MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

0625 PHYSICS

0625/63

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Page 2		Mark Scheme Syllabus		
	uge I	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2014 0625	Paper 63	
1	(a)	h_0 present and $H_0 = 84(.0)$ (cm)	[1]	
	(b)	suitable explanation, e.g. same no. of graduations between 60 cm mark and each end of mass owtte, or mark on <u>side</u> of rule and mass	[1]	
	(c)(d) h present and $H = 83(.0)$	[1]	
		$D = 1(.0)$ and $d \times D$ calculations correct: 60, 75, 100, 111, 100	[1]	
	(e)	$d \times D$ not constant / D doesn't always double when d halves owtte	[1]	
	(f)	(i) reference to mass/weight of rule	[1]	
		(ii) measure height at bench	[1]	
		subtract <i>H</i> ₀	[1]	
			[Total: 8]	
2	(a)	<i>θ</i> for A 76 (°C) <u>and</u> for B 79 (°C)	[1]	
	(b)	units all correct	[1]	
		<i>t</i> values correct 0, 30, 60, 90, 120, 150, 180	[1]	
	(c)	statement matching temperature changes with justification referring to results and involving correct comparative change in temperature	[1]	
		justification has specific mention of temperature change in the same time owtte	[1]	
	(d)	 appropriate source of inaccuracy <u>associated with procedure</u> e.g. any one from: water levels not the same thermometer scales not read at 90° initial temperatures different not able to stir water 		
		 not valid to still watch not waiting for temperature to stabilise initially/waiting time not long enough 	[1]	
	(e)	 any two factors relating to <u>apparatus</u> from: keep thermometer at same depth same size/thickness/material of test-tube / same test-tube 		
		 same vater levels/volume/quantity/amount of water same thickness/surface area of surface material 	[0]	
			[2]	
			[Total: 8]	

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	•	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2014	0625	63
3	(a)	$h_{\rm o} = 2.0({\rm cm})$		[1]
	(b)(c) $h_{\rm I} = 1.9 (\rm cm)$		[1]
		S values round to 1.1 (allow ecf), 1.3, 1.7, 2(.0), 2.2, 2.5		[1]
	(d)	graph: axes labelled with quantity and unit and in correct orientation appropriate scales plots correct to ½ small square well-judged straight line <u>and</u> thin continuous line, precise plots triangle method/information for gradient seen marked on graph		[1] [1] [1] [1] [1]
	(e)	(i) G calculated from at least ½ line		[1]
		(ii) f in range 15 – 19 (cm)		[1]
				[Total: 10]
4	(a)	 (i) (as θ increases) d increases (to a maximum at 40°/between 40° and 50°/between 30° and 40°) then decreases (ii) both in range 15 to 35 (cm) 		[1]
	(b)	 any suitable means of detecting <i>d</i> more easily, e.g. any one from: sand tray use of carbon paper ink on ball fixing rule to floor use of video reference to releasing ball remotely 		
		 mark approximate point <u>and</u> repeat to confirm 		[1]
	(c)	repeats owtte		[1]
		qualification or detail regarding repeats, e.g. repeat at each value of θ / repeat and take an average/take more sets of readings/repeat for θ value between those given in table	alues	[1]
				[Total: 5]

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5 (a) vo	Itmeter in parallel with lamp L and with correct symbol		[1]
(b)(c)	table: V = 1.7 (V) I = 0.18 (A) R = 9.4(4) ecf (b), 7.6/7.58 with 2 or 3 sig. figs. all units correct (V, A, Ω)		[1] [1] [1]
• •	atement matches results, with matching justification which refers to v o different'/'difference beyond limits of experimental accuracy' owtte	alues being	[1]
• •	np in circuit 1 brighter than in circuit 2 <u>d</u> has greater resistance		[1
(f) co	rrect circuit symbol for variable resistor (rectangle with strike-through	arrow only)	[1]
	nnected in correct series circuit		[1]

[Total: 9]