

## Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2021

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Subsidary / Advanced Level In Biology (WBI13) Paper 01 Practical Skills in Biology I

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## **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

| Question<br>Number | Answer  | Additional Guidance   | Mark |
|--------------------|---|---|------|
| 1(a)               | An answer that includes four of the following points. |   |      |
|                    | one reference to safety (1)                           | e.g. bud into disinfectant/sterile/fresh<br>bud/toothpick/wear gloves/ goggles/safe use of<br>microscope/slides/careful use of bud/stain to<br>prevent injury |      |
|                    | and three of the following points                     |   |      |
|                    | • use of cotton bud (1)                               | Accept toothpick/earbud/lollipop stick/glass rod/swab   |      |
|                    | • followed by use of stain/dye (1)                    | 1 our swald   |      |
|                    | place cells (on slide) under coverslip (1)            | can piece together  |      |
|                    | use of high power of microscope (1)                   |   |      |
|                    |   |   |      |
|                    |   |   | (4)  |

| Question<br>Number | Answer   | Additional Guidance  | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--|------|
| 1(b)(i)            | A drawing showing the following features:  • drawing showing correct shape of cell and nucleus | Ignore other features drawn  |      |
|                    | and nucleus in correct position (1)  |  |      |
|                    | any two correct labels (1)   | nucleus, cytoplasm, (plasma) membrane,<br>nuclear membrane<br>Ignore other labelled features unless<br>specifically plant cell ones, then this mark<br>negated |      |
|                    |  |  | (2)  |

| Question | Answer   | Additional Guidance   | Mark |
|----------|--|---|------|
| Number   |  |   |      |
| 1(b)(ii) |  | Example of calculation:   |      |
|          | <ul> <li>reading of width using scale (1)</li> </ul> | 33/34/35 units  |      |
|          | • width calculated (1)                               | So actual width is $33/34/35 \times 3 = 99/102/105 (\mu m)$                   |      |
|          |  | so no marks for mp2 if other answers to mp1 unless 32 or 36, or 3.3, 3.4, 3.5 |      |
|          |  | correct answer with no working gains both marks                               | (2)  |

| Question | Answer                                     | Additional Guidance   | Mark |
|----------|--|---|------|
| Number   |  |   |      |
| 1(c)(i)  |  | Example of calculation  |      |
|          | calculation of haemoglobin molecule volume | $4/3\pi r^3 = 1.3 \times 3.14 \times 2.5^3 = 65.45$ nm <sup>3</sup> |      |
|          |  | Other acceptable answers  |      |
|          |  | 65.5/63.81/63.8/65.42/65.4/63.78                                    | (1)  |

| Question | Answer  | Additional Guidance  | Mark |
|----------|---|--|------|
| Number   |   |  |      |
| 1(c)(ii) | A calculation showing the following steps:  | Example of calculation   |      |
|          | volume of red blood cell ÷ volume of haemoglobin<br>molecule (1)  | 80 ÷ (answer from 1ci)<br>e.g.= 80 ÷ 65.45 = {1.222/1.22/1.2}                        |      |
|          | conversion and standard form (1)  OR  | 1.2/1.22 × 10 <sup>9</sup>   |      |
|          | <ul> <li>conversion of {red blood cell volume, from μm³ to nm3 / Hb molecule radius, 2.5 nm to 0.0025 μm / Hb volume calculated from nm³ to μm³} (1)</li> </ul> | 80 μm3 to 8 x 1010 nm³ /<br>Hb molecule radius, 2.5 nm to 0.0025 μm                  |      |
|          | <ul> <li>division of rbc volume in {nm³ ÷ μm³} by calculated<br/>haemoglobin molecule volume in {nm³/ μm³} (1)</li> </ul>                                       | e.g {80 000 000 000 / 8 x 1010} ÷ 65.44 = 1 222 493 887 = 1.2/1.22 x 10 <sup>9</sup> | (2)  |

| Question<br>Number | Answer  | Additional Guidance   | Mark |
|--------------------|---|---|------|
| 1(c)(iii)          | A comparative description that includes any two of the following: | e.g. plant cell has nucleus, RBC does not allow one mark if both statements correct but not comparative |      |
|                    | one difference described for plant cell and RBC (1)               | plant cell:   |      |
|                    | another difference described for plant cell and RBC (1)           | nucleus/nucleolus/vacuole/large(r)<br>vacuole/chloroplasts/cell wall/regular<br>shape/bigger/colour     |      |
|                    |   | accept converse   | (2)  |

