

## A Level Biology A H420/02 Biological Diversity

**Question Set 11** 

Cheetahs display less intraspecific variation than other members of the family Felidae. Fig. 20.1 shows the mean body length of a population of cheetahs from southern Africa. The error bars on Fig. 20.1 show the standard deviation of mean body length.

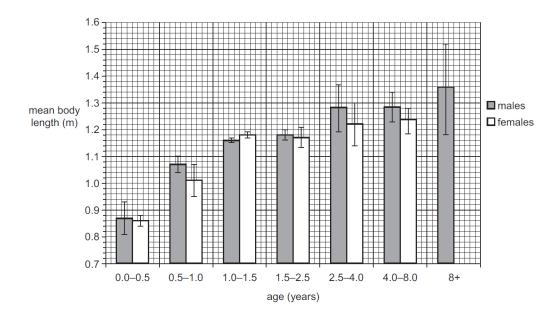


Fig. 20.1

(a) (i) At between 2.5 and 4 years old, the mean length of female cheetahs is less than that ofmales.

Calculate how much shorter than males female cheetahs are.

Show your working. Express your answer as a percentage to **two significant figures**.

$$\frac{1.28 - 1.22}{1.28} \times 100 = \frac{0.06}{1.28} \times 100 \times \frac{Answer. 4.7}{4.6875\%}$$
 [2]

(ii) Using only Fig. 20.1 and your answer to (i), what can be concluded about the **significance** of the difference between the length of male and female cheetahs aged between 2.5 and 4 years?

Explain your answer. Nothing can be concluded because no t-test has been done [2]

(iii) A student looked at Fig. 20.1 and wrote:

"The longest male cheetah that was measured was 1.52 m long".

Explain whether the information in Fig. 20.1 supports the student's answer.

No because the standard deviation is not the same as range - doesn't include all the outliers.

State the likely causes of variation in body length in cheetahs.

[1]

[2]

(1) State the likely educed of variation in body longth

Genes and environment

**(b)** The population of cheetahs has been declining for the past 100 years and is estimated to be between 6000 and 7000.

Within the remaining cheetah population, intraspecific genetic diversity is very low. One isolated population of cheetahs in Iran has fewer than 100 individuals.

(i) State one way in which genetic diversity can be measured.

[1]

decreasing genetic

diversity.

Genetic polymorphism

(ii) It is thought that the modern cheetah population has low genetic diversity because the population, relatively recently, experienced a genetic bottleneck.

Explain why a genetic bottleneck can lead to low genetic diversity.

Because many alleles are lost (when population drops) and [2] the modern population would have descended from few survivors, gene pool Scientists are concerned about genetic drift in the remaining cheetah populations. is small

(iii) Scientists are concerned about genetic drift in the remaining cheetah populations.

Explain why genetic drift is likely to be of particular concern in the population of 100 cheetahs in Iran.

Because one individual has proportionally higher [2] effect on small population thus it's more likely that alleles will be Madagascar is a large island off the coast of Africa that once formed part of the lost from mainland.

The fossa, *Cryptoprocta ferox* is the top predator on Madagascar.

The fossa shares many physical similarities with cats but it is not a member of the familyFelidae. It is related to the mongoose.

The mongoose is a much smaller mammal that lives on the African mainland. Fig. 20.2 shows a fossa and a mongoose.

fossa

1 (c)



mongoose



Fig. 20.2

(i) The mongoose is a smaller mammal and also has proportionally longer fur.

State **one** other difference, **visible in Fig. 20.2**, between a fossa and a mongoose.

[1]

Fossa has longer legs than mongoose.

(ii) When the island of Madagascar became separated from the African continent, therewere no members of the cat family, Felidae, on the island.

Outline how a fossa could have evolved from a much smaller, mongoose-like ancestor.

[4]

Allopatric speciation could have occured. The mongoose population undergoes random mutation and since the environmental factors are different, the selection pressure is different. Those with beneficial features have a higher chance of surviving and reproducing, passing on the alleles to the next generation. This is a directional selection.

(iii) Islands, such as Madagascar, often have species that are different from those on the nearest land mass because they are reproductively isolated.

State three other conditions that must be present in order for speciation to occur.

mutation directional selection time [3]

Total Marks for Question Set 11: 20



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