

GCSE Physics A (Gateway)
J249/03 Physics A P1-P4 and P9 (Higher Tier)

Question Set 14

1

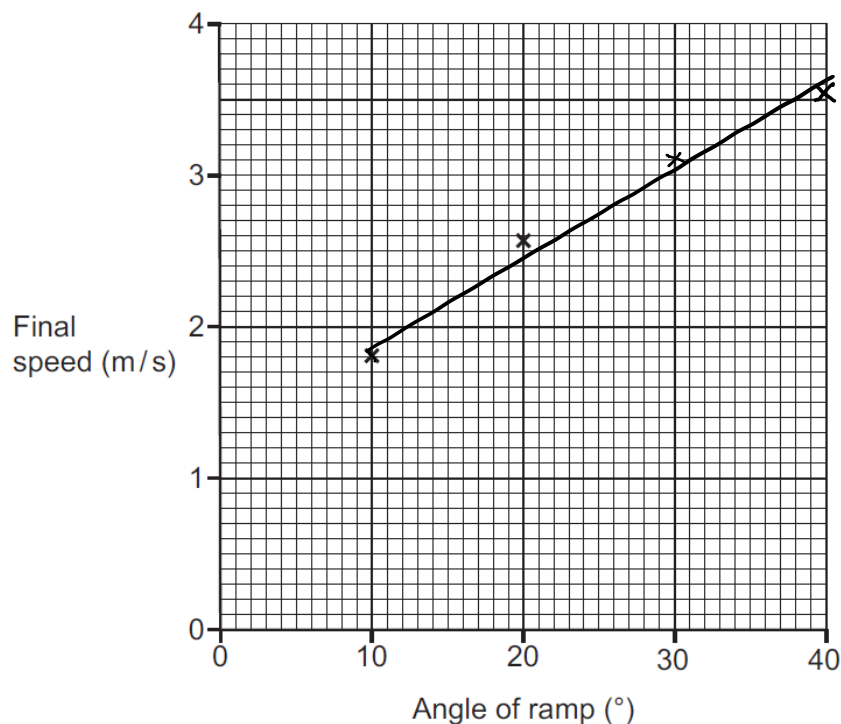
A student investigates how the angle of a ramp affects the final speed of a trolley.

He uses light gates to record the speed of the trolley at the bottom of the ramp. The student releases the trolley from rest at the same point on the ramp each time. Look at his results.

Angle of ramp (°)	Final speed (m / s)			
	Attempt 1	Attempt 2	Attempt 3	Mean
10	1.81	1.80	1.81	1.81
20	2.58	2.56	2.57	2.57
30	3.1	3.11	3.11	3.11
40	3.52	3.51	3.50	3.51

- (a) (i) Plot the results on the graph and draw a line of best fit.

Two results have been plotted for you.



- (ii) Describe the pattern shown by the results. [2]

Use data from the table or graph in your answer.

The graph shows that as the angle of the ramp increases so does the final velocity of the trolley. [3]

For example at 10° the mean final velocity is 1.81 however at a higher angle of 40° the final velocity is 3.51 ms^{-1} therefore showing as angle of ramp increases so does final velocity

- (iii) Explain why the final speed changes when the angle of the ramp increases.

In your answer use ideas about energy.

At the top of the ramp: initial speed = 0, KE = 0, height = h, GPE = mgh

At the bottom of the ramp: final speed = v, KE = $\frac{1}{2}mv^2$, height = 0, GPE = 0.

All of the initial GPE is converted to KE $\therefore \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = mgh$. Therefore if the angle of the ramp increases so does h and as $v^2 \propto h$, as

- (iv) The student made a mistake when recording one of his results. h increases so does v. [2]

Identify the mistake and explain what he should have done.

His attempt 1 for 30° is 3.1 m/s however as all his other results are to 3sf this should've been recorded as 3.10 m/s [2]

- (v) The student thinks this data shows that his results are reproducible.

He is not correct.

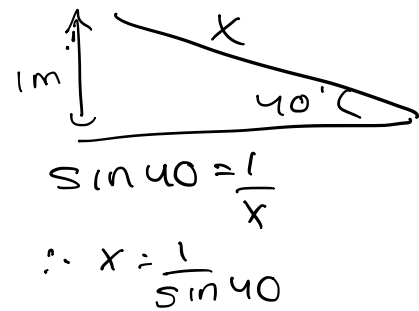
Explain why.

results are reproducible if another person tries the experiment and achieves the same results using different equipment. The student is not correct because his data is only from his experiment. [2]

- (b) (i) The mean final velocity for the ramp at a 40° angle is 3.51 m/s. The distance from the top of the ramp to the light gate at the bottom is 1.0 m.

Calculate the acceleration of the trolley when the ramp is at a 40° angle.

Give your answer to 2 decimal places



$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

$$3.51^2 = 0^2 + 2a \left(\frac{1}{\sin 40} \right) \rightarrow 3.51^2 = \frac{2}{\sin 40} a$$

$$a = 3.9596$$

Acceleration = $\frac{3.96}{(3 \text{ sf})}$ m/s² [5]

- (ii) The trolley has a mass of 2.0 kg.

Calculate the kinetic energy of the trolley at a speed of 3.0 m/s.

$$\frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 3^2 = 3^2 = 9$$

Kinetic energy = $\frac{9}{(3 \text{ sf})}$ J [3]

Total Marks for Question Set 14: 19

Equations in physics

$$(\text{final velocity})^2 - (\text{initial velocity})^2 = 2 \times \text{acceleration} \times \text{distance}$$

$$\text{change in thermal energy} = \text{mass} \times \text{specific heat capacity} \times \text{change in temperature}$$

$$\text{thermal energy for a change in state} = \text{mass} \times \text{specific latent heat}$$

$$\text{energy transferred in stretching} = 0.5 \times \text{spring constant} \times (\text{extension})^2$$

$$\text{potential difference across primary coil} \times \text{current in primary coil} = \text{potential difference across secondary coil} \times \text{current in secondary coil}$$

Higher tier only –

$$\text{force on a conductor (at right angles to a magnetic field) carrying a current} = \text{magnetic flux density} \times \text{current} \times \text{length}$$

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