2021 ASSESSMENT RESOURCE



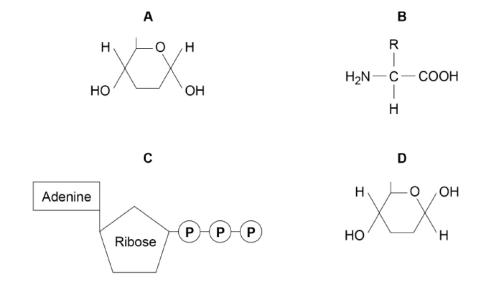
AS BIOLOGY

Biological Molecules and Cells Version 0.1

Total number of marks: 49

0 1 Figure 1 shows the structure of molecules found in organisms.

Figure 1



O 1 . 1 Complete **Table 1** by putting the correct letter, **A**, **B**, **C** or **D**, in the box next to each statement. Each letter may be used once, more than once, or not at all.

[4 marks]

Table 1

Letter	Statement
	is a monomer in an enzyme's active site
	is a monomer in cellulose
	is produced during photosynthesis and respiration
	forms a polymer that gives a positive result with a biuret test

0 1.2	Raffinose is a trisaccharide of three monosaccharides: galactose, glucose and fructose. The chemical formulae of these monosaccharides are:
	 galactose = C₆H₁₂O₆ glucose = C₆H₁₂O₆ fructose = C₆H₁₂O₆
	Give the number of carbon atoms, hydrogen atoms and oxygen atoms in a molecule of raffinose.
	[1 mark]
	Number of carbon atoms
	Number of hydrogen atoms
	Number of oxygen atoms
0 1 . 3	A biochemical test for reducing sugar produces a negative result with raffinose solution.
	Describe a biochemical test to show that raffinose solution contains a non-reducing
	sugar. [3 marks]

0 5 . 1

A student prepared a stained squash of cells from the tip of an onion root and observed it using an optical microscope.

During the preparation of the slide, he:

- cut the first 5 mm from the tip of an onion root and placed it on a glass slide
- · covered this tip with a drop of stain solution and a cover slip
- · warmed the glass slide
- · pressed down firmly on the cover slip.

He identified and counted nuclei in different stages of the cell cycle.

Explain why the student:

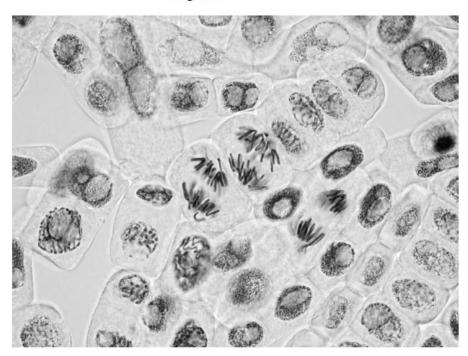
[2 marks]

1. used only the first 5 mm from the tip of an onion root.

2. pressed down firmly on the cover slip.

Figure 2 shows the cells the student saw in one field of view. He used this field of view to calculate the length of time these onion cells spent in anaphase of mitosis.





0 5.2 Scientists have found the mean length of time spent by onion cells in anaphase of mitosis is 105 minutes. They also found the cell cycle of cells in the onion root shown in **Figure 2** takes 1080 minutes.

32 whole cells are shown in Figure 2.

Use this information and **Figure 2** to calculate the length of time the cells of this onion root are in anaphase **and** then calculate the percentage difference between your answer and the mean length of time found by the **scientists**.

Show your working.

[2 marks]

Answer	=	0	6
Allowe!	_		1

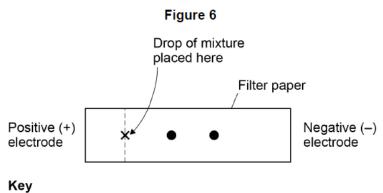
0 5 . 3	Tick (✔) the name gi	ven to the division of cytoplasm during the cell cycle.	[1 mark]
	Binary fission		
	Cytokinesis		
	Phagocytosis		
	Segregation		
0 5 . 4		what the student should have done when counting cell index he obtained for this root tip was accurate.	s to make
	sure that the mitotic i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[2 marks]

0 8 . 1	Describe a biochemical test to confirm the presence of protein in a solution. [2 marks]
0 8 . 2	A dipeptide consists of two amino acids joined by a peptide bond. Dipeptides may differ in the type of amino acids they contain.
	Describe two other ways in which all dipeptides are similar and one way in which they might differ.
	[3 marks]
	Similarities
	1
	2
	Difference

A solution contained a mixture of **three** different amino acids. A scientist passed an electric current through the solution to separate the amino acids.

