

A Level Chemistry A H432/03 Unified chemistry

Question Set 15

1 Dettol® is a disinfectant containing the antiseptic chloroxylenol, shown below.

- (a) Chloroxylenol is a weak Brønsted–Lowry acid.
 - (i) What is the systematic name of chloroxylenol? [1]
 - (ii) Predict the number of peaks in a ¹³C NMR spectrum of chloroxylenol. [1]
 - (iii) Name the functional group responsible for the acidity of chloroxylenol and describe a simple test which would confirm the presence of this group. [2]
 - (iv) A student measures the pH of the contents in a bottle of Dettol® as 5.14.

The label on the bottle shows the percentage of chloroxylenol in Dettol® as 4.80%. i.e. 100 cm³ of Dettol® contains 4.80 g of chloroxylenol.

Assume the following:

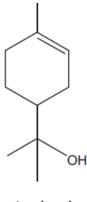
- Chloroxylenol is the only acidic component in Dettol[®].
- Chloroxylenol is a weak monobasic acid.
- The density of Dettol® is 1.00 g cm⁻³.

Write the equation, using molecular formulae, for the acid dissociation of chloroxylenol.

Calculate the acid dissociation constant, K_a , in kJ mol⁻¹, for chloroxylenol.

- (b) Dettol[®] contains other chemicals including α -terpineol, shown below.
- (c) (i) α -Terpineol is a chiral compound.

Show with an asterisk, (*), the chiral centre(s) in the structure of α -terpineol.



a-terpineol

(ii) α -Terpineol meets the requirements for E/Z isomerism. However, only one E/Z isomer of α -terpineol exists.

Explair

- why α -terpineol meets the requirements for E/Z isomerism
- whether α-terpineol is an *E* or *Z* isomer
- why only one E/Z isomer of α -terpineol exists.

[4]

[1]

(iii) α-Terpineol contains two functional groups.

For each functional group, choose a reagent that reacts with that group **only**. Draw the structures for the organic products of the reactions.

Show structures for organic compounds.

[4]

Total Marks for Question Set 15: 18



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