  
Paper 01: Respiration, Internal Environment, Coordination and  
Gene Technology

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Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1 (a)(i)	<p>C is the correct answer</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• A is not correct as three of the statements are correct</li><li>• B is not correct as three of the statements are correct</li><li>• D is not correct as three of the statements are correct</li></ul>		Computer (1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(a)(ii)	<p>D is the correct answer</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• A is incorrect as blood does not become less acidic</li><li>• B is incorrect as muscles do not become less fatigued</li><li>• C is incorrect as pH of blood does not increase</li></ul>		Computer (1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)	<p>A description that includes two of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• accept explanation of how proton gradient set up (1)</li> <li>• {protons / hydrogen ions} move through {membrane protein/ protein channel /ATP synthase/ ATPase} (1)</li> <li>• {conversion of ADP + Pi to ATP / phosphorylation of ADP} (1)</li> </ul>	<p>can piece together reference to movement of electrons along electron carriers releasing energy to {pump protons into intermembrane space / create electrochemical gradient}</p> <p>accept protons move down electrochemical gradient</p> <p>accept ADP + Pi -&gt; ATP</p>	Expert (2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(c)	<p>D is the correct answer</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A is not the correct answer as ATP is not the first molecule to contain the radioactive oxygen</li> <li>• B is not the correct answer as carbon dioxide is not the first molecule to contain the radioactive oxygen</li> <li>• C is not the correct answer as reduced NAD is not the first molecule to contain the radioactive oxygen</li> </ul>		Computer (1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(i)	<p>B is the correct answer</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A is not the correct answer as actin does not join bone to bone</li> <li>• C is not the correct answer as muscle does not join bone to bone</li> <li>• D is not the correct answer as tendon does not join bone to bone</li> </ul>		Computer (1)

Question number	Answer	Mark
2(a)(ii)	<p>D is the correct answer</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A is not the correct answer as actin does not join muscle to bone</li> <li>• B is not the correct answer as ligament does not join muscle to bone</li> <li>• C is not the correct answer as myosin does not join muscle to bone</li> </ul>	Computer (1)

Question number	Answer	Mark
2(a)(iii)	<p>D is the correct answer</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A is not the correct answer as actin and myosin are not made of carbohydrates</li> <li>• B is not the correct answer as actin and myosin are not made of fatty acids</li> <li>• C is not the correct answer as actin and myosin are not made of nucleic acids</li> </ul>	Computer (1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)(i)	<p>An explanation that includes two of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• muscles are in antagonistic pairs / have extensor and flexor muscles (1)</li> <li>• the muscles contract (with equal strength) (1)</li> <li>• ligaments hold the joint in place (1)</li> </ul>	<p>muscles if named - rectus femoris and gastrocnemius / fibialis accept muscles work antagonistically</p> <p>ignore one contracts and the other relaxes</p> <p>accept ligaments hold the bones in place</p>	Expert (2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)(ii)	<p>A description that includes three of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ATP binds to the myosin head (1)</li> <li>• {releasing the myosin head from the actin strand/breaking the cross-bridge} (1)</li> <li>• ATP is hydrolysed (1)</li> <li>• (providing energy) to change the myosin head {shape / position}(1)</li> <li>• allowing myosin to bind to actin / form actin-myosin cross bridge (1)</li> </ul>	<p>mps need to be in logical order to gain credit</p> <p>ACCEPT ATP broken down into ADP and Pi</p> <p>Do not accept the power stroke</p>	Expert (3)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark										
3(a)(i)	An answer that includes the following points <table border="1" data-bbox="310 321 930 711"> <thead> <tr> <th>Label</th> <th>Part</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>L</td> <td>dendrites</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M</td> <td>cell body / centron</td> </tr> <tr> <td>N</td> <td>axon</td> </tr> <tr> <td>O</td> <td>(pre)synaptic {endings /knob/bulb}</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Label	Part	L	dendrites	M	cell body / centron	N	axon	O	(pre)synaptic {endings /knob/bulb}	all correct 2 marks 1 or 2 or 3 correct 1 mark 0 correct 0 marks  accept dendrite / dendron   accept axon terminal  do not accept synapse(s)	Graduate  (2)
Label	Part												
L	dendrites												
M	cell body / centron												
N	axon												
O	(pre)synaptic {endings /knob/bulb}												

