UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/21

Paper 21 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME

B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.

M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.

C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it, e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.

A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.

c.a.o. means "correct answer only".

e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."

e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".

brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets, e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

<u>underlining</u> indicates that this <u>must</u> be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.

OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.

Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be understood to mean what we want, give credit.

Significant figures

Answers are acceptable to any number of significant figures > 2, except if specified otherwise, or if only 1 sig. fig. is appropriate.

Units Incorrect units are not penalised, except where specified. More commonly, marks are allocated for specific units.

Fractions These are only acceptable where specified.

Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0

Ignore Indicates that something which is not correct is disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.

Not/NOT Indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.

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			IGCSE – May/June 2012	0625	21
1	80	speed = distance ÷ time in any form OR (distance =) speed × time $80 \times \frac{1}{2}$ OR 80×0.5 40 (km)			C1 C1 A1
	(b) (i)	horiz at 80	t section of line: zontal line starting at zero time, any speed 0 km/hour n 0 to 0.5 hour, no further		M1 A1 A1
	(ii)	strai line	ond section of line: <u>ght</u> line sloping down starting at end of previous section and ending at 1 h idone not straight)	nour	B1 B1
			ending at 30 km/hour		B1
		verti	d section of line: ical/near vertical line down to 0 at 1 hour ire further sections of graph		B1 [Total: 10]
2) 84 – 53 31 (cm ³)			C1 A1
	(b) 238		05		C1 A1
	33 1.0	density = mass ÷ volume, however arranged 33 ÷ 31 e.c.f. (a) and (b) 1.0645161 correct to any no of sf > 2 don't accept fractions g/cm ³ accept kg/m ³ if clear attempt to convert to kg and m ³			
3	` '		N) arrow to right accept labelled "thrust" N) arrow to left accept labelled "friction"		B1 B1
	(b) (i)	to le	ft OR backward OR opposing motion		B1
	(ii)	45 0	000 (N)		B1
	(iii)		riction/air resistance/drag NOT wind/wheels/weight Γ if any incorrect extra e.g. weight		B1
	(c) (i)	acce	elerates OR speed increases OR moves faster		M1
	(ii)		of unbalanced force e.g. forward force > backward igger	force	A1 [Total : 7]

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		IGCSE – May/June 2012 062		21
4	(a) they/mothey/	C1 C1 A1 ck/off, B1		
	(b) (i) dec	reases		B1
	(ii) inci	reases		B1 [Total: 6]
5	(a) change	d/converted/transferred to other forms		B1
	(b) (i) 24 (kJ)		B1
	` '	a of wasted/lost it ignore sound		C1 A1
	(iii) 696	(iii) 696 OR 720 – candidate's (i), correctly evaluated		B1
	acc	a of not very good no e.c.f. ept "there is a lot of energy lost", accept calculation ore "not 100%"		B1 [Total: 6]
6	straight OR ray from	tip of object through optical centre of lens on after lens tip of object through F ₂ and on to lens to axis after lens		M1 A1 M1 A1
	(b) image o	(b) image drawn between candidate's intersection and the axis		
	(c) same si inverted real		า	B1 B1 B1
	(d) smaller closer to	o lens/to the left		B1 B1 [Total: 8]

	Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – May/June 2012	0625	21
7	(a) infra-red			B1
	(b) infra-red			B1
	(c) X-rays			B1
	(d) microwa	ves		B1 [Total: 4]
8	(a) (i) cha	rge(s) OR electron(s) NOT ions		B1
	(ii) (an)	ammeter		B1
	(iii) (a)	voltmeter		B1
	(b) (<i>R</i> =) <i>V</i> /. 9.6/0.8 12			C1 C1 A1
	Ω OR of	nm(s) OR volt/amp OR volts per amp		B1
	(c) (i) incr	eases		B1
	(ii) dec	reases OR e.c.f. from (i)		B1 [Total: 9]
9	(a) coil clea	rly and unambiguously indicated		B1
	ignore ir	strength/power of magnet acrease magnetism/ignore add core nagnets closer/bigger		
		current/voltage/energy from battery any 2 tronger/more powerful battery		B1 + B1
		number of turns (in coil) igger coil ignore rotations		
	(c) reverse	current OR reverse magnet/field however expre	essed	B1 [Total: 4]

	Page 6			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – May/June 2012 062		0625	21	
10	(a)	any variation of allow and				B1
	(b)	(i) plug switch			M1	
		(ii) exposed metal or equivalent OR not insulated OR (easy to get) shock			A1	
	(c)	(i) pull-cord switch			B1	
		(ii) idea that water/moisture conducts ignore shock covering/plastic/nylon is an insulator OR no metal is exposed			B1 B1	
	(d)	3 lamps connected in parallel with each other NOT if shorted out by switch or extra wire lamp combination (e.c.f.) in series with switch (e.c.f.) and supply accept any recognisable symbol, accept closed switch			B1 B1 [Total: 8]	
11	(a)	any downward deflection and no upward deflection curve, either all up or all down, from A to end of region between plates straight on from end of region between plates, towards BC				B1 M1 A1
	(b)	idea of deflection upwards/it goes upwards/it moves upwards no e.c.f. ignore opposite direction/opposite path				B1 [Total: 4]
12	(a)	thoriu	um (OR Th OR 232 OR 90		B1
	(b)	techr	netiu	ım OR Tc OR 99(m) OR 43		B1
	(c)	bariu silvei thoriu	ım C r OR um (OR Ba OR 139 OR 56 R Ag OR 110 OR 47 OR Th OR 232 OR 90		{B1 {B1
		NOT	E: te	echnetium + anything scores 1 mark, "all of them" so	cores 1 mark	
	(d)	silve	r OR	R Ag OR 110 OR 47		B1
	(e)	technetium OR Tc OR 99(m) OR 43 OR gamma NOT any extras			B1 [Total: 6]	