

A Level Biology A H420/01 Biological Processes

Question Set 20

20 (a) (i) Rubredoxin is a protein found in bacteria. It contains around 50 amino acids. One iron ion is bound by the sulphur atoms of four cysteine amino acids.



The structure of rubredoxin is shown in Fig. 20.1.



Rubredoxin is known as a conjugated protein.

			Use Fig. 20.1 to explain what is meant by the term conjugated protein.	[3]
20	(a)	(ii)	Using the information provided about rubredoxin, state two similarities between thestructures of rubredoxin and haemoglobin.	
			similarity 1	
			similarity 2	[2]
20	(a)	(iii)	Rubredoxin and haemoglobin have different secondary and tertiary structures.	
			Using the information provided about rubredoxin, state two other differences betweenthe structures of rubredoxin and haemoglobin.	
			difference 1	
			difference 2	[2]

20 (b) (i) Ferritin is a protein that is used to regulate iron levels within plant tissues.

It is a large spherical structure which can hold many iron (Fe³⁺) ions at its centre. Iron can be toxic to plant tissues. Ferritin prevents the build-up of iron.

Fig. 20.2 shows the internal structure of ferritin.



Fig. 20.2

Ferritin molecules can hold 4500 Fe³⁺ ions in the inner sphere.

It is thought that the Fe³⁺ ions are unable to occupy the total available volume of theinner sphere because other molecules are present in the inner sphere.

The volume of the inner sphere of the ferritin molecule is 268 nm^3 . The volume of an Fe³⁺ ion is $9.04 \times 10^{-4} \text{ nm}^3$.

Calculate the volume of the inner sphere **not** occupied by Fe³⁺ ions.

volume =nm³ [3]

20 (b) (ii) Explain how hydrophilic and hydrophobic interactions contribute to the spherical shape of ferritin.

[1]

Total Marks for Question Set 20: 11



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