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(a)(ii)	D is the correct answer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A in not correct because lidocaine inhibits sodium ion channels</li> <li>• B in not correct because lidocaine inhibiting sodium ion channels</li> <li>• C in not correct because lidocaine inhibiting sodium ion channels</li> </ul>		Computer  (1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(b)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(scanning) electron (microscope) /sem / em (1)</li> </ul>	Do not accept electric / electrical /electronic Do not accept transmission electron microscope / tem Do not accept microgram	Graduate (1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(b)(ii)	A calculation showing the following steps <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>correct measurement of X-Y in <math>\mu\text{m}</math> (1)</li> <li>calculation of thickness of connecting tissue (1)</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>calculation of thickness (1)</li> <li>conversion to <math>\mu\text{m}</math> (1)</li> </ul>	11 000 $\mu\text{m}$ $(11\ 000 \div 3300) = 3.3 / 3.33 / 3.333 / 3\ \mu\text{m}$ 1 mark for power of 10 errors e.g. 0.33 or 0.0033 or 333 $(11 \div 3300) = 0.00333$ $(1.1 \div 3300) = 0.0333$ $(0.00333) \times 1000 = 3.3 / 3.33 / 3.333 / 3\ \mu\text{m}$ 1 mark for power of 10 errors e.g. 0.33 or 0.0033 or 333 No ECF	Expert (2)



Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(b)(iii)	<p>An explanation that includes three of the following points</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• myelin (sheath) acts as an insulator (1)</li> <li>• gaps (in myelin sheath) are called nodes of Ranvier /nodes of Ranvier have higher number of (voltage gated) sodium channels (1)</li> <li>• {action potentials/depolarization} can only occur at nodes on Ranvier (in myelinated neurones)(1)</li> <li>• (therefore) impulse jumps from one node of Ranvier to the next(1)</li> </ul>	<p>accept {action potentials / depolarization}occur along the whole unmyelinated neurone mp4 accept converse accept reference to saltatory conduction</p>	<p>Expert (3)</p>

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(a)(i)	<p>A description that includes the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• general trend the higher the (resting) heart rate the lower the life expectancy/ no clear relationship between the (resting) heart rate the life expectancy (1)</li> <li>• the higher the (resting) heart rate the lower the (mean) mass (1)</li> <li>• the higher the (resting) heart rate the lower the (mean resting) metabolic rate (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Statements can be either way round  accept negative correlation  accept converse  accept converse</p>	<p>Expert (2)</p>

}

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(a)(ii)	<p>A calculation with the following steps</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• calculation of oxygen used per kilogram(1)</li> <li>• calculation of oxygen used for 4500kg elephant(1)</li> <li>• correct answer in standard form (1)</li> </ul>	<p><math>(1400 \div 5780) = 0.24</math>  <math>(4500 \times 0.24) = 1080</math>  <math>1.09 \times 10^3 / 1.0896 \times 10^3</math> ignoring any units</p> <p>ECF for mps 2 and 3  alternate method working out:  1 mark for <math>1400 \times 4500 = 6\,300\,000</math>  for 2 marks <math>(4500 \times 1400) \div 5780 = 1089.96</math></p>	Expert  (3)

1 mark	2 marks	3 marks
$(1400 \div 5780) = 0.24$	$(4500 \times 0.24) = 1080$	$1.09 \times 10^3$
$1400 \times 4500 = 6\,300\,000$	$(4500 \times 1400) \div 5780 = 1089.96$ or $1089.97$ or $1090$	$1.0896 \times 10^3$
	$6.3 \times 10^6$ (1+3ECF)	$1.08 \times 10^3$
	$2.4 \times 10^{-1}$ (1+3ECF)	$1.1 \times 10^3$
Mp1 incorrect but correct conversion to standard form		
	MP1 correct ÷ wrong denominator with correct standard form(1+3ECF)	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b)(i)	<p>An explanation that includes the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• chemoreceptors detect {lower pH of blood / increased blood CO<sub>2</sub> concentration}/ baroreceptors detect change in blood pressure (1)</li> <li>• (electrical) {impulses sent to medulla (oblongata)/cardiovascular control centre (CVC)} / chemoreceptors are located in medulla oblongata (1)</li> <li>• impulses travel {from the medulla oblongata / via sympathetic nervous system} to the SAN /more impulses sent to {AVN/ bundle of His / Purkyne fibres} (1)</li> <li>• (causing SAN) to increase frequency of depolarisation causing an increase in {heart rate / systole} (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Do not accept reference to signals / messages</p> <p>increased adrenaline production</p> <p>adrenaline which circulates in the blood</p> <p>mp3 adrenaline binds to receptors in {heart muscle / SAN}</p> <p>mp4 (causing SAN) to increase frequency of depolarisation causing an increase in {heart rate / systole}</p> <p>chemoreceptors in medulla oblongata detect increase in blood CO<sub>2</sub> = 2 marks</p>	<p>Expert</p> <p>(4)</p>

