

A Level Physics A

H556/02 Exploring physics

Question Set 11

1 Stars produce energy by nuclear fusion. One particular fusion reaction between two protons (¹₁H) is shown below.

$${}^{1}_{1}H + {}^{1}_{1}H \rightarrow {}^{2}_{1}H + {}^{0}_{+1}e + v$$

In this reaction 2.2 MeV of energy is released.

(a) Only one of the particles shown in the reaction has binding energy. Determine the binding energy per nucleon of this particle. Explain your answer.

2 H Mas 2 nucleurs. So binding energy per nucleum = 1.1 MeV.

(b) Explain why high temperatures are necessary for fusion reactions to occur in stars. [2]

- Protons in nuclei repel each other, but high temps give high KE so nuclei can get close enough to fise.

(c) A gamma photon in a star can spontaneously create an electron-positron pair. Calculate the **maximum** wavelength of a gamma photon for this creation event.

maximum wavelength = m [3]

Max I is min E, where all E transferred to mass and none left over for KE

$$\frac{MC}{\lambda} = 2 \times mC^{2}$$
 $\Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{h}{ZmC} = \frac{6.63 \times 10^{-34}}{2 \times 4.11 \times 10^{-31} \times 3 \times 10^{8}} = 1.2 \times 10^{-12}$

Total Marks for Question Set 11:7



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