



GCSE PHYSICS

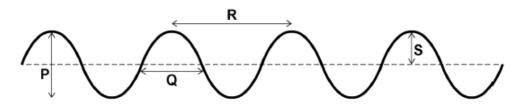
Physics Test 5: Waves (Foundation)

Total number of marks: 35

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0 3 Figure 2 shows some waves.

Figure 2



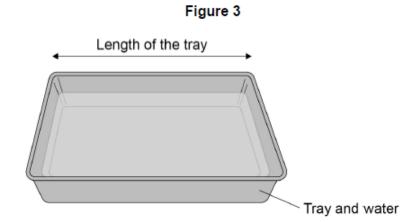
0 3 . 1	Which arrow repre	sents the wavelength of the waves?	[4 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.		[1 mark]
	Р		
	Q		
	R		
	S		

0 3.2	Which arrow repre	esents the amplitude of the waves?	[1 mark]
	Р		
	Q		
	R		
	S		

0 3.3	The waves have a frequency of	0.20 hertz.		
	Calculate the period of the wave	S.		
	Use the equation:	4		
	$= \frac{1}{0.a}$	$period = \frac{1}{frequence}$	су	[2 marks]
	0.2	Period =	5	s
0 3.4	The frequency of the waves is in	creased. The spe	ed of the waves stays t	the same.
	What happens to the wavelength	h of the waves?		[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.			[Tillark]
	The wavelength decreases.		\checkmark	
	The wavelength increases.			
	The wavelength stays the same			

A student investigated how the speed of water waves is affected by the depth of water in a tray.

Figure 3 shows some water in a rectangular tray.



The student lifted one end of the tray and then dropped it.

This made a wave which travelled the length of the tray.

0 3 . 5	The student measured the length of the tray.	
	What else should the student measure in order to calcula	ite the speed of the wave?
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	Area of the bottom of the tray	
	Depth of water in the tray	
	Temperature of the water in the tray	
	Time taken by the wave to travel the length of the tray	$\overline{\checkmark}$

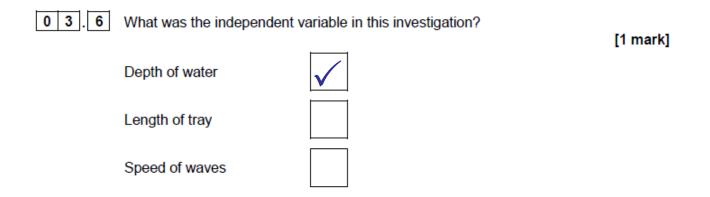
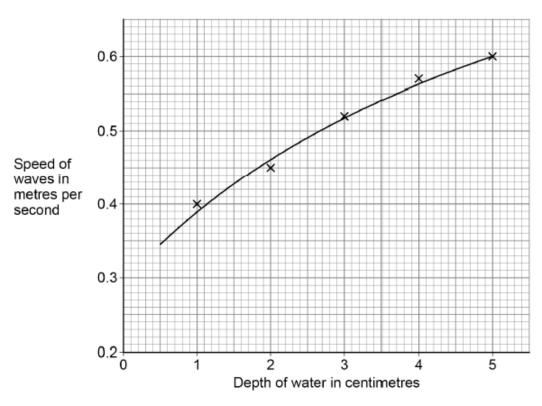


Figure 4 shows the results.





Give one conclusion that can be made from Figure 4.

As depth of water increase, speed of wave increases.

[1 mark]

What was the speed of a wave when the depth of water was 2.5 cm?

Speed of wave = 0.49 [1 mark] m/s

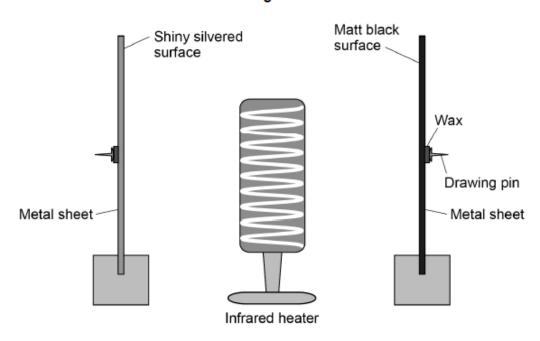
0 5 Some objects are transparent and some objects are opaque. Which one of the objects in Figure 5 is transparent? 0 5 Tick one box. [1 mark] Figure 5 Book Pencil rubber Glass vase Ceramic mug 0 5 . 2 Complete the sentence. Choose an answer from the box. [1 mark] absorb reflect transmit transmit An opaque object does not light. A student wears a white T-shirt and a red baseball cap to a party. Why does the T-shirt look white in white light? 0 5. 3 [1 mark] None of the frequencies of light are absorbed. 0 | 5 | 4 | Explain how the colour of the baseball cap appears to change when the room lights at the party change from white to blue. [2 marks] Red objects absorb all other colors, so most of the

blue light will be absorbed and object will appear dark.