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b)(ii)	<p>An answer that includes two of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>fast twitch muscles fatigue quickly / are for short distance (sprinting) /cheetah cannot get oxygen fast enough for aerobic respiration (1)</li> <li>(cells / muscles) respire by anaerobic respiration (1)</li> <li>(therefore) build up of {lactic acid / oxygen debt} (from anaerobic respiration) (1)</li> </ul>	<p>the sprint requires large amounts of ATP (for muscle contraction)</p> <p>accept lactate accept release of heat so body temperature goes up rapidly / homeostatic mechanisms cannot occur quick enough</p>	<p>Expert</p> <p>(2)</p>

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)	<p>C is the correct answer</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a high glomerular filtration does not enable the camel to reduce water loss</li> <li>a slow release of ADH does not enable the camel to reduce water loss</li> </ul>		<p>Computer</p> <p>(1)</p>

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(i)	<p>A calculation with the following steps</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• calculation of water use each day for camel and buffalo (1)</li> <li>• correct difference in dm<sup>3</sup> to two significant figures(1)</li> </ul>	<p>(57 x 850) = 48450 cm<sup>3</sup>  (150 x 697)= 104550 cm<sup>3</sup>  (104550 - 48450) ÷ 1000 = 56 (dm<sup>3</sup>)  56.1= 1 mark  Power of 10 error 1 mark eg 561  150-57=93 and then dividing by 1000 to get 0.093 = 1 mark</p>	<p>Graduate  (2)</p>

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(ii)	<p>An answer that includes the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• credit one adaptation / environmental condition (1)</li> <li>• credit second adaptation / environmental condition (1)</li> </ul>	<p>accept different habitat  accept different environmental condition</p>	<p>Expert  (2)</p>

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)	<p>An answer that includes three of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (overall) both fresh water and sea water increased (mean) mass (of kangaroo rats) (1)</li> <li>• fresh water increased (mean) mass (of kangaroo rats) more than sea water</li> <li>• credit any calculated change in mass over days/ or daily change (1)</li> </ul>	<p>can piece together from separate descriptions of data</p> <p>accept fresh water caused the highest increase in (mean) mass</p> <p>e.g. 6 g difference between fresh and no water / 0.5 g difference between fresh and salt water / decrease of {0.2/0.6/1.8} g after 2 days / increase of {0.5 / 1} g after 16 days</p> <p>Fresh 0.83% and sea 0.42% daily</p>	<p>Expert</p> <p>(3)</p>

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(d)	<p>An answer that includes two of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (nephron has) long(er) loop of Henle (1)</li> <li>• higher concentration of ions in the medulla (1)</li> <li>• (kidneys/tubule/ DCT and collecting duct/ loop of Henle) reabsorb {large quantities of / more } water (1)</li> </ul>	<p>accept reference to counter current multiplier</p> <p>accept ADH results in increased absorption of water</p> <p>accept increased permeability to water in DCT and collecting duct</p> <p>accept ADH causes insertion of {water channels / aquaporins} in DCT and collecting duct</p>	<p>Expert</p> <p>(2)</p>

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(a)	<p>A is the correct answer</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• B is not the correct answer as Pr does not break down in the dark</li><li>• C is not the correct answer as Pr does not absorb far red light</li><li>• D is not the correct answer as Pr does not absorb far red light nor break down in the dark</li></ul>		Computer (1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(b)	<p>An explanation that includes three of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• auxin accumulates on shaded side (of the tip/stem/shoot/plant) (1)</li> <li>• {stimulating/causing} cell elongation (1)</li> <li>• detail of mechanism of action of auxin (1)</li> <li>• causing the plant to grow towards {light / sun} (1)</li> </ul>	<p>accept accumulates on the left of diagram accept auxins move away from the exposed light</p> <p>e.g. auxins stimulate the transport of Hydrogen ions into the cell wall or decrease pH activating {cell wall proteins / enzymes / chemicals /expansins} / {altering the hydrogen bonding within / decreasing strength of} the cell wall allowing elongation when water taken in / ref to activation of transcription factors</p> <p>accept causing positive phototropism do not accept bend towards light</p>	Expert (3)



Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(c)	<p>An explanation that includes four of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (gibberellin) binds to receptor / carrier molecule in the cell / acts as a transcription factor(1)</li> <li>• (amylase) {transcription factor/gene is activated} (1)</li> <li>• allowing {(amylase gene) transcription / production of (amylase) mRNA / translation mRNA / production of amylase} (1)</li> <li>• amylase (hydrolyses/ converts) starch into {maltose / glucose} (1)</li> </ul>	<p>ignore amylose</p> <p>transcription factor binding to promotor region of gene cause the inactivation of (amylase) gene {inhibitor protein/repressor molecule}</p> <p>ignore monomers</p> <p>activates gene that produces amylase = mps 2 and 3</p>	<p>Expert</p> <p>(4)</p>

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(d)	<p>An answer that includes four of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• both natural and synthetic auxin cause an increase (in cell number) (1)</li> <li>• {natural auxin/ IAA} greater effect on growth than {synthetic auxin / NAA} (1)</li> <li>• IAA at <math>0.1 \mu\text{mol dm}^{-3}</math> was the most effective at increasing {growth / cell number} (1)</li> <li>• <math>1 \mu\text{mol dm}^{-3}</math> was the most effective NAA concentration at increasing {growth / cell number} (1)</li> <li>• IAA is {better / more effective / has more cells} at lower concentrations(1)</li> </ul>	<p>can piece together both natural and synthetic auxin are better than the control at all concentrations</p> <p>IAA gives a greater increase in number of cells than NAA</p> <p>Accept most cell number</p> <p>Accept most cell number</p> <p>Accept higher concentrations of auxin(IAA) {had lower increase in growth / had lower increase in number of cells} Accept converse Accept negative correlation</p>	Expert (4)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(a)(i)	<p>A description that includes four of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• {identify/isolate/ cut out} the (<u>human</u>) rHE gene (1)</li><li>• Cut {DNA sequence / gene} using restriction {endonuclease / enzyme} (1)</li><li>• insert the gene into a vector (1)</li><li>• inserting vector into suitable target (<u>sheep</u>) {cell / tissue} (1)</li></ul>	<p>gene coding for rHE is isolated using restriction enzymes = 2 marks</p> <p>accept named vector e.g. plasmid, virus ignore bacteria</p> <p>e.g. udder cells / milk (protein) producing cells /fertilized sheep egg cell / embryo /zygote</p>	Expert  (4)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(a)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 77.5 (%)</li> </ul>	accept 77 or 78	Graduate (1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(a)(iii)	<p>A description that includes four of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• rHE acts as an antigen (1)</li> <li>• {(phagocyte /macrophage / APC) presents antigen to (B/T) lymphocyte (1)</li> <li>• T helper cells activate the B cells (1)</li> <li>• differentiate into plasma cells (1)</li> <li>• plasma cells {release/ produce} (anti-rHE) antibodies (1)</li> </ul>	<p>accept antigen recognized as foreign</p> <p>accept B cells present antigen to themselves.</p> <p>accept T helper cells cause the production / formation of B effector cells and B memory cells</p>	Expert (4)

Question number	Answer Additional guidance	Mark
7(b)	<p>An answer that includes the following points: Indicative content - description from graphs and experimental data</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (many) crops have been engineered to provide resistance to pests or herbicides eg. soybean, corn</li> <li>• soybean will not be killed by (glycophosphate) herbicides</li> <li>• corn will not be eaten by the core borer</li> <li>• -----</li> <li>• herbicide tolerant soybean went from 7% of planted area in 1996 to 95% in 2017</li> <li>• insect resistant corn went from 6% in 1996 to 88% in 2017</li> <li>• increase in planting of both GM soybean and GM corn</li> <li>• more GM soybean planted (than GM corn)</li> <li>• general increase in production of genetically modified crops</li> </ul> <p>-----</p> <p>explanation of benefits</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• higher yields / less damage by pests</li> <li>• more appealing colour / useful feature</li> <li>• GE foods having longer shelf life</li> <li>• more predictable food supplies for ever growing population</li> <li>• -----</li> <li>• improved nutritional content</li> <li>• <b>'medication'</b> provided through GE foods</li> <li>• can help prevent {malnutrition / disease}</li> <li>• -----</li> <li>• (reduced use / cost) of herbicides and pesticides</li> <li>• withstand environmental conditions</li> <li>• -----</li> </ul> <p>discussion of risks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• increasing demand agricultural resources and land</li> <li>• reducing land available to grow other crops</li> <li>• -----</li> <li>• increasing monoculture</li> <li>• declining biodiversity / stated effect on (stated local ecosystem)</li> <li>• -----</li> <li>• unknown consequences of foreign gene expression / long term effect unknown</li> <li>• horizontal gene transfer to other organisms and species eg antibiotic resistance, weeds becoming herbicide</li> </ul>	Expert  (6)

resistant

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To go in published MS  
Level 1:

