

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2016

Pearson Edexcel GCE in Biology Spec A (8BN0) Paper 01 Lifestyle, Transport, Genes and Health



ALWAYS LEARNING

Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications are awarded by Pearson, the UK's largest awarding body. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information visit our qualifications websites at <u>www.edexcel.com</u> or <u>www.btec.co.uk</u>. Alternatively, you can get in touch with us using the details on our contact us page at <u>www.edexcel.com</u>/contactus.

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Pearson aspires to be the world's leading learning company. Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: <u>www.pearson.com/uk</u>

Summer 2016 Publications Code 8BN0_01_1606_MS* All the material in this publication is copyright © Pearson Education Ltd 2016

General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Using the Mark Scheme

Examiners should look for qualities to reward rather than faults to penalise. This does NOT mean giving credit for incorrect or inadequate answers, but it does mean allowing candidates to be rewarded for answers showing correct application of principles and knowledge. Examiners should therefore read carefully and consider every response: even if it is not what is expected it may be worthy of credit.

The mark scheme gives examiners:

- an idea of the types of response expected
- how individual marks are to be awarded
- the total mark for each question
- examples of responses that should NOT receive credit.

/ means that the responses are alternatives and either answer should receive full credit.

() means that a phrase/word is not essential for the award of the mark, but helps the examiner to get the sense of the expected answer.

Phrases/words in **bold** indicate that the meaning of the phrase or the actual word is **essential** to the answer.

ecf/TE/cq (error carried forward) means that a wrong answer given in an earlier part of a question is used correctly in answer to a later part of the same question.

Candidates must make their meaning clear to the examiner to gain the mark. Make sure that the answer makes sense. Do not give credit for correct words/phrases which are put together in a meaningless manner. Answers must be in the correct context.

Quality of Written Communication

Questions which involve the writing of continuous prose will expect candidates to:

- write legibly, with accurate use of spelling, grammar and punctuation in order to make the meaning clear
- select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
- organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate.

Full marks will be awarded if the candidate has demonstrated the above abilities.

Questions where QWC is likely to be particularly important are indicated (QWC) in the mark scheme, but this does not preclude others.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(a)	 correct genetic diagram with reference to parental and offspring genotypes (1) correct probability (1) 	Allow correct gametes and offspring genotypes e.g. T and t for gametes, offspring TT, Tt and tt $0.25/25\% / \frac{1}{4}$ Do not accept 1:4 or 1:3	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)	chorionic villus sampling	Accept CVS	
		Accept phonetic spelling	
		Do not accept chronic villus sampling	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(c)	An explanation that makes reference to three of the following:	Ignore reference to amniocentesis	
	• test result may be inaccurate (1)	Allow false positives / false negatives	
	 (increased) risk of miscarriage (due to the procedure) (1) 	Allow spontaneous abortion	
	 false positive may lead to termination of healthy fetus (1) 		
	 { prenatal testing / abortion } against values or beliefs of the parents (1) 	Allow 'parents do not want to know'	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(a)(i)		Example of calculation	
	correct answer (1)	(400 – 150) ÷ 2 = 125	
	correct unit (1)	nmol dm ⁻³ min ⁻¹	
		Allow per min	
		Allow 2.083 (nmol dm ⁻³ s ⁻¹)	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(a)(ii)	An answer which makes reference to the following:		
	 (blood sample) without CVX (1) 	Allow untreated blood / blood treated with saline / blood treated with water	
	• to compare with normal rate of thrombin production (1)		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(b)	An answer which makes reference to five of the following:		
	 increased thrombin production as CVX concentration increases (1) 		
	 the relationship between CVX concentration and rate of thrombin production is not { directly proportional / linear } (1) 		
	 little difference between control and 0.5 ng cm⁻³ (CVX) / greatest increase from 5ng cm⁻³ to 50 ng cm⁻³ (1) 	Allow control and 0.5 ng cm ⁻³ are similar	
	 { no significant difference / standard deviations overlap } between the control and 0.5 (1) 	ACCEPT reference to bars instead of standard deviation	
	 greater thrombin production leads to { faster / increased } conversion of fibrinogen to fibrin (1) 		
	 greater thrombin production leads to { faster / increased } clotting of blood (1) 		(5)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(c)	An explanation that makes reference to the following:		
	 (different primary structure) results in a different sequence of amino acids (1) 		
	 change in R groups changes { folding / bonding / secondary structure / tertiary structure } (1) 	Do not accept peptide bonds	
	 changing { shape / charge } of the active site prevents substrate from being able to bind (1) 		
	 { stopping / reducing } the production of fibrin (1) 	ALLOW another specific aspect of blood clotting cascade	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)(i)	C	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)(ii)	A description that makes reference to four of the following:		
	 involved in facilitated diffusion (1) 		
	 movement of { large molecules / polar molecules / ions } (1) 	ALLOW charged molecules	
	 (facilitated diffusion) from a high concentration to a low concentration (1) 		
	 involved in active transport (1) 		
	 needs ATP to move molecules against concentration gradient (1) 	ALLOW needs ATP to move molecules from low concentration to high concentration	
			(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(b)	An answer that makes reference to four of the following:	Ignore descriptions of beetroot core practical	
	 (red) cabbages of at least five different ages used (1) 		
	 (red) cabbage leaves with same { surface area / mass / source } (1) 		
	 description of how another relevant variable is controlled (1) 	Allow either growing conditions or experimental conditions relevant variables could include temperature, pH, time, volume of liquid, light intensity	
	 method for measuring permeability (1) 	e.g. use of colorimeter	
	 {replicates / repeats} for each age to allow calculation of mean values (1) 		
			(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(a)(i)	A – high blood pressure		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(a)(ii)	 correct numbers inserted into equation (1) 	Example of calculation $61 \div 1.54^2$	
	 correct answer to one decimal place (1) 	25.7 Correct answer no working gains full marks Ignore units	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(a)(iii)	An answer which makes reference to the following:		
	 correlation between the number of risk factors and deaths due to CVD (1) 		
	 (deaths due to CVD) is higher for diabetics than non- diabetics (1) 	Allow converse	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(b)	 An explanation which includes reference to the following: antihypertensive drugs lower blood pressure (1) 	Accept converse argument for marking points 2, 3 and 4	
	 lower blood pressure reduces risk of damage to endothelium of the artery (1) 	Ignore epithelium	
	 reduced risk of inflammatory response (1) reduced risk of { atheroma / plaque } formation (1) 	Allow description of an inflammatory response	
			(4)

