

GCSE Biology B (Twenty First Century Science)

J257/03 Breadth in Biology (Higher)

Question Set 6

1 The female mosquito *Aedes aegypti* is responsible for the transmission of diseases such as Zikavirus.

In May 2015, Zika virus was reported in Brazil and began to spread rapidly.

The mosquito feeds mainly on human blood. The virus is spread when a female *Aedes aegypti* mosquito bites an infected human and then bites an uninfected human.

(a) (i) Zika virus is a communicable disease.

Visitors to Brazil in 2016 were concerned that they could become infected with the

virus. There is no vaccination for this virus.

Explain what a communicable disease is and suggest how a visitor to Brazil could reduce the risk of becoming infected with Zika.

[2]

(ii) The first ever human case of Zika was discovered in Nigeria in 1954. The timeline belowshows how Zika spread.

The Zika virus can also be transmitted by sexual intercourse.

People were concerned that hosting the Olympic games in Brazil in 2016 would increase the spread of the virus to other countries.

Suggest how the virus could be spread to other countries **and** how this could be prevented.

[2]

(b) (i) The mosquito responsible for the spread of Zika has become resistant to some of the insecticides used to kill it.

Explain how a population of mosquitos could have become resistant to an insecticide.

[3]

(ii) One way scientists tried to solve the problem was to make genetically engineered mosquitoes that had a 'kill switch' gene. This gene caused the mosquitoes' offspring to die.

Describe the steps a scientist would use when genetically engineering a mosquito tohave the 'kill switch' gene.

[3]

(iii) The 'kill switch' gene codes for the production of a protein called tTAV.

The tTAV protein blocks the transcription of other genes essential for mosquito survival.

When breeding the mosquitos in the laboratory a chemical called tetracycline is used. Tetracycline binds to the tTAV protein and deactivates it.

Suggest why scientists use tetracycline when breeding the genetically engineered mosquitos.

[1]

- (iv) Scientists thought using genetically engineered mosquitos was a better solution thanusing insecticide
 - .Do you agree?

Explain your reasons.

[3]

Total Marks for Question Set 6: 14



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