## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

## 0625 PHYSICS

0625/21

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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## NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS & OTHER MATTERS

- B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.
- M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.
- C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it, e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.
- A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.
- c.a.o. means "correct answer only".
- e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."
- e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".
- o.w.t.t.e. means "or words to that effect".
- Brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets, e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.
- <u>Underlining</u> indicates that this <u>must</u> be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.
- OR / or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.
- Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be understood to mean what we want, give credit.

## Significant figures

Answers are acceptable to any number of significant figures  $\geq$  2, except if specified otherwise, or if only 1 sig. fig. is appropriate.

- Units Incorrect units are not penalised, except where specified. More commonly, marks are allocated for specific units.
- Fractions These are only acceptable where specified.
- Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0.
- Ignore indicates that something which is not correct is disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.
- Not/NOT indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.

	Page 3			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
				IGCSE – October/November 2013	0625	21
1	(a)	(i)	7 mi	nutes 20 seconds		B1
		(ii)	440	(s)		C1
				ion by 40		C1
			11 (ទ	5)		A1
	(b)			) distance/time in any form		C1
		75/				C1
			n/s) ∽.6.8	3 (m/s) gains 2 marks as correctly using time 11(s) f	from (a)	A1
		NOL	.0. 0.0			[Total: 7]
2	(a)	(D :	= ) ma	ass/volume		C1
-	(4)		5/35			C1
				13 600		A1
				R kg/m <sup>3</sup> alue calculated, unit must agree with value)		B1
		nou	C. II V	alde calculated, unit must agree with value)		
	(b)	top	box t	icked (mass of water is less than mass of mercury)		B1
	(c)	(i)	mido	dle box ticked (stays the same)		B1
		(ii)	top k	pox ticked (decreases)		B1
						[Total: 7]
3	(a)	turr	nina e	ffect OR force x distance (between force and pive	ot)	B1
Ū	(u)	turr	inig o			51
	(b)	(i)	equa	al (magnitude) accept the same size/balanced		B1
				no turning effect is insufficient		5.4
				osite direction : CW moment = ACW moment scores both marks		B1
			11010			
		(ii)		pivot (however expressed) e.g. idea of where plank	in contact with log	B1
			<b>2</b> . up	owards accept up, vertically is insufficient		B1
						[Total: 5]

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				IGCSE – October/November 2013	0625	21		
4	(a)	<ul> <li>(a) number of (complete) vibrations/oscillations/waves per second/unit time note: rate of oscillations/vibrations scores both marks</li> </ul>						
	(b)	(i)	refer	cles/air/solid vibrates/is moved OR prongs push/co rence to/idea of (sound) waves of pressure/longitudinal/compressions/rarefactions		B1		
		(ii)		litude decreases o.w.t.t.e. e.g. smaller vibration of p slower vibrations / frequency decreases / less vibra		B1		
	<b>(iii)</b> pitc low			n er pitch / octave lower ignore lower/less sound NOT	louder/quieter	C1 A1		
						[Total: 8]		
5	(a)	the	rmom	leter		B1		
	(b)			eat loss/transfer eeps heat in/insulates		B1		
	(c)	finc finc sub	l mas l mas otract	OR scales, condone scale / weighing machine, access of empty beaker/container/apparatus, accept meas of beaker/container/apparatus + water, accept loo the two masses, accept use M = D x V wwweight/weigh instead of mass, ignore if subtraction	sure volume of wa k up density of wat	ter B1 er B1 B1		
	(d)	<ul> <li>(d) bubbles (ignore "of air")         (water) vapour accept "steam" or equivalent         temperature/thermometer reading stops rising         level of water decreases ignore evaporation         any 2</li> </ul>						
						[Total: 8]		
5	(a)	(i)		action ept refracted ray, ignore bends		B1		
		(ii)	45 (ʻ	°) condone no/incorrect unit		B1		
	(b)	(i)		acted down at first surface acted down at 2 <sup>nd</sup> surface		B1 B1		
		(ii)	X ma	arked above point where candidate's blue light hits	screen	B1		
						[Total: 5]		

	Page 5		5	Mark Scheme	Paper		
		Ŭ		IGCSE – October/November 2013	Syllabus 0625	21	
7	(a)	(i)	foca	l length indicated ± 0.2 cm		B1	
		(ii)	eithe	er principal focus clearly indicated		B1	
	(b)	inve	ninisho erted age di	ed stance less		B1 B1 B1	
	(c)	(c) any correct ray with appropriate refraction either at centre line or at <u>both</u> surface					
						[Total: 6]	
8	(a)	clo	ckwis	e from top:			
		$\in$		right		B1	
			$\left.\right)$	left		B1	
		$\left( -\right.$		right OR accept left if top compass is left		B1	
		sloj	ping a	away from letter N any angle from 🕥 up to	)	B1	
	(b)	no attr	effect effect acts acts			B1 B1 B1 B1	
						[Total: 8]	
9	(a)	res	istor			B1	
	(b)	(i)	6.0\	/ OR 6V, unity penalty applies		B1	
		(ii)	6.0\	/ OR 6V, unity penalty applies unless penalised in	(i), no e.c.f. from (i)	B1	
		(iii)	250	mA OR 0.25 A, unit penalty applies unless penalise	ed in <b>(i)</b> or <b>(ii)</b>	B1	
	(c)	6/0 24	OR 0	R 6/250	ree with value)	C1 C1 A1 B1	

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	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0625	21	
(d) (i) decr	eases		B1	
(ii) incre	eases		B1	
	anged pt no effect/none		B1	
			[Total: 11]	
l <b>0 (a)</b> motors c	orrectly connected in parallel across output		B1	
	$I_1/N_2$ in any form substitution e.g. 18/240 = $N_1/4800$		C1 C1 A1	
	t reduced speed NOT will not work		B1	
accept w	ill work/turn slowly		[Total: 5]	
1 (a) (i) 210	and 122 and 72		B1	
(ii) 40–6 45–5	60 (s) 55 (s)		C1 A1	
	background (radiation) OR any suitable example of background radiation accept radiation in the environment			
acceptia			[Total: 4]	
<b>2 (a)</b> 84			B1	
<b>(b)</b> 128			B1	
<b>(c) (i)</b> 84 o	r candidate's <b>(a)</b>		B1	
<b>(ii)</b> orbit	s OR shells OR outside nucleus		B1	
(d) 208 82			B1 B1	
			[Total: 6]	