PhysicsAndMathsTutor.com

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(a)	An answer which makes reference to four of the following:		
	 both are chains of amino acids joined by peptide bonds (1) 		
	 both contain named bonds (holding molecule in its three dimensional shape) (1) 	i.e. hydrogen bonds, disulfide bridges, ionic bonds	
	 globular proteins have hydrophilic groups on the outside whereas fibrous proteins have hydrophobic groups on the outside (1) 	Allow converse	
	 globular have tertiary or quaternary structures whereas fibrous have little or no tertiary structure (1) 		
	 globular are folded into compact shapes whereas fibrous have long chains (1) 	ALLOW globular being spherical and fibrous being long strands	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(b)	A description which makes reference to five of the following:	Do not allow reference to 'transcripted'	
	 the { gene / sequence of DNA } for the (globular) protein is transcribed (1) 		
	 complementary base pairing between RNA nucleotides and DNA (to produce mRNA) (1) 	Allow a description of complementary base pairing	
	• mRNA leaves the nucleus and attaches to a ribosome (1)		
	 pairing between codons on mRNA and anticodons on tRNA (1) 		
	tRNA provides specific amino acids (1)		
	 the sequence of { bases / codons } determines the {sequence of amino acids / primary structure of the protein } (1) 	Allow reference to triplet code	
			(5)

PhysicsAndMathsTutor.com

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(a)(i)	A – ester		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(a)(ii)	Exocytosis	Allow exocitosis	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(a)(iii)	An explanation that makes reference to the following:		
	 (glycerol and) fatty acids produced (when lipids are hydrolysed) (1) 		
	 fatty acids would cause the pH to decrease (1) 		(2)

