

**A Level Physics A**  
**H556/01** Modelling physics

**Question Set 6**

1

A swimming pool designer investigates the depth  $d$  below a water surface reached by a diver when diving from a height  $h$  above the water surface. The designer models the diver as a uniform wooden cylinder. The experimental arrangement is shown in Fig. 18.1.

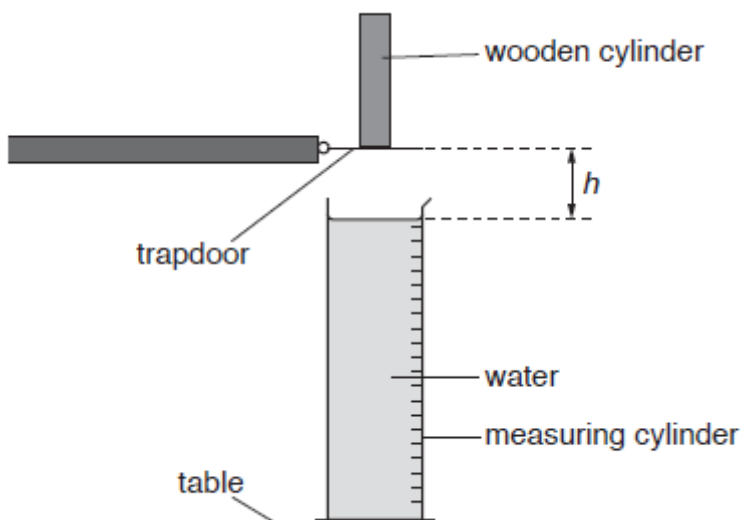


Fig. 18.1

(a) The wooden cylinder has mass  $5.0 \times 10^{-3}$  kg, diameter  $1.0 \times 10^{-2}$  m and length  $7.0 \times 10^{-2}$  m.

(i) Calculate the density of the wood.

density = .....  $\text{kg m}^{-3}$  [2]

(ii) Suggest why wood is an appropriate material to model the depth reached by a diver. [2]

(b) The cylinder is released from rest from a trapdoor. The base of the cylinder is at a height  $h = 0.30$  m above the water surface. Calculate the speed of the cylinder just before the base hits the water. Ignore air resistance.

speed = .....  $\text{ms}^{-1}$  [2]

- (c) Fig. 18.2 shows the cylinder fully submerged under the water surface before it has come to rest. The cylinder is moving vertically **down**.

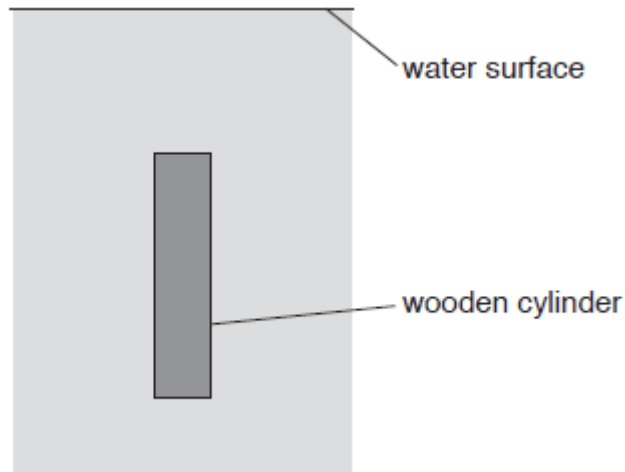


Fig. 18.2

- (i) Add arrows to Fig. 18.2 to show the **three** forces acting on the wooden cylinder. Label the arrows. [3]
- (ii) Describe and explain how the **resultant** force on the wooden cylinder varies from the moment the cylinder is fully submerged until it reaches its deepest point. [3]
- (d) The graph of Fig. 18.3 shows the depth  $d$  reached for different initial drop height  $h$ .

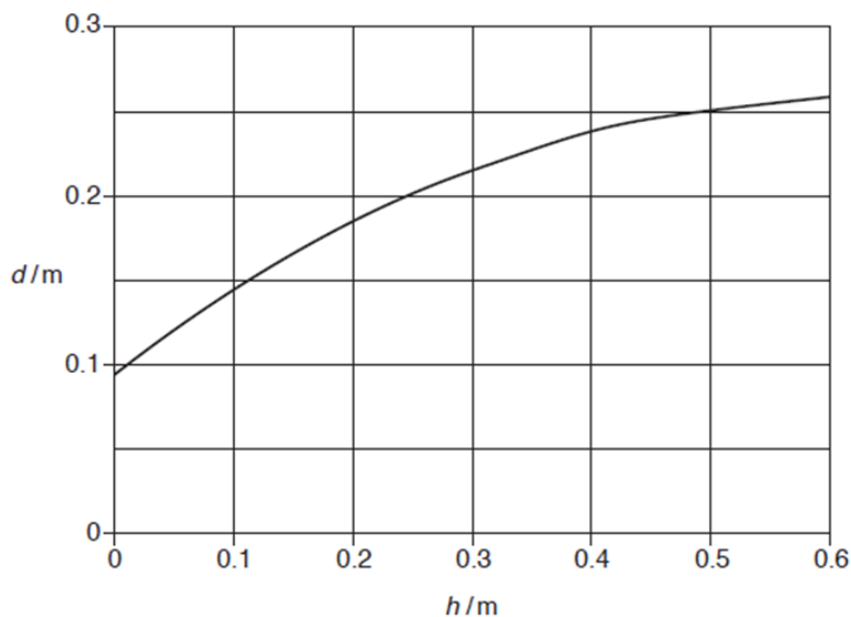


Fig. 18.3

The designer is required to double the height of a diving board for an existing swimming pool. He suggests that the depth of the pool also needs to be doubled. Use Fig. 18.3 to explain whether you agree with this suggestion. [2]

**Total Marks for Question Set 6: 14**

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