

Additional Assessment Materials Summer 2021

Pearson Edexcel

GCSE (9-1) in Mathematics 1MA1 Higher (Calculator)

Topic 1: Number and Ratio (Test 3)

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Pearson aspires to be the world's leading learning company. Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

Additional Assessment Materials, Summer 2021 All the material in this publication is copyright © Pearson Education Ltd 2021

General guidance to Additional Assessment Materials for use in 2021 Context

- Additional Assessment Materials are being produced for GCSE, AS and A levels (with the exception of Art and Design).
- The Additional Assessment Materials presented in this booklet are an optional part of the range of evidence teachers may use when deciding on a candidate's grade.
- 2021 Additional Assessment Materials have been drawn from previous examination materials, namely past papers.
- Additional Assessment Materials have come from past papers both published (those materials available publicly) and unpublished (those currently under padlock to our centres) presented in a different format to allow teachers to adapt them for use with candidate.

Purpose

- The purpose of this resource to provide qualification-specific sets/groups of questions covering the knowledge, skills and understanding relevant to this Pearson qualification.
- This document should be used in conjunction with the mapping guidance which will map content and/or skills covered within each set of questions.
- These materials are only intended to support the summer 2021 series.

- 1 (a) Use your calculator to work out $\frac{29^2 4.6}{\sqrt{35 1.9^3}}$ Write down all the figures on your calculator display.
 - 157.665255
 - (b) Write your answer to part (a) correct to 4 significant figures.

| | 157.7 |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| | (1) |
| | (Total for Question 1 is 3 marks) |
| 2 Write 37 cm^3 in mm ³ $\checkmark 10$ $\circlearrowright 10$ | 37×1000 = 37000 |
| (10)3 = 1000 × 1000 50 cm3 - m3 | |
| 50 cm3 -> mm | <u>37000</u> mm ³ |
| | (Total for Question 2 is 1 mark) |

3 Carlo puts tins into small boxes and into large boxes.

He puts 6 tins into each small box.

He puts 20 tins into each large box.

Carlo puts a total of 3000 tins into the boxes so that

number of tins in small boxes : number of tins in large boxes = 2 : 3

Carlo says that less than 30% of the boxes filled with tins are large boxes.

Is Carlo correct? You must show all your working.

$$\frac{3000}{5} = 600 - 1 \text{ pwt} = 600$$

$$\frac{1200}{6} = 200 \text{ Small boxes}$$

90+200 = 290 total boxes

$$\frac{90}{290} \times 100 = 31 \cdot 63448276.1^{\circ} \longrightarrow callo$$

(Total for Question 3 is 5 marks)

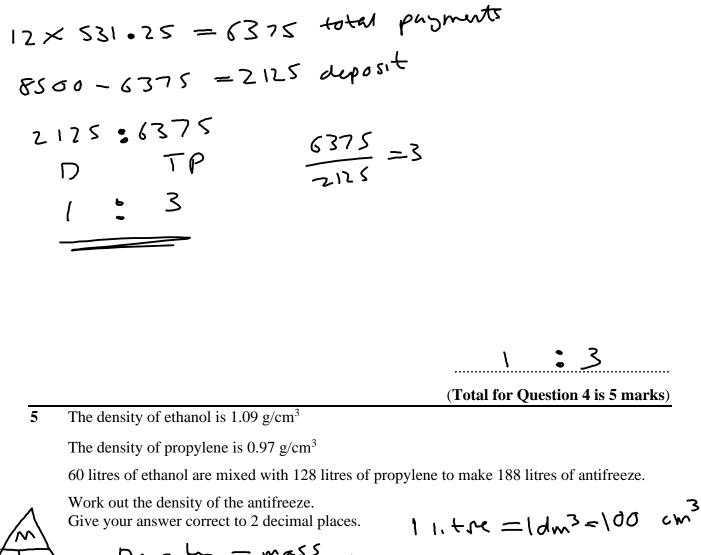
15 wrow

4 Raya buys a van for £8500 plus VAT at 20%

Raya pays a deposit for the van.

She then pays the rest of the cost in 12 equal payments of £531.25 each month.

Find the ratio of the deposit Raya pays to the total of the 12 equal payments. Give your answer in its simplest form.



$$\frac{\sqrt{D}}{\sqrt{10}} \qquad \begin{array}{l} Density = \frac{mass}{v_{0}lVme} \\ \hline \hline v_{0}lVme \\ \hline v_{$$

6 Katy invests £200 000 in a savings account for 4 years. The account pays compound interest at a rate of 1.5 % per annum.

Calculate the total amount of interest Katy will get at the end of 4 years.

$$20000 \times (1 \cdot 015)^{4} = 212272 \cdot 7107$$

$$21777 \cdot 7107 - 200000 = 12272 \cdot 71013$$

$$= \frac{12272 \cdot 71}{(Total for Question 6 is 3 marks)}$$

$$\frac{1}{E} = \frac{1}{D} = \frac{1}{C}$$

$$\frac{ABC}{ABC} and EDC are straight lines.$$

$$EA is parallel to DB.$$

$$EC = 8.1 \text{ cm} \quad DC = 5.4 \text{ cm}. \quad DB = 2.6 \text{ cm}.$$
(a) Work out the length of AE.

$$Constant S = \frac{1 \cdot 1}{5 \cdot 4} = \frac{1 \cdot 5}{5 \cdot 4}$$

$$2 \cdot 6 \times 1 \cdot 5 = \frac{3 \cdot 9}{5} \qquad 3 \cdot 9 \qquad (2)$$

$$AC = 6.15 \text{ cm}.$$
(b) Work out the length of AB.