A student investigated how the type of surface affects the amount of infrared radiation the surface absorbs.

Figure 6 shows the equipment that the student used.

Figure 6

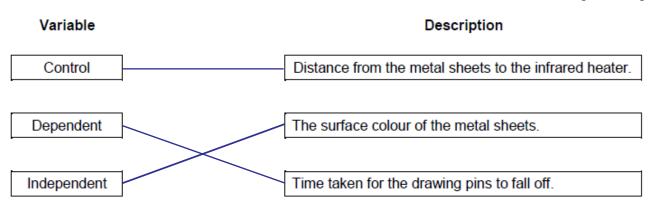


The metal sheets absorb infrared radiation. The wax melts and the drawing pins fall off the surfaces.

0 5 . 5 In the investigation there are several variables.

Draw one line from each variable to the correct description of that variable.

[2 marks]



0 5.6 What is the main hazard in this investigation?

The infrared heater is very hot and may burn the student.

[1 mark]

0 5.7 The drawing pin attached to the matt black metal sheet fell off first.

What can be concluded from this result?

[1 mark]

Matt Black absorbed more infrared radiation compared to shiny silver.

0 5 . 1	Which one of the following is not an electromagnetic wave?		
	Tick one box.		
	Gamma rays		
	Sound		
	Ultraviolet		
	X-rays		
0 5.2	What type of electromagne	tic wave do our eyes detect?	[4 mark]
	Light waves		[1 mark]
0 5.3	What is a practical use for i	nfrared waves?	[1 mark]
	Tick one box.		[Tillark]
	Cooking food		
	Energy efficient lamps		
	Medical imaging		
	Satellite communications		

C-:	L		:	a distant galaxy.
SCIENTISTS	nave detecte	a radio waves	emilied from	a distant dalayv

Some of the radio waves from the distant galaxy have a frequency of 1 200 000 000 hertz.

0	5	·L	4	Which is the same as 1 200 000 000 hertz?

[1 mark]

Tick one box.

1.2	gigah	ertz
	gigair	0162

$$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$$

П		

0 5. S Radio waves travel through space at 300 000 kilometres per second (km/s).

How is 300 000 km/s converted to metres per second (m/s)?

[1 mark]

Tick one box.





0 5 . 6 Write the equation which links frequency, wavelength and wave speed.

[1 mark]

Calculate the wavelength of the radio waves emitted from the distant galaxy.

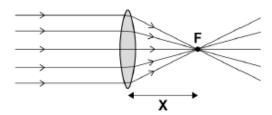
Give your answer in metres.

[3 marks]

$$3 \times 10^8 = 1.2 \times 10^9 \times \lambda$$
 Wavelength = 0.25 m

0 8 . 1 Figure 20 shows parallel rays of light being refracted by a convex lens.

Figure 20



What is distance 'X' called?

[1 mark]

Focal Length

0 8 . 2 Lenses can be used to form the image of an object.

Complete the ray diagram in Figure 21 to show how a convex lens forms the image of the object.

Use an arrow to represent the image.

[2 marks]

Figure 21

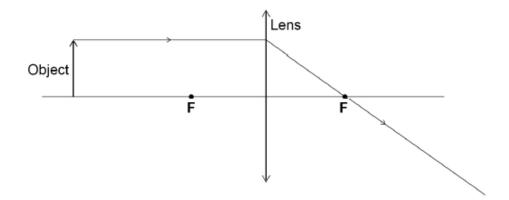
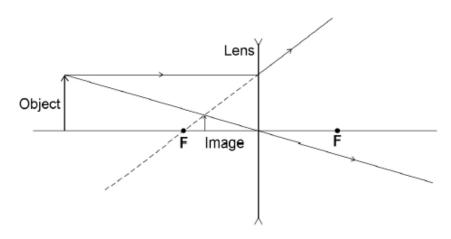


Figure 22 shows how a concave lens forms the image of an object.

Figure 22



0 8 . 3 Give one similarity and one difference between the image formed by the convex lens and the image formed by the concave lens.

[2 marks]

Difference Image is diminished.

Difference Image formed is inverted in the convex lens while image is upright in concave lens.

0 8. 4 A person uses a lens to read the letters on the back of a coin.

The image height of the letters on the coin is 9.0 mm

The magnification produced by the lens is 6.0

Calculate the height of the letters on the coin.

Use the Physics Equations sheet.

[3 marks]

$$\frac{9}{6}$$
 = 1.5 mm