



# GCSE MATHEMATICS

S21-C300

# **Non-Calculator Assessment Resource G**

**Foundation Tier** 

### Formula list

#### Area and volume formulae

Where r is the radius of the sphere or cone, l is the slant height of a cone and h is the perpendicular height of a cone:

Curved surface area of a cone =  $\pi rl$ 

Surface area of a sphere =  $4\pi r^2$ 

Volume of a sphere = 
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Volume of a sphere = 
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$
  
Volume of a cone =  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ 

### Kinematics formulae

Where a is constant acceleration, u is initial velocity, v is final velocity, s is displacement from the position when t = 0 and t is time taken:

$$v = u + at$$

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

| 1. | (a) | (i) Work out $30 \times 20$ .<br>$30 \times 20 \longrightarrow 300 \times 2 = 600$ |                      |             |                 |                   |       | [1] |
|----|-----|--|----------------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|-----|
|    |     |  |                      |             | _               | _                 |       |     |
|    |     | (ii)   | Work out 96          | ÷ 4.        | 96 =            | 24                |       | [1] |
|    |     |  |                      |             | 4               |                   |       |     |
|    | (b) | Writ   | e 3% as a dec        |             | 1100 = 0        | 0.03              |       | [1] |
|    | (c) | -  | <u>3</u><br>20       | 0.35        | -0.3            | <u>1</u> 4        | 0.031 |     |
|    |     |  |                      | he box to c | complete the fo | llowing statement |       | [2] |
|    |     |  |                      | 3/10 =      | · O • 3         |                   |       |     |
|    |     |  |                      |             | 0-3 4           | 0.35              |       |     |
|    | (d) | Wor  | k out <u>5</u> of 24 | l.          |                 |                   |       | [2] |
|    |     |  | 2                    | 12 -        | - 2 -           | 2×5=              | -10   |     |
|    |     |  |                      |             |                 |                   |       |     |
|    |     |  |                      |             |                 |                   |       |     |

| 2. | Adesh wanted a 12-month internet and TV contract. |
|----|---|
|    | He chose the cheaper of these two deals.          |

LunarSat

12-month contract
£50 per month

No setup cost

A1 Cable

12-month contract £55 per month

First 2 months free

£35 setup cost

| Which deal did Adesh choose and how much cheaper was it? You must show all your working. | [5] |
|--|-----|
| Lunar -> 50 × 12 = 1600  |     |
| $A1 \rightarrow 55 \times 10 = £550$<br>£550 + £35 = £585                                |     |
| E 600 - 4585 = £15   |     |
|  |     |
| Adesh chose A1 Cable   |     |
| which was £cheaper.  |     |

3. Chris and Sue are buying some items for their vegetable garden.

(a)



## Vegetable Plants

£1.99 for a single strip

OR

7.50 for a boy of 5 strip

£7.50 for a box of 5 strips



Chris buys a box of vegetable plants.

How much money does he save compared to buying 5 single strips?

[3]

$$5 \times 1.99 = 10 - 0.05 = 49.95$$

$$69.95 - 67.50 = 62.45$$
 saved

(b) Sue buys 20 bags of compost costing £6.99 each and some packets of seed costing £2.89 each.

She correctly **estimates** her bill to be £170.

How many packets of seed did she buy?

[3]

$$20 \times 7 = 4140$$
 compost

An art shop gives away a free copy of a photograph with purchases over £10.









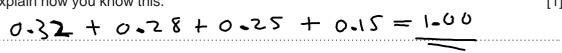
The table shows the probability that each photograph, chosen at random, is given away.

| Photograph  | Flower | Mountain | Water | City |  |
|-------------|--------|----------|-------|------|--|
| Probability | 0.32   | 0.28     | 0.25  | 0∙15 |  |

Copies of these 4 photographs are the only photographs given away by the art shop in (a) this offer.

Explain how you know this.

[1]



The total of probabilities is I so ne other photographs are siven away by the art shop-

Work out the probability that the photograph given away by the art shop is of the (b) Water or City.

[1]

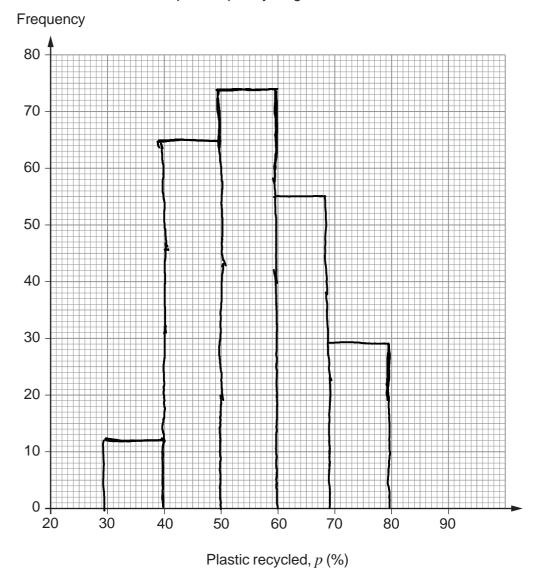
**5.** The grouped frequency table shows information about the percentage of plastic packaging that each of the 235 members of an eco-group recycled in 2018.

| Plastic recycled, p (%) | Frequency |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| 30 ≤ <i>p</i> < 40      | 12        |
| 40 ≤ <i>p</i> < 50      | 65        |
| 50 ≤ <i>p</i> < 60      | 74        |
| 60 ≤ <i>p</i> < 70      | 55        |
| 70 ≤ <i>p</i> < 80      | 29        |

(a) On the graph paper below, draw a grouped frequency diagram to show this data.