1 mark - table or graph commented on  
2 marks - both graph and table commented on

Level 2:

**all level 1 plus:**  
**basic discussion of both benefits and risks (only 1 section)**  
**OR detailed discussion of EITHER benefits OR risks**

Level 3:

**all level 2 plus:**  
**detailed discussion of BOTH benefits AND risks**  
**selective and concise and logical**

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(a)	<p>An explanation that includes four of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• rhodopsin (in rod cells) absorb light and {splits into retinal and opsin / becomes bleached}(1)</li> <li>• cis-retinal converted to trans-retinal(1)</li> <li>• sodium ion channels (in surface membrane) close (1)</li> <li>• {rod cell / membrane} becomes hyperpolarised (1)</li> <li>• no glutamate transmitter {released/produced} (into synaptic cleft) (1)</li> </ul>	<p>accept rhodopsin absorbs light and forms opsin /light hits rhodopsin and bleaches it</p> <p>accept membrane permeability to sodium ions decreases</p> <p>do not accept (opsin) blocks Na<sup>+</sup> channel</p>	<p>Expert</p> <p>(4)</p>

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(b)	<p>An answer that includes three of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• extraction of mRNA (1)</li> <li>• use of (specific) microarray (1)</li> <li>• use of fluorescent {dyes /marker/ probe}(1)</li> <li>• (comparing stimulated and un-stimulated neurones) {use of bioinformatics/ algorithms to analyse data} (1)</li> </ul> <p>OR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• extraction of mRNA(1)</li> <li>• use of reverse transcriptase to form cDNA(1)</li> <li>• use of PCR(1)</li> <li>• use of gel electrophoresis and compare banding(1)</li> </ul>	<p>Do not pick and mix accept reference to samples of mRNA</p> <p>[ignore marker gene]</p>	<p>Expert  (3)</p>
Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(c)	<p>An explanation that includes three of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (capsaicin){activates/binds to} a receptor (1)</li> <li>• opens ion channels in neurons (1)</li> <li>• results in {depolarization / action potential / impulse} (in neuron (1)</li> <li>• relay neuron transmits {action potential/ impulse} (to the brain where) it is perceived as pain (1)</li> </ul>	<p>accept TRPV1 as named receptor</p> <p>accept named ion channel</p> <p>do not accept if in motor neurone</p>	<p>Expert  (3)</p>



Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(d)	<p>An explanation that includes three of the following</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (stimulus causes) ion channel to change shape (1)</li> <li>• (which causes) ion channels {to / are} open(1)</li> <li>• allowing influx of (sodium / calcium) ions (1)</li> <li>• initiates {depolarization/ action potential} (1)</li> </ul>	<p>ignore potassium ions accept calcium ions cause release of neurotransmitters</p> <p>accept if it goes above threshold level</p>	<p>Expert (3)</p>

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(e)	<p>A explanation that includes three of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• {mechanical stimulus / pressure} changes shape of the membrane (1)</li> <li>• causes {ion channel / protein} to {change shape /activated/ open} (1)</li> <li>• allowing influx of (sodium / calcium) ions (1)</li> <li>• initiates {depolarization/ action potential} (1)</li> </ul>	<p>accept stretches membrane</p> <p>ignore potassium ions</p>	<p>Expert (3)</p>

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(f)	<p>An explanation that includes two of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• by comparing {DNA base/amino acid} sequences (1)</li> <li>• piezo 2 has similar structure to piezo 1(1)</li> <li>• both Piezo1 and Piezo 2(gene) could be inactivated in the same way (1)</li> <li>• both (Piezo1 and Piezo2) are activated by pressure (on cell membrane) (1)</li> </ul>	<p>accept a second protein / amino acid with a similar {structure / DNA base sequence} was identified</p> <p>accept pressure makes them both open accept respond to mechanical stimuli accept respond the same to stimuli</p>	<p>Expert (2)</p>

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(g)	<p>An answer that includes three of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TRPV1 channels are sensitive to temperature (of the blood) (1)</li> <li>• impulse transmitted to {CNS / ANS / hypothalamus/brain} (1)</li> <li>• credit description of what (hypothalamus does) to maintain core body temperature (1)</li> </ul>		<p>Expert (2)</p>