6(b) An explanation that makes reference to: Do not allow reference to HDL • increased (blood) cholesterol (1) Do not allow if answers also make reference to decreased cholesterol • (because) the triglyceride is saturated (1) Allow saturated fatty acids • The lipoprotein is an LDL (1) And one of the following: • { lipoproteins / LDLs } transport cholesterol (1) LDL binds to receptors (on cell surface membranes) /	Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
 increased (blood) cholesterol (1) Do not allow if answers also make reference to decreased cholesterol (because) the triglyceride is saturated (1) Allow saturated fatty acids The lipoprotein is an LDL (1) And one of the following: { lipoproteins / LDLs } transport cholesterol (1) LDL binds to receptors (on cell surface membranes) / 	6(b)	An explanation that makes reference to:	Do not allow reference to HDL	
 (because) the triglyceride is saturated (1) The lipoprotein is an LDL (1) And one of the following: { lipoproteins / LDLs } transport cholesterol (1) LDL binds to receptors (on cell surface membranes) / 		 increased (blood) cholesterol (1) 	Do not allow if answers also make reference to decreased cholesterol	
 The lipoprotein is an LDL (1) And one of the following: { lipoproteins / LDLs } transport cholesterol (1) LDL binds to receptors (on cell surface membranes) / 		• (because) the triglyceride is saturated (1)	Allow saturated fatty acids	
 And one of the following: { lipoproteins / LDLs } transport cholesterol (1) LDL binds to receptors (on cell surface membranes) / 		The lipoprotein is an LDL (1)		
 { lipoproteins / LDLs } transport cholesterol (1) LDL binds to receptors (on cell surface membranes) / 		And one of the following:		
LDL binds to receptors (on cell surface membranes) /		 { lipoproteins / LDLs } transport cholesterol (1) 		
LDL accumulates in blood if receptors overloaded (1)		 LDL binds to receptors (on cell surface membranes) / LDL accumulates in blood if receptors overloaded (1) 		(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(c)	C - 1,4-glycosidic bonds and 1,6-glycosidic bonds and branched		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(d)(i)		Example of calculation	
		100 - 20 = 80	
		20.00 = 1.4	
	correct answer (1)	1:4	
		Do not allow any reference to	
		percentages	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(d)(ii)	An explanation that makes reference to four of the following:		
	 as amylose content increases the percentage of starch hydrolysed decreases (1) 	Allow converse	
	 the less amylose present the greater the proportion of amylopectin (1) 		
	 amylose is unbranched / amylopectin is branched (1) 		
	• amylopectin contains (1,4 and) 1,6-glycosidic bonds (1)		
	 { branches / a greater number of terminal ends } increases the rate of hydrolysis (1) 	Allow converse	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(a)(i)	Nucleus	Allow phonetic spelling Do not allow Nuclease, nucleolus, nuclears	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(a)(ii)	D ATGCGACTG / AUGCGACUG		(1)
Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(b)(ii)	C – 22 950		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7 (c)	An explanation that makes reference to four of the following:		
	 deletion could affect every codon (on the mRNA) / substitution will only affect one codon (1) 	Allow reference to 'frame shift'	
	 deletion more likely to affect the position of { stop codon / start codon } (1) 		
	 deletion results in a different sequence of amino acids / substitution may not affect the sequence of amino acids (1) 		
	 substitution may code for the same amino acid (1) 		
	 (same amino acid) due to the degenerate nature of the genetic code (1) 		(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
8(a)(i)	D - S		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
8(a)(ii)	D - ventricular systole		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
8(b)(i)	The aorta and pulmonary artery are { attached to the wrong ventricles / the wrong way around }	Allow aorta leaves the right ventricle and the pulmonary artery leaves the	
		left ventricle	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
8(b)(ii)	An explanation that makes reference to the following:	Allow converse	
	 the hole allows oxygenated and deoxygenated blood to mix (between the two ventricles) (1) 		
	 oxygenated blood { travels to the body / enters aorta } / deoxygenated blood { travels to the lungs / enters pulmonary artery } (1) 		
	 providing some oxygen for respiration (1) 		(3)

Question Number		Answer
8 (b)(iii)	Answer	s will be credited according to candidate's knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to alities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme.
	The inc which i	licative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material s indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant.
	 rate bloc nori 	e of diffusion would be lower with abnormal heart od entering lungs from an abnormal heart has more oxygen, 8kPa, than blood entering lungs from a mal heart, 5kPa
	 oxy resulting or 6 	gen in blood increased by only 2kPa instead of 8kPa with abnormal heart ulting in a smaller difference in concentration between the alveoli and the red blood cells i.e. 14-8/14-5 and 9kPa
	 the Fick 	surface area of the alveoli and distance for diffusion are not affected
	 a lo oxy 	wer concentration gradient for oxygen between the alveoli and the blood results in a lower rate of gen diffusion
	NOTE heart /	- 'the pieces of scientific information provided' could be any from: the information about the defective diagram of alveolus / table of data
Level	Mark	Descriptor
0	0	No awardable content
1	1-2	An answer may be attempted but with limited interpretation or analysis of the scientific information with a focus on mainly just one piece of scientific information.
		The explanation will contain basic information with some attempt made to link knowledge and understanding to the given context.
2	3-4	An answer will be given with occasional evidence of analysis, interpretation and/or evaluation of the pieces of scientific information provided.
		The explanation shows some linkages and lines of scientific reasoning with some structure.
3	5-6	An answer is made which is supported throughout by sustained application of relevant evidence of analysis, interpretation and/or evaluation of the pieces of scientific information provided.
		The explanation shows a well-developed and sustained line of scientific reasoning which is clear and logically structured.

PhysicsAndMathsTutor.com

Pearson Education Limited. Registered company number 872828 with its registered office at 80 Strand, London WC2R ORL