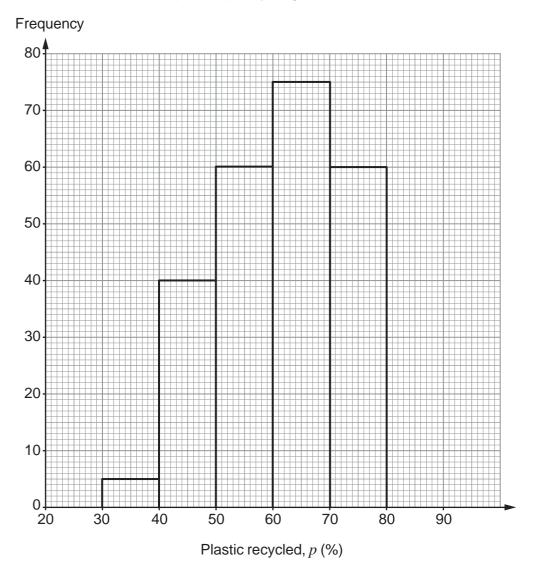
[2]

Grouped frequency diagram for 2018



(b) In 2019, the eco-group had more members.
They recorded the percentage of plastic packaging that they each recycled for that year.
The grouped frequency diagram of the results is shown below.

### Grouped frequency diagram for 2019



What is the probability that a member of the eco-group recycled at least 70% of their plastic packaging in 2019? [2]

 $70^{\circ}1^{\circ}$  and above = 60  $60|240 = \frac{1}{4}$ 

(c) Use the information provided to write a statement **comparing** the percentage of plastic recycled in these two years. [1]

Both had paratage range of 60.1.

| 6. | When a fraction is subtracted from $\frac{5}{7}$ the answer is $\frac{2}{21}$ . |     |
|----|---|-----|
|    | Find the fraction that is subtracted.   | [3] |
|    | 5/7-x=====  |     |
|    | $ S _{21} - x = 2h_1 \longrightarrow x = 13/21$                                 |     |
|    |   |     |

.....

.....

$$\frac{18\pi}{9\pi} = \frac{18}{9} = \frac{2}{9}$$

(b) The diagram shows two circles, one inside the other.

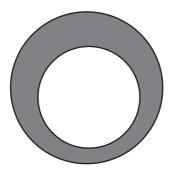


Diagram not drawn to scale

The radius of the outer circle is 6 cm. The radius of the inner circle is 5 cm.

Work out the area of the shaded region. Give your answer in terms of  $\pi$ .

[3]

Area of shaded region =  $\int \int T$  cm<sup>2</sup>

| <ul> <li>140 discount vouchers,</li> <li>56 pencils,</li> <li>280 sweets</li> <li>to share between all his bags.</li> </ul>  |              |
|--|--------------|
| He uses <b>all</b> the vouchers, <b>all</b> the pencils and <b>all</b> the sweets.<br>He makes as many bags as possible.<br>The contents of each bag are the same. |              |
| How many bags does Ivan make and what does each bag cor  | ntain? [5]   |
| 280  |              |
| 2 70 2 2 8 (2) 140<br>2 70 (2)   | 2×2×7=4×7=28 |
| (7) (8) (1) (1) (2) (3) (7)  |              |
|  |              |
| 140=28= 5 von chus ev bag  |              |
| 280=28=10 Sweets pr bag  |              |
| C(-78 = ) and $S(-9)$  |              |
|  |              |
|  |              |
|  |              |
| Ivan makes 2 \( \frac{7}{2} \) bags co   |              |
| vouchers, 2 pencils,   | sweets.      |
|  |              |
|  |              |

**8.** Ivan is part of a team making bags of free items to give away at a college open evening.

He has:

| (a) | Simplify | $14\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5}$ |  |        |      |     | [1 |
|-----|----------|--------------------------|--|--------|------|-----|----|
|     |          | 1455 -                   | 55 ·   | - 1172 | •    |     |    |
| (b) | Work o   | ut the value of          | 4 <sup>10</sup> × 4 <sup>-7</sup> .  + <sup>-7</sup> → | 410-7  | → 4³ | =64 | [2 |
|     |          |                          |  |        |      |     |    |
|     |          |                          |  |        |      |     |    |
|     |          |                          |  |        |      |     |    |
|     |          |                          |  |        |      |     |    |