

GCSE  
PHYSICS

Physics Test 1: Energy (Foundation)

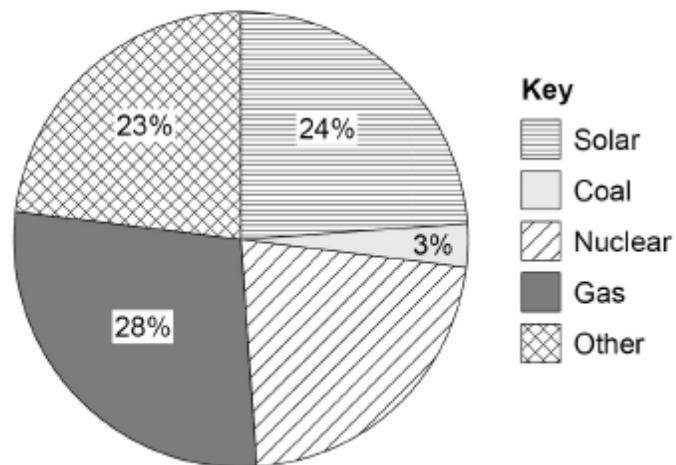
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Total number of marks: 33

0 5

**Figure 6** shows how different energy resources were used in the United Kingdom (UK) to generate electricity on one day in June 2018.

**Figure 6**



0 5 . 1

The UK government plans to stop using coal-fired power stations by 2025.

Explain **one** environmental problem caused when electricity is generated by burning coal.

[2 marks]

0 5 . 2

Give **two** renewable energy resources that could make up the 'Other' energy resources in **Figure 6**.

[2 marks]

1 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

2 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

0 5 . 3

Determine the percentage of electricity generated in nuclear power stations that day.

Use data from **Figure 6**.

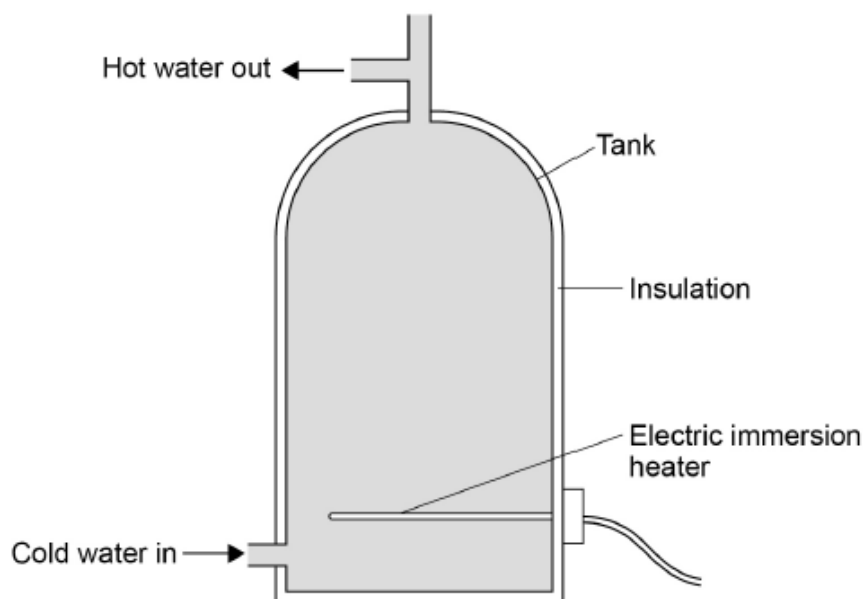
[2 marks]

Percentage of electricity generated in nuclear power stations = \_\_\_\_\_ %

0 8

Figure 10 shows a hot water tank made of copper.

Figure 10



0 8 . 2

The tank is insulated. When the water is hot, the immersion heater switches off.

Complete the sentences.

[2 marks]

Compared to a tank with no insulation, the rate of energy transfer from the water in an insulated tank is \_\_\_\_\_.

This means that the water in the insulated tank stays \_\_\_\_\_ for longer.

0 8 . 4

During one morning, a total of 4 070 000 J of energy is transferred from the electric immersion heater.

