

## **GCSE Chemistry A (Gateway Science)**

J248/02 C4-C6 and C7 Foundation (Foundation Tier)

## **Question Set 15**

1 Antacid tablets are used to treat indigestion.

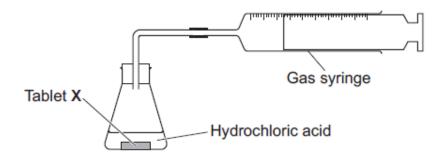
A student investigates two different antacid tablets,  $\bf X$  and  $\bf Y$ . Both tablets,  $\bf X$  and  $\bf Y$ , contain calcium carbonate, CaCO $_3$ .

Calcium carbonate reacts with hydrochloric acid. Calcium chloride,  ${\rm CaC} l_2$ , water and carbon dioxide are made.

(a) Write a **balanced symbol** equation for this reaction.

[2]

**(b)** The diagram shows the apparatus the student uses.



The student reacts tablet  $\mathbf{X}$  with  $100\,\mathrm{cm}^3$  of hydrochloric acid. The hydrochloric acid is in excess.

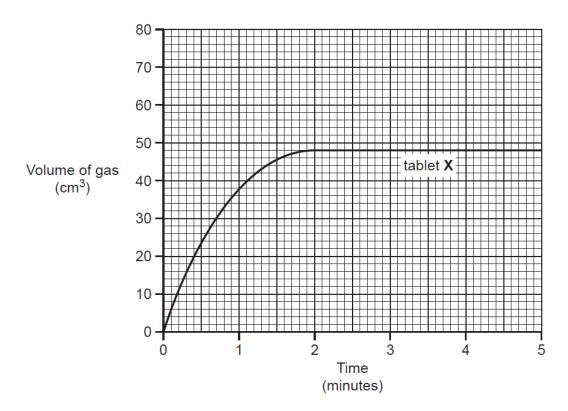
He measures the volume of gas made every minute during the first five minutes.

He does a second experiment using tablet  ${\bf Y}$  and a fresh  $100\,{\rm cm}^3$  sample of the same hydrochloric acid.

The table shows his results.

Time (minutes)	Volume of gas (cm <sup>3</sup> )	
	Tablet X	Tablet Y
0	0	0
1	38	32
2	48	54
3	48	67
4	48	72
5	48	72

(i) The graph shows the results for tablet X.



What is the volume of gas made by the end of the experiment?

- (ii) Plot the results for tablet **Y** on the grid. Draw a line of best fit.
- (iii) Tablet X contains less calcium carbonate than tablet Y.

How do the results show this? [1]

- (c) The rate of reaction between calcium carbonate and hydrochloric acid can be increased by:
  - Using a more concentrated solution of hydrochloric acid
  - Increasing the temperature of the acid.

Explain how each of these methods increase the rate of the reaction.

Use ideas about collisions between particles.

[4]

[2]

## **Total Marks for Question Set 15: 10**



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