She placed a drop of the mixture at one end of a piece of filter paper, attached an electrode to each end of the paper and switched on the current. She switched off the current after 20 minutes and stained the paper to show spots of the amino acids at new positions.

Her results are shown in Figure 6.



Spot showing the location of amino acids after 20 minutes

0 8 Explain what the positions of the spots in **Figure 6** show about these amino acids. [3 marks]

0 5. 1 A student investigated starch hydrolysis using the enzyme amylase.

During the procedure, the student:

- · treated the starch to make it soluble
- prepared 10 cm³ of different concentrations (mg dm⁻³) of starch solution
- added an identical concentration of amylase to each starch solution
- measured the time in minutes to completely hydrolyse starch.

He repeated the procedure and calculated the mean time to completely hydrolyse starch in each concentration of starch solution.

Draw a table the student could use to record all of his results.

You only need to show completed column headings.

[2 marks]

0 5 2 Describe the results you would expect the student to obtain.

[1 mark]

0 5 . 3 A competitive inhibitor decreases the rate of an enzyme-controlled reaction. Explain how.

[3 marks]

- 0 1 Structures A to E are parts of a plant cell.
 - A Cell Wall
 - **B** Chloroplast
 - C Nucleus
 - **D** Mitochondrion
 - E Golgi apparatus

Complete **Table 1** by putting the correct letter, **A**, **B**, **C**, **D** or **E** in the box next to each statement.

[3 marks]

Table 1

Statement	Letter
Has stacked membranes arranged in parallel and contains DNA.	
Is made of polysaccharide.	
Is an organelle and is not surrounded by two membranes.	

Human breast milk is produced and secreted by gland cells. These gland cells have adaptations that include many mitochondria and many Golgi vesicles. The milk contains a high concentration of protein.

Explain the role of these cell adaptations in the production and secretion of breast milk.

[2 marks]

Figure 3 is a transmission electron micrograph of a plant cell.





0 4 Suggest why a nucleus is **not** visible in **Figure 3**.

[1 mark]

0 4 . 3	Name the organelles labelled S and T in Figure 3 .	[1 mark]
	Organelle S	
	Organelle T	

O 4 . 4 Give one advantage of viewing a biological specimen using a transmission electron microscope compared with using a scanning electron microscope.

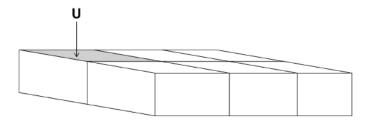
[1 mark]

0 4.5 The cells in **Figure 4** are part of a continuous layer of cells forming the upper surface of a leaf.

The shaded area of cell \boldsymbol{U} is 150 μm^2

The total area of the upper surface of the leaf is $70.65\ cm^2$

Figure 4



Calculate the number of cells in the upper surface of the leaf.

Give the answer in standard form.

Assume that all these cells are identical in size.

Show your working.

[2 marks]

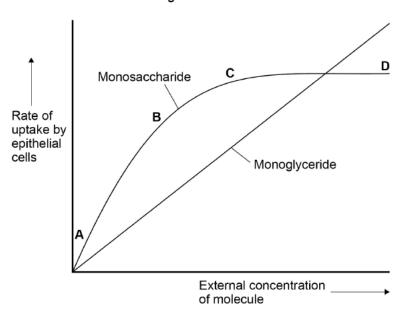
0 3 . 1	Name the two scientists who proposed models of the chemical structure of DNA and
	of DNA replication. [1 mark]
	A scientist replicated DNA in a test tube. To do this, he mixed an enzyme with identical single-stranded DNA fragments and a solution containing DNA nucleotides.
0 3 . 2	Name the enzyme used in this DNA replication.
	[1 mark]
0 3 . 3	Use your knowledge of semi-conservative replication of DNA to suggest:
0 3 . 3	[3 marks]
	1. the role of the single-stranded DNA fragments
	<u> </u>
	2. the role of the DNA nucleotides.

0 4 . 1	Give two similarities in the movement of substances by diffusion and by osr	mosis.
	1	[2 marks]
	2	
	2	

A scientist measured the rate of uptake of a monoglyceride and a monosaccharide by epithelial cells of the small intestine of mice. A monoglyceride is a molecule of glycerol with one fatty acid attached. She did this for different concentrations of monoglyceride and monosaccharide.

Her results are shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1



Use your knowledge of transport across membranes to explain the shape of the curve in **Figure 1** for uptake of monosaccharides between concentrations:

ſ	3	m	а	rŀ	(S

A and B			
and D			