

A level Biology A H420/03 Unified biology

Question Set 14

1 Sago pondweed is an underwater plant that grows in many regions of the world.

Fig. 1.1 shows a transmission electron micrograph of a sago pondweed cell.

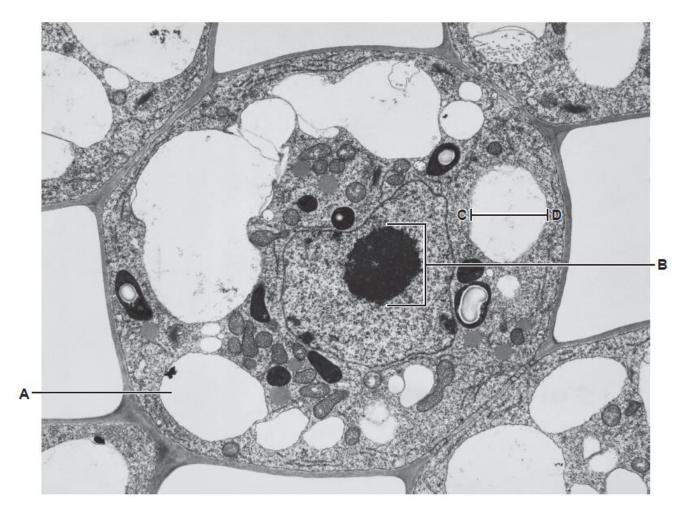


Fig. 1.1

(a)	(i)	Identify the cellular components shown at A and B .	
		A	
		В	
			[2
	(ii)	The real size of the line between C and D on Fig. 1.1 is 1.4×10^{-6} m.	
		Calculate the magnification that was used to produce the image in Fig. 1.1.	
		Give your answer to 2 significant figures.	

magnification =[2]

(iii) Fig. 1.2 shows a student's drawing of another sago pondweed cell, which was observed under a light microscope. The student used a sharp pencil but did not label the drawing.

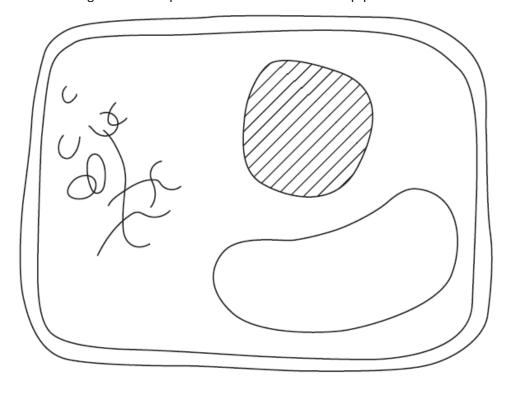


Fig. 1.2

Describe **two other** ways in which the drawing could be improved.

[2]

(iv) The student stained a sago pondweed sample to improve the contrast between cellular components when viewed under a microscope.

The student used the following procedure to stain the sample:

- Use forceps to place the sample on a glass slide.
- Use a pipette to place two drops of the stain in the centre of the sample.
- Carefully lower a cover slip onto the sample, ensuring that the cover slip is parallel with the slide as it is lowered.

Describe **two** improvements the student should make to their staining procedure.

1	
2	
	[2]

	Advantage	[3]
	Adaptation 3: A thin, flexible stem	
	Advantage	
	Adaptation 2: Stem tissue that contains air spaces	
	Advantage	
	Adaptation 1: No waxy cuticle	
	Explain the advantage of each adaptation.	
(D)	adaptations are described below.	icn

Total Marks for Question Set 14: 11



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