

A Level Chemistry B (Salters)

H433/01 Fundamentals of chemistry

The Ozone Story

Question Set 4

Multiple Choice Questions

- 1 Which statement is correct about *electronegativity*?
 - A It increases from left to right across a period.
 - **B** It increases down a group.
 - **C** It measures the negative charge on an atom.
 - **D** The smaller the electronegativity difference between two elements, the more likely the bondbetween them is ionic.

Your answer

[1]

- 2 Which one of these molecules has an overall dipole?
 - A CH₂F₂
 - B CF₄
 - C BF₃
 - D SF₆

Your answer

[1]

- **3** What describes the first step in the nucleophilic substitution reaction of ammonia with a haloalkane?
 - **A** NH₃ attacks the halogen atom.

2

- **B** NH₂⁻ attacks the carbon atom next to the halogen
- C NH₃ forms a bond with its lone pair to the carbon atom next to the halogen.
- **D** The halogen atom is lost as a radical.

Your answer

[1]

4 The enthalpy profiles for the reaction W + X \rightleftharpoons Y + Z are shown below, with and without acatalyst.



Which statement is correct?

- **A** The catalyst increases the yield of Y.
- **B** Increasing the temperature shifts the position of equilibrium to the products side.
- **C** The catalyst does not take part in the reaction.
- **D** The reverse reaction is speeded up by the catalyst.

Your answer

- 5 What is **not** correct for the reaction between aqueous OH⁻ ions and bromoethane?
 - A OH⁻ ions behave as nucleophiles.
 - **B** An alcohol is produced.
 - **C** The reaction is faster if chloroethane is used.
 - **D** The reaction occurs because of a polar C–Br bond.

Your answer

[1]

[1]

6 The methane concentration in the atmosphere has increased from 0.722 ppm in preindustrial times to 1.80×10^{-4} % now.

What is the % increase in methane concentration?

A 40%

- **B** 60%
- **C** 67%
- **D** 150%

Your answer

[1]

[1]

- 7 Which observation is correct?
 - **A** A solution of bromine water forms a purple layer when hexane is added.
 - **B** Aqueous silver nitrate forms a yellow precipitate when added to sodium bromide solution.
 - **C** When iodobutane and chlorobutane are separately refluxed with aqueous silver nitrate, a precipitate forms faster with iodobutane.
 - **D** Steamy fumes of hydrogen bromide are formed as the only gas when concentrated sulfuricacid is warmed with sodium bromide.

Your answer

8 The abundance of various gases in the air is shown in the table.

Gas	Abundance (by volume)
N ₂	78%
CO ₂	3.7 × 10 ⁻² %
CH_4	1.8 ppm

Which statement about the table is correct?

- A There is roughly 200 times as much nitrogen as carbon dioxide.
- **B** The abundance of nitrogen is 7.8×10^4 ppm.
- **C** There is roughly 200 times as much CO_2 as CH_4 .
- **D** The abundance of CO_2 is 0.0037%.

Your answer

[1]

9 The relative rates of hydrolysis of chloropropane and iodopropane are compared.

Which statement is correct?

- A Chloropropane hydrolyses faster because the C–C*l* bond is more polar than C–I.
- **B** Chloropropane hydrolyses faster because the C–C*l* bond is weaker than C–I.
- **C** Iodopropane hydrolyses faster because the C–I bond is weaker than C–C*l*.
- **D** lodopropane hydrolyses faster because the C–I bond is more polar than C–C*l*.

Your answer

[1]

- **10** Which type(s) of radiation can break covalent bonds?
 - 1 IR
 - 2 UV
 - 3 visible
 - **A** 1, 2 and 3
 - **B** Only 1 and 2
 - **C** Only 2 and 3
 - D Only 1

Your answer

[1]

Total Marks for Question Set 4: 10



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