4 030 000 J of energy are transferred to the water.

Calculate the proportion of the total energy transferred to the water.

[2 marks]

Proportion of total energy = \_\_\_\_\_

0 8 . 5 Write down the equation that links energy transferred, power and time.

[1 mark]

0 8 . 6 The power output of the immersion heater is 5000 W.

Calculate the time taken for the immersion heater to transfer 4 070 000 J of energy.

Give the unit.

[4 marks]

Time = \_\_\_\_\_ Unit \_\_\_\_\_

0 6

An electric car has a motor that is powered by a battery.

A diesel car has an engine that is powered by diesel fuel.

0 6 . 1

**Table 2** compares an electric car and a diesel car.

**Table 2**

Power source	Maximum acceleration in $\text{m/s}^2$	Mass of power source in kg	Range in km	Maximum power output in kW
Battery	4.8	420	220	200
Diesel fuel	3.2	51	1120	120

Give **two** advantages of the diesel car compared with the electric car in **Table 2**.

[2 marks]

1 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

0 6 . 2

The mass of the battery in the electric car is 420 kg

The total mass of the electric car is 1610 kg

Calculate the mass of the battery as a percentage of the total mass of the electric car.

[2 marks]

Percentage of total mass = \_\_\_\_\_ %

0 6 . 3

Designers of electric car batteries want to increase the amount of energy that can be stored in a battery.

Suggest **two** reasons why.

[2 marks]

1 \_\_\_\_\_

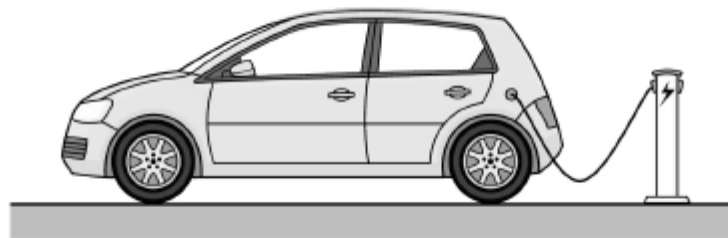
\_\_\_\_\_

2 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Figure 8** shows an electric car being recharged.

**Figure 8**



0 6 . 4

Write down the equation which links energy transferred, power and time.

[1 mark]

0 6 . 5

The charger has a power output of 7000 W

Calculate the time taken to transfer 420 000 J of energy to the car battery.

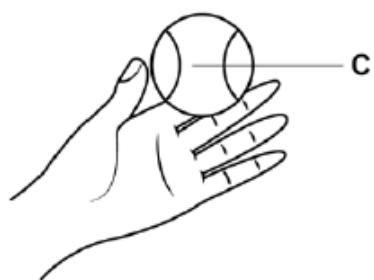
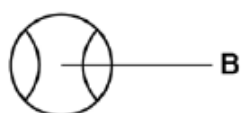
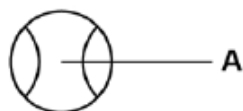
[3 marks]

Time = \_\_\_\_\_ s

1 0

Figure 19 shows a tennis ball thrown vertically into the air.

Figure 19



At position C, the ball has just left the tennis player's hand at a speed of 5.0 m/s

The tennis ball has a mass of 0.058 kg

1 0 . 1

Write down the equation that links kinetic energy, mass and speed.

[1 mark]

1 0 . 2 Calculate the kinetic energy of the tennis ball at position C. [2 marks]

Kinetic energy = \_\_\_\_\_ J

1 0 . 3 At position A the tennis ball is at maximum height.

What is the gravitational potential energy of the tennis ball at position A?

Ignore the effect of air resistance.

[1 mark]

At position B the tennis ball has 0.38 J of gravitational potential energy.

1 0 . 4 Write down the equation that links gravitational field strength, gravitational potential energy, height and mass.

[1 mark]

1 0 . 5 Calculate the height of the tennis ball above the tennis player's hand when at position B.

gravitational field strength = 9.8 N/kg

[3 marks]

Height = \_\_\_\_\_ m