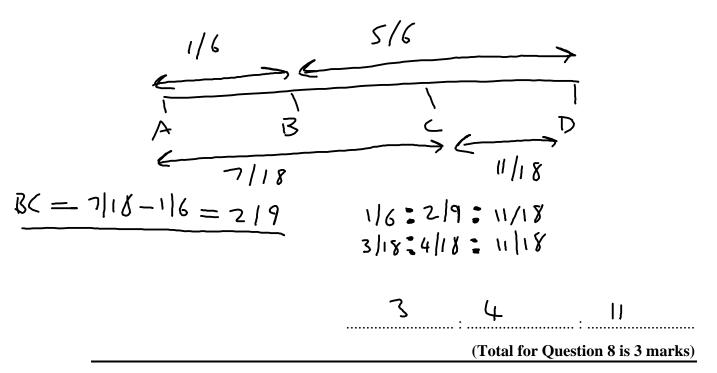
$$ED = \frac{1}{3} \text{ of } E \subset -5 \text{ SO } AB = \frac{1}{3} \text{ of } AC \subset \frac{5 \cdot 15}{3} = 2 \cdot 05 \qquad \text{cm}$$

8 The points A, B, C and D lie in order on a straight line.

$$AB: BD = 1:5$$

 $AC: CD = 7:11$

Work out *AB* : *BC* : *CD*



9 There are 16 hockey teams in a league.

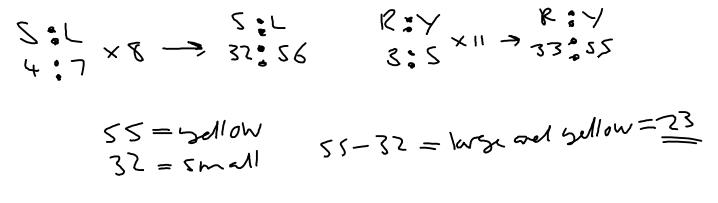
Each team played two matches against each of the other teams. Work out the total number of matches played.

$$\frac{30}{2} = 15 \qquad 16 \text{ teams } \times 15 = 240$$

10 There are some small cubes and some large cubes in a bag. The cubes are red or the cubes are yellow. The ratio of the number of small cubes to the number of large cubes is 4:7The ratio of the number of red cubes to the number of yellow cubes is 3:5(a) Explain why the least possible number of cubes in the bag is 88 $\frac{5:1}{4:7=1}$ R:Y $LCM = \delta\delta$ (1)

All the small cubes are yellow.

(b) Work out the least possible number of large yellow cubes in the bag.



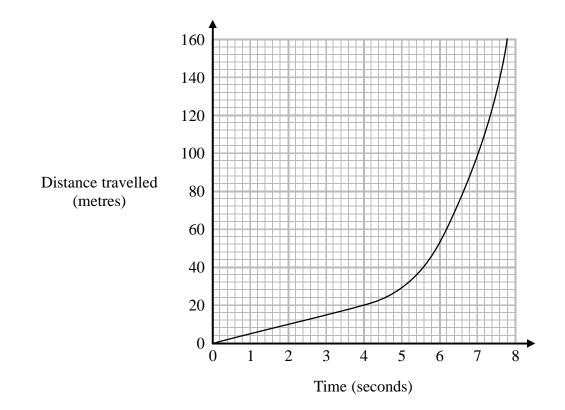
11 Three solid shapes **A**, **B** and **C** are similar.

The surface area of shape \mathbf{A} is 4 cm² The surface area of shape \mathbf{B} is 25 cm²

The ratio of the volume of shape **B** to the volume of shape **C** is 27 : 64

Work out the ratio of the height of shape **A** to the height of shape **C**. Give your answer in its simplest form.

length ratios A:B:C Volum AZ B:C 6:15:20 A:B 27:64 4:25 1 eyth ratio 3:4 AIC leyth ratio 6:20 2:10 (length scale factor)² = area scale tactor (length scale factor)³ = Volume scale tactor (length scale factor)³ = Volume scale tactor 2:5 3:10 (Total for Question 11 is 4 marks) 12 The distance-time graph shows information about part of a car journey.



Use the graph to estimate the speed of the car at time 5 seconds.

(3-2,0) (7,66) $\frac{68-0}{7-3-2} = \frac{68}{4-2} = 16.2 \text{ m/s}$

16-2_____m/s

(Total for Question 12 is 3 marks)

13 The number of rabbits on a farm at the end of month n is P_n The number of rabbits at the end of the next month is given by $P_{n+1} = 1.2P_n - 50$

At the end of March there are 200 rabbits on the farm.

(a) Work out how many rabbits there will be on the farm at the end of June.

$$Mar (A = 200)$$

$$April = 1.72 (200) - 50 = 190$$

$$May = 1.2 (190) - 50 = 178$$

$$The = 1.2 (178) - 50 = 163.6$$
(3)
(b) Considering your results in part (a), suggest what will happen to the number of rabbits on the farm after a long time.
$$Rabbits - Mll did out$$
(1)
$$(Total for Question 13 is 4 marks)$$

$$14 = \frac{1}{8}e^{3}$$

c = 10.9 correct to 3 significant figures.

By considering bounds, work out the value of d to a suitable degree of accuracy.

Give a reason for your answer. $1/8(10.150)^3 = 164.1165469$ 100001 50001 = 10.950 $1/8(10.850)^3 = 159.661406$ Both rounded to 25f = 160

> (Total for Question 14 is 4 marks) TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 49 MARKS