| Question | Answer   | Additional Guidance             | Mark |
|----------|--|---------------------------------|------|
| Number   |  |                                 |      |
| 2(a)(i)  | An answer that includes the following points:  |                                 |      |
|          | (one duckweed plant and) a solution with all minerals     (1)  | accept complete solution/medium |      |
|          | <ul> <li>(one duckweed plant and) a solution with no minerals /<br/>(distilled) water (1)</li> </ul> |                                 | (2)  |

| Question | Answer   | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|----------|--|---------------------|------|
| Number   |  |                     |      |
| 2(a)(ii) | A description that includes the following points:  |                     |      |
|          | <ul> <li>temperature by use of {thermostatically controlled<br/>{chamber / room} / incubator} (1)</li> </ul> |                     |      |
|          | pH by use of buffer (1)  |                     | (2)  |
|          |  |                     | (2)  |

| Question          | Answer  | Additional Guidance   | Mark |
|-------------------|---|---|------|
| Number<br>2(b)(i) | <ul> <li>A graph showing the following features:</li> <li>A axes correct (x - mineral missing, y - no. of plants), y starting at zero and with no break in the axis (1)</li> <li>L axes correctly labelled (1)</li> <li>P correct plotting on a linear scale on y (1)</li> <li>S bar chart (1)</li> </ul> | Number of duckweed AU plants after 14 days:  35 30 25 20 15   |      |
|                   |   | calcium iron potassium magnesium nitrate phosphate sulfate mineral missing (from the solution)  accept minerals in any order on x | (4)  |

| Question | Answer  | Additional Guidance  | Mark |
|----------|---|--|------|
| Number   |   |  |      |
| 2(b)(ii) | An explanation that includes the following points:  |  |      |
|          | <ul> <li>fewer duckweed plants with no nitrate than with no<br/>phosphate / less growth with no nitrate than with no<br/>phosphate (1)</li> </ul> | accept nitrate least growth piece together   |      |
|          | credit correct use of nitrate (1)   | e.g amino acids/protein/chlorophyl/ATP/nucleic acids/chlorophyl/enzymes  |      |
|          | <ul> <li>further detail of role of the nitrate containing substance<br/>stated in mp2 (1)</li> </ul>  | e.g. protein enzymes / energy / ATP / cell division / new plant/ photosynthesis/respiration/speed up reactions | (3)  |

| Question | Answer  | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|----------|---|---------------------|------|
| Number   |   |                     |      |
| 2(c)(i)  | An answer that includes two of the following points:  |                     |      |
|          | <ul> <li>difficult to distinguish one plant from another/plants<br/>overlap (1)</li> </ul>              |                     |      |
|          | <ul> <li>(plants / leaflets) are of different sizes / may grow by<br/>increasing in size (1)</li> </ul> |                     |      |
|          | leaf number varies from plant to plant (1)  |                     | (2)  |

| Question | Answer   | Additional Guidance  | Mark |
|----------|--|--|------|
| Number   |  |  |      |
| 2(c)(ii) | An answer that includes the following points:  |  |      |
|          | measure the {mass/area/root length} (1)  | accept weight  |      |
|          |  | ecf eg. height   |      |
|          | <ul> <li>measurements of growth taken (at start) and after<br/>{stated/known/intervals of} time</li> </ul> | 1 day minimum if stated  |      |
|          | description of method to improve accuracy of measurement of growth (1)                                     | e.g. pat dry before weighing, {2 or higher place / electronic} balance, use of calipers, graph paper, micrometer |      |
|          | <ul> <li>calculation of rate as {change divided by time / gradient<br/>of graph against time}</li> </ul>   |  | (4)  |

| Question<br>Number | Answer                | Additional Guidance          | Mark |
|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|------|
| 3(a)(i)            | A – right atrium      | Any two correct for one mark |      |
|                    | B - aorta             |                              |      |
|                    | C - pulmonary artery  |                              |      |
|                    | • D – coronary artery |                              | (2)  |

| Question<br>Number | Answer   | Additional Guidance   | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---|------|
| 3(a)(ii)           | A drawing showing the following features:  • cusp and two sets of cords shown (1)                      |   |      |
|                    | <ul> <li>one feature correctly labelled (1)</li> <li>another feature correctly labelled (1)</li> </ul> | valve/muscle/cord/strings/tendon/ventricle/ papillary muscle  cusp of valve  Pear strings/cords /chordse tendinae |      |
|                    |  |   | (3)  |

| Question<br>Number | Answer  | Additional Guidance  | Mark |
|--------------------|---|--|------|
| 3(a)(iii)          | An answer containing two of the following points:   | allow ecf from diagram, e.g. atrium pumps blood into ventricle |      |
|                    | <ul> <li>ventricle / muscle /wall {pumps blood/empties<br/>ventricle} (1)</li> </ul>                                |  |      |
|                    | (atrioventricular) valve prevents {blood flowing from ventricle into atrium/backflow into atrium} (1)               |  |      |
|                    | <ul> <li>cords prevent valve from {opening wrong or closing<br/>wrong way/going inside out/flipping} (1)</li> </ul> |  |      |
|                    | papillary muscle pulls on cords (1)   |  | (2)  |

