



GCSE PHYSICS

Physics Test 6: Space Physics (Foundation)

Total number of marks: 29

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		2		
0 2	Our solar system inc	ludes the Sun, planets and mod	ins.	
0 2 . 1	Complete the senter	nce.		
	Choose the answer	from the box.		[1 mark]
	Andromed	a Milky Way F	inwheel	Whirlpool
	Our solar system is	part of the	galaxy.	
0 2.2	Planets orbit the Sur	1.		
	What force causes planets to orbit the Sun? [1 mark			[1 mark]
	Table 2 shows data about five planets.			
	Table 2			
	Planet	Mean distance from the Sur in millions of kilometres		ce temperature in °C
	Earth	150		+22
	Mars	228		–48
	Jupiter	778		Х
	Saturn	1430	_	178
	Uranus	2870	-	200
			1	

How does the mean surface temperature of the planets in Table 2 change as the mean distance from the Sun increases?

[1 mark]

D 2 . 4 Predict the mean surface temperature of Jupiter (X) in Table 2.

Mean surface temperature of Jupiter = _____ °C

[1 mark]

0 2 . 5	Five of the planets in the solar system are given in Table 2.		
	How many other planets are there in the solar system?		[4 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.		[1 mark]
	Two		
	Three		
	Four		
	Five		
0 2 . 6	Our Moon is a natural satellite.		
	Why is the Moon classified as a satellite?		
	Tick (✓) one box.		
	It has no atmosphere.		
	It has no gravitational field.		
	It is too small to be a planet.		
	It orbits a planet.		

0 2.7	How are planets and moons similar?		
	Tick (✓) two boxes.	[2 marks]	
	Their mass is about the same.		
	Their orbits are circular.		
	Their surfaces are the same colour.		
	They are similar in diameter.		
	They do not emit visible light.		
0 2 . 8	The diameter of the Earth is 13 000 km.		
	The diameter of the Sun is 110 times greater than the diameter of the Earth.		
	Calculate the diameter of the Sun.	[2 marks]	
	Diameter of the Sun	= km	

0 1 . 1	The Sun is a star.		
	Which galaxy is the Sun in?		
	Tick one box.		
		[1 mark]	
	Cartwheel		
	Milky Way		
	Starburst		
	Tadpole		
0 1 . 2	Light travels at 300 000 kilometres per second. Calculate the distance between the Sun and the Earth. Use the equation:		
	distance = speed × time	[2 marks]	
	Distance =	kilometres	

Table 1 gives information about some of the planets in our solar system.

The planets are in order of increasing distance from the Sun.

Table 1

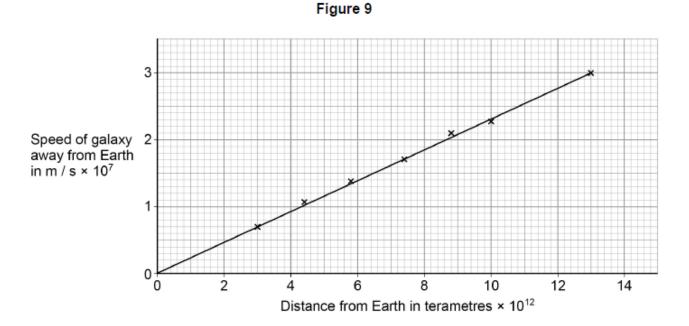
Planet	Time to orbit the Sun in years
Mercury	0.2
Venus	0.6
Earth	1.0
Mars	
Jupiter	12.0

0 1 3	There are some planets in our solar system missing from Table 1.	
0 1 . 0	How many planets are missing?	[1 mark]
0 1.4	Estimate how many years it takes Mars to orbit the Sun.	[1 mark] years
0 1.5	Calculate how many times Venus will orbit the Sun in 9 years.	[2 marks]
	In 9 years Venus will orbit the Sun	times.

0 5 . 1	The light from distant galaxies shows red-shift.		
	Complete the sentence.		[1 mark]
	The term red-shift describes the observed increase		
	in the of th	ne light from a distant galaxy.	
0 5 . 2	The Big Bang theory is one model used to explain the origin of the universe.		
	How does the Big Bang theory describe the universe when it began?		

Figure 9 shows data scientists have calculated from measurements of red-shift.

[1 mark]



0 5 . 3 Describe the relationship between the speed of a galaxy and the distance the galaxy is from the Earth.

[1 mark]

0 2 . 1	Complete the sentences.	[2 marks]
	The Sun is a stable star. This is beca	use the forces pulling inwards caused by
	are in equil	ibrium with the forces pushing outwards caused
	by the energy released by nuclear	<u>-</u> -
0 2 . 4	Some stars are much more massive the	nan the Sun.
	Describe the life cycle of stars much more massive than the Sun, including the formation of new elements.	
	remaion of new demons.	[6 marks]
0 2 . 5	Stars emit radiation with a range of wa	avelengths.
	Which property of a star does the rang	
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	Density	
	Mass	
	Temperature	
	Volume	