UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/21

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS & OTHER MATTERS

- B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.
- M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.
- C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it. e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.
- A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.
- c.a.o. means "correct answer only".
- e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."
- e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".
- brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets.

e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

- <u>underlining</u> indicates that this <u>must</u> be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.
- OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.
- Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be understood to mean what we want, give credit.
- Significant Answers are acceptable to any number of significant figures ≥ 2, except if figures specified otherwise, or if only 1 sig. fig. is appropriate.
- Units Incorrect units are not penalised, except where specified. More commonly, marks are allocated for specific units.
- Fractions These are only acceptable where specified.
- Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0
- Ignore Indicates that something which is not correct is disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.

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Not/NOT Indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.

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1	(a)	(i)	вс			B1	
		(ii)	AB			B1	
	(b)	area under graph 0.5 × 15 × 5					
			37.5 (m)				
2	(a)	tape	e <u>mea</u>	asure OR trundle wheel OR laser measure IG	NORE metre rule	B1	
	(b)	(i)	cloc	k OR watch (any sort)		B1	
		(ii)	(star	clock/watch to zero OR note start time OR start rt clock/watch/timing) when wood seen to fall or equi o clock/watch/note time when wood reaches bridge 2	valent	B1 B1 B1	
		(iii)	•	ed = distance/ time in any form, letters, words, num	bers	C1	
			50/4 0.12			C1 A1	
			m/s			B1	[9]
•		<i>(</i> 1)					
3	(a)	(i)	•	nb-line (name or description) OR try-square and (h spirit level	horiz.) bench	B1	
		(ii)		joining A and D		M1	
			-	joining B and E rsection clearly labelled G (dependent on scoring be	oth M marks)	M1 A1	
	(b)			on centre line		B1	
		X c	learly	within semicircular portion, but not on surface		B1	[6]
4	(a)	dar	k spe	cks OR bright specks NOT molecules/particles		B1	
		mov	•	y/zigzag OR dancing about		C1 A1	
		Tan	aonn			7.11	
	(b)	Bro	wniai	n motion/movement		B1	
	(c)			/too small to see/very small fast/high kinetic energy		B1 B1	
				randomly/all directions		B1	[7]
5	(a)) × 3) (Hz)				C1 A1

PMT

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	(b) any figure between 20 and 50 inclusive AND any figure between 15,000 and 25,000 inclusive					
	(c) incre	(c) increases/rises				
6	(a) ultras	sound	B1			
	۲, ۲, ۲, ۱ ۱	nfra-red visible all 4 correct ultra-violet (any 2 correct B1) K-rays	B2			
	(ii) r	adio OR the top/first one	B1			
	(iii) i	nfra-red	B1			
	(iv) >	K-rays OR gamma rays	B1	[6]		
7	() ()	needle inside coil current through coil OR connect battery/power supply direct current OR d.c.	B1 M1			
	(OR a.c. and switch off before removing needle/ magnet	A1			
		reely suspend/pivot and see which end points N (or equivalent) OR see which end is <u>repelled</u> by N pole of a magnet	B1			
	• •	mooth curves leaving one end and going to the other (ignore any a nes crossing or meeting, even at ends	rrows) B1 B1	[6]		
8		ry/ammeter connected wrong way round negative of battery should go to negative of ammeter	B1			
	(allov	ect symbols for battery, ammeter and rheostat v common variants on battery/cell symbol) omponents in series	M1 A1			
	(c) voltm	neter (any recognisable symbol) clearly in parallel with coil	B1			
	(d) (i) 2	2.8 (A) and 12 (V) both	B1			
	• • •	ammeter increases voltmeter increases	B1 B1			
	• •	1.4 (A) OR half candidate's original reading 6 (V) OR half candidate's original reading	B1 B1	[9]		

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9	(a)	transform	ner (ignore step-up/down)		B1	
	(b)	X: 6	/22,000 OR 240/132,000 01818 to at least 4 dec. pl. OR 1/550 NOT 550		C1 A1 A1	
	(c)	thinner/s less cop less cabl		tras	B1+B1	[6]
10	(a)	(electric) force) charge OR charged body		B1 B1	
	(b)		closer together allow touching straight and equal angle (by eye) to vertical		M1 A1	
	(c)		ntal to left ally down add all 3 marked on his diagram1 e.e.o.c).	B2	
	(d)	zero or	0 or nothing		B1	[7]
11	(a)	(i) filam	nent/cathode clearly and correctly labelled		B1	
		(ii) anoo	de clearly and correctly labelled		B1	
	(b)	(i) batte	ery shown connected across filament (no e.c.f.)		B1	
		(ii) pow	ver supply connected between filament & anode (no	e.c.f.)	B1	
		(iii) strai	ight path shown along axis (no e.c.f.)		B1	
	(c)	bright sp	oot (or equivalent)		B1	
	(d)	spot mov	ves down		B1	[7]
12	(a)		orrectly plotted (±½ small square) −1 e.e.o.o. curve through candidate's points (by eye)		B2 B1	

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(b) (i)		ange 2.2–3.0 ange 18.0–19.0		B1 B1	
(ii)	•	-lives idate's 2 – candidate's 1)/2 .6 (days) e.c.f.		C1 C1 A1	[8]