| Question<br>Number | Answer  | Additional Guidance  | Mark |
|--------------------|---|--|------|
| 3(b)(i)            | A calculation showing the following steps                             |  |      |
|                    | correct measurements of lines M from the diagrams and subtraction (1) | normal, 0.7/0.8, HC, 1.7/1.8<br>1.7 -0.7 = 1.0 cm/1.8-0.7 = 1.1/1.7-0.8 = 0.9/ 1.8-0.8 = 1.0 |      |
|                    | calculation of percentage increase (1)                                | 1.0 ÷ 0.7 = 140  |      |
|                    |   | 1.1 ÷ 0.7 = 160<br>0.9 ÷ 0.8 = 110<br>1.0 ÷ 0.8 = 130 (%)                                    |      |
|                    |   | ecf 0.6 or 0.9, 1.6 or 1.9 for 1 mark  | (2)  |

| Question<br>Number | Answer  | Additional Guidance                                     | Mark |
|--------------------|---|---|------|
| 3(b)(ii)           | An answer that includes the following points;   |   |      |
|                    | Similarities  |   |      |
|                    | <ul> <li>right ventricles {unaffected/same} (1)</li> </ul>                                  | accept both hearts same size if neither mp1 nor 2 given |      |
|                    | atria {unaffected/same} (1)   | accept R and/or L atria                                 |      |
|                    | Differences   |   |      |
|                    | left ventricle {wall/muscle} thicker in the HC heart (1)                                    | accept converse   |      |
|                    | <ul> <li>left ventricle (chamber) {smaller/shorter} in the HC heart</li> <li>(1)</li> </ul> | accept converse   | (4)  |

| Question<br>Number | Answer  | Additional C   | Additional Guidance                         |    |   |    | Ma<br>rk |     |
|--------------------|---|--|---|----|---|----|----------|-----|
| 3(b)(iii)          | A table showing the following features                                |  |   |    |   |    |          |     |
|                    | <ul> <li>headings, thickness with units and categories (1)</li> </ul> | units must r   | nits must not be in cells of table          |    |   |    |          |     |
|                    | raw data correctly entered (1)  |  |   |    |   |    |          |     |
|                    | <ul> <li>spaces for SDs to be entered (1)</li> </ul>                  | e.g. acceptable range shown in some cells, answ must include just one figure in this range |   |    | answe                                       | r  |          |     |
|                    |   | group  | mean<br>thickness<br>of<br>Artery A /<br>µm | SD | mean<br>thickness<br>of<br>Artery B /<br>µm | SD |          |     |
|                    |   | ECH  | 340-345                                     |    | 520   |    | (        | (3) |
|                    |   | HC   | 455-460                                     |    | 585-590                                     |    |          |     |
|                    |   | control  | 460   |    | 600-610                                     |    |          |     |

| Question | Answer   | Additional Guidance                         | Mark |
|----------|--|---|------|
| Number   |  |   |      |
| 3(b)(iv) | An answer that includes the following:                     |   |      |
|          |  |   |      |
|          | suitable manipulation of the data                          |   |      |
|          | ·  |   |      |
|          |  |   |      |
|          | Plus three from the following points                       |   |      |
|          |  |   |      |
|          | ECH has an {effect / greater effect} on the arteries, HC   | accept ECH has greatest / most effect       |      |
|          | {does not / has smaller effect} (1)                        | accept = arrives & category most errors     |      |
|          | (does not mas smaller effect) (1)                          |   |      |
|          | correct description of effect of ECH on artery A (1)       | e.g.ECH causes decrease (in thickness) in   |      |
|          | correct description of effect of Eerr of afterly /(1)      | artery A                                    |      |
|          |  | artery A                                    |      |
|          | correct description of effect of ECH on artery B (1)       | e.g ECH has no effect on Artery B /         |      |
|          | correct description of effect of Echron aftery B (1)       | decrease (in thickness) in artery B is not  |      |
|          |  | -   |      |
|          | compat description of effect of LIC on outside A on D (1)  | significant                                 |      |
|          | correct description of effect of HC on arteries A or B (1) |   |      |
|          |  | e.g HC does not affect artery A thickness / |      |
|          |  | decrease (in thickness) in artery A is not  |      |
|          |  | significant                                 |      |
|          |  | HC does not affect artery B thickness /     |      |
|          |  | decrease (in thickness) in artery B is not  |      |
|          |  | significant                                 |      |
|          |  |   | (4)  |