

GCSE (9-1) Mathematics J560/06 Paper 6 (Higher Tier)

Question Set 2

Tom researches the weights of plant seeds.

- One poppy seed weighs $3\times10^{-4}\,\mathrm{grams}$. 250 pumpkin seeds weigh 21 grams. One sesame seed weighs $3.64\times10^{-6}\,\mathrm{kilograms}$.

Write the three types of seed in order according to the weight of one seed. Write the lightest type of seed first. You must show how you decide.

,	 ,	[4]
lightest		

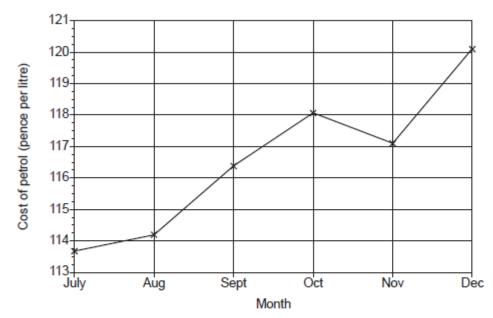
(a) (a) This spinner has two grey sections, two white sections and one black section.



Vlad says

The probability of the spinner landing on black is $\frac{1}{5}$. Explain why Vlad is not correct.

(b) The graph shows the cost of a litre of petrol for the last six months of 2017.

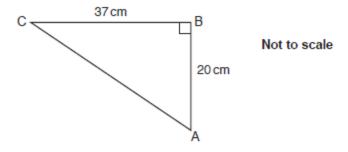


Explain why this graph is misleading.

	•••
r	41

ABC is a right-angled triangle. AB = 20cm and BC = 37cm.

3



Calculate angle BAC.

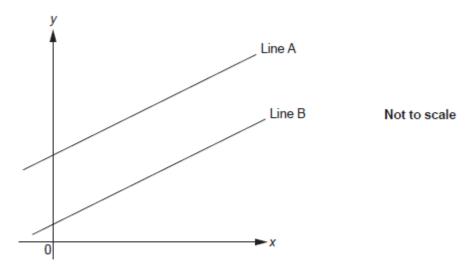
4 A bag contains some counters.

- There are 300 counters in the bag.
- There are only red, white and blue counters in the bag. The probability of picking a blue counter is $\frac{23}{50}$. The ratio of red counters to white counters is 2 : 1.

Calculate the number of red counters in the bag.

F.43				
14	 	 	 	

The graph shows two parallel lines, Line A and Line B.



Line A has equation y = 6x + 7. Line B passes through the point (4, 26).

Find the equation of Line B.



6	(a)	i	You are given that
			$270 = 3^3 \times 2 \times 5$ and $177147 = 3^{11}$
			(a) (i) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 270 and 177 147. Give your answer using power notation and as an ordinary number.
			(a)(i) using power notation
			as an ordinary number[2]
	(a)	ii	(ii) Write 177 147 000 000 as a product of its prime factors.
			(ii)[3]
	(b)		(b) $3^n = 177147 \times 9^5$.

(b) n =[3]

Find the value of n.

7	The length of the longest diagonal of a cube is 25cm.
	Calculate the total surface area of the cube.
	cm² [5]
	cm² [5]

$$5x^2 + 7x + 2 = 0$$

9 (a) Show that the equation $x^4 - x^2 - 9 = 0$ has a solution between x = 1 and x = 2. [3]

(b)	(b)	Find this solution correct to 1 decimal place. Show your working.

(b) x =[4]

10		Toy building bricks are available in two sizes, small and large. The small and large bricks are mathematically similar.
		A small brick has volume 8 cm ³ and width 2.1 cm. A large brick has volume 15.625 cm ³ .
		Calculate the width of a large brick.
		cm [4]
11	(a)	At the start of 2018, the population of a town was 17150. At the start of 2019, the population of the town was 16807.
		It is assumed that the population of the town is given by the formula
		$P = ar^f$
		where <i>P</i> is the population of the town <i>t</i> years after the start of 2018. (a) Write down the value of <i>a</i> .
		(a)[1]

(b)	(b)	Show that $r = 0.98$.	[1]
(c)	(c)	Show that the population is predicted to be less than 16 000 at the start of 2022.	[2]
(d)	(d)	Use the formula to work out what the population might have been at the start of 2017.	
		(d)	. [2]

Total Marks for Question Set 2: 50



OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download from our public website (www.ocr.org.uk) after the live examination series.

If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material, OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible opportunity.

For queries or further information please contact The OCR Copyright Team, The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge CB2 8EA.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group; Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge