



GCSE MATHEMATICS

S21-C300

Non-Calculator Assessment Resource E

Foundation Tier

Formula list

Area and volume formulae

Where r is the radius of the sphere or cone, l is the slant height of a cone and h is the perpendicular height of a cone:

Curved surface area of a cone = πrl

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of a sphere =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Volume of a sphere =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Kinematics formulae

Where a is constant acceleration, u is initial velocity, v is final velocity, s is displacement from the position when t = 0 and t is time taken:

$$v = u + at$$

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

- **1.** (a) Work out each of the following.
 - (i) 541 + 59 [1]
 - 540+50= 590 590+9=599
 - - (ii) 350 ÷ 5
 - 300-5=60 50-5=10
 - 60+10=70
 - (iii) 1·076 0·15 [2]
 - 1.076 0.150 -> 1.026 -0.100 = 0.926
 - (b) $526 \times 7.9 = 4155.4$
 - Use this information to work out 526×79 $\times 10 \quad 50 \quad 41554 = 41554$

 - (c) Using numbers and symbols Anil correctly writes

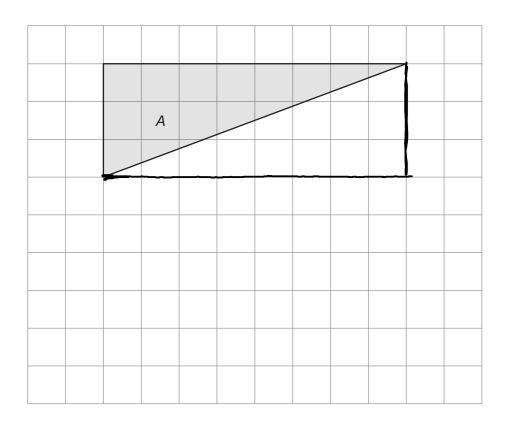
minus one is greater than minus two.

Circle what Anil writes.

$$-1 \le -2$$
 $-1 < -2$ $-1 < -2$ $[1]$

[1]

(b) On the grid below, draw a triangle that is congruent to triangle A.



3. (a) The table shows the number of road closures in Hayshire during 6 months of 2018.

March	April	May	June	July	August
14	15	22	21	12	18

For these six months, calculate each of the following.

(i) The range of the number of road closures. [1] 22 - 14 = 5

Range ____

(ii) The mean number of road closures per month.

[3]

14+15+22+21+12+18=102

 $\frac{102}{6} = 17$

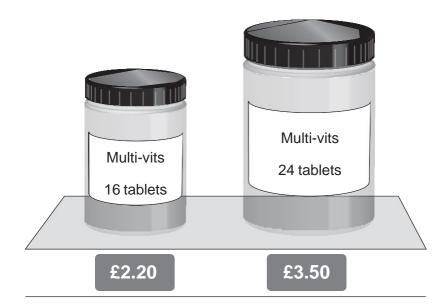
Mean 17

(b) The table shows the populations of some places in Hayshire at the end of 2018.

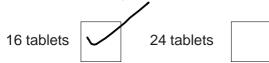
Place	Population
Tanham	12212
Copley	4658
Pinestow	619
Elmvale	3600

(i)	Write the populations in order of size. Start with the smallest. [1]
ρ, Sma	nestow, Elmvale, Capley, Tanham
(ii)	The population of Elmvale is predicted to be 4700 by the end of 2019.
	To work out the number of houses to build for the extra people, the builders use the rule:
	Build one house for every 4 extra people.
	How many houses should they build? [3]
	4700 - 3600 = 1,00 extra people
	1100=4=275 rew Louses
	275 houses

- **4.** A health food shop sells food supplements.
 - (a) Vitamin tablets are sold in two different size bottles.



Which bottle is better value for money?



Show how you decide.

16 tablets $\Rightarrow \frac{2-20}{4} = 4$ tablets = 60.5512 tablets = 61.75

for 12 lablets easy comparison the big bottle

(b) Calcium tablets are sold in small boxes measuring 8 cm by 3 cm by 5 cm.

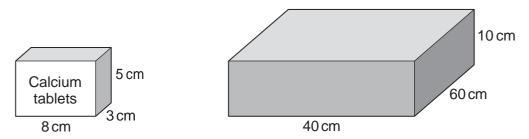


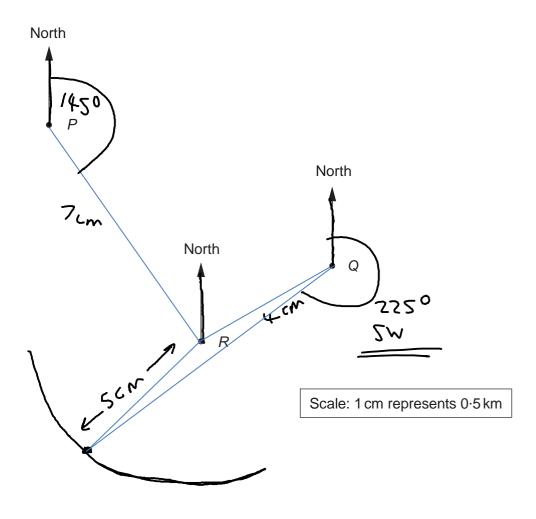
Diagram not drawn to scale

The supplier packs the small boxes into large boxes measuring 40 cm by 60 cm by 10 cm. There are no gaps in the large box when it is full.

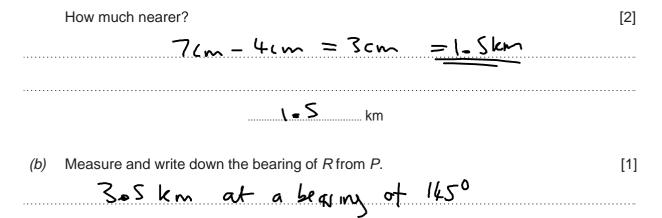
The health food shop orders a full large box containing a total of 3600 calcium tablets.

How many tablets are there in one	small box? [4]
lage vol = 60x	$0 \times 40 = 24000 \text{cm}^3$
Smell vol = 5 X \(\)	$x3 = 120 \text{ cm}^3$
··········· <u>···</u> ···· <u>··</u> ········· <u>··</u> ······	o small boxes in large box
74000 = 20	2 3 MW. 2
200 small soxe.	J = 3600 fallets
3600/200	= 18 tablets in each small bo
•	
١ ٣	(ablata in an arrall base
	tablets in one small box

5. The diagram shows the position of two aeroplanes, P and Q. There is a radar station at R. The scale is 1 cm represents 0.5 km.



(a) R is nearer to Q than it is to P.



(c) There is an airport which is $2.5 \,\mathrm{km}$ from R and to the south-west of Q.

Mark the position of the airport with a cross on the diagram.

- The organiser of a teachers' conference provided a buffet lunch made by a catering service. 6.
 - The catering service made a total of 560 cups of tea and coffee.

These were served in the ratio 5: 3 respectively.

The catering service billed the conference organiser £1 for each cup of tea and £1.50 for each cup of coffee served.

How much was the total bill for the tea and coffee?

Tea: Coffee
$$560/8 = 70$$

5:3 = 6
 70×5 : 70×3
 350 : 210 $350 \text{ ka} \times (1 = +350)$
 $210 \text{ coffee} \times (1 \cdot 50 = +310)$

[4]

Total bill for tea and coffee £ 655

(b) The buffet food was placed on 3 large tables, one for meat, one for vegetarian and one for vegan dishes.

Teachers chose their food from one of these tables.

The numbers of teachers per minute who chose food from the table of meat dishes and the table of vegetarian dishes is shown below.

Table	Meat	Vegetarian	Vegan
Number of teachers per minute	8	4	フ

After 5 minutes, 95 teachers had chosen their food.

•	[3]
95=5=19 for minute 19-(8+4) = vegan = 7	
teachers per minute	
teachers per minute	

7. The diagram shows a cylinder.

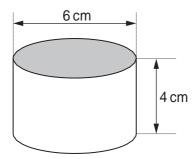
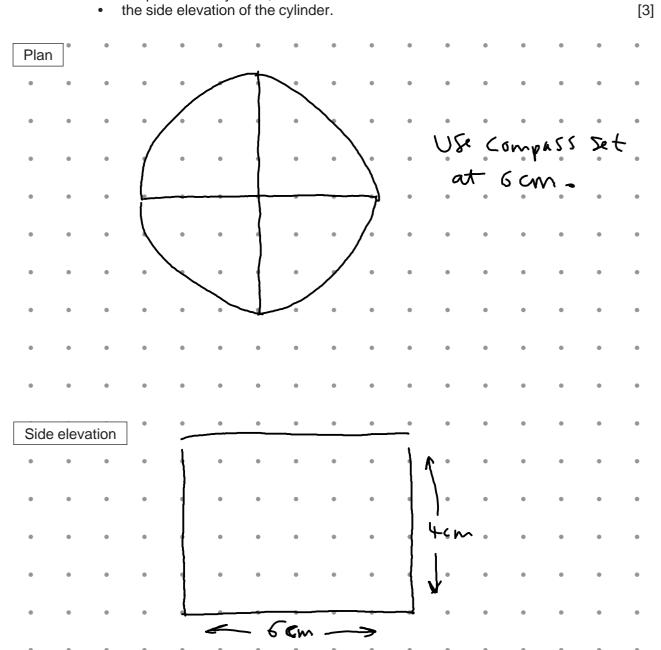


Diagram not drawn to scale

On the 1 centimetre grid below, draw accurately:
 • the plan of the cylinder,
 • the side elevation of the cylinder.



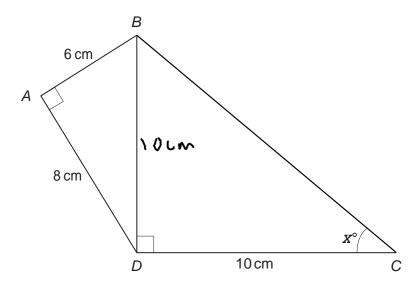
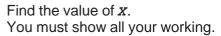


Diagram not drawn to scale

[3]



 $36+64=C_{3}$ C=100m=BD

Lange = 10/10 -1

1. -0