

## STATISTICS 2 (A) TEST PAPER 7 : ANSWERS AND MARK SCHEME

1. (a) If every rope were tested to breaking point, none would be left B2  
 (b) e.g. a production list of all the ropes manufactured B1 3
2.  $X \sim \text{Po}(\lambda)$  Under  $H_0$ ,  $P(X \leq 2) > 1\%$ ,  $P(X \leq 1) < 1\%$  M1 A1 A1  
 $X = 0$  or  $X = 1$  will lead to rejection of  $H_0$  at 1% level M1 A1 5
3. (a) Continuous uniform  $U[15, 30]$  Graph drawn B2 B2  
 (b)  $P(X > 20) = \frac{10}{15} = \frac{2}{3}$  M1 A1 A1 7
4. (a)  $X \sim B(50, p)$   $H_0 : p = 0.1$ ,  $H_1 : p > 0.1$  B1 B1  
 Under  $H_0$ ,  $P(X \geq 9) = 1 - P(X \leq 8) = 1 - 0.9421 = 0.0579$  M1 A1 A1  
 $> 5\%$ , so do not reject  $H_0$  A1  
 (b) Need  $P(X \geq n) < 0.01$ , so  $n = 11$  Need 11 faulty M1 M1 A1 9
5. (a) Mean =  $40/22 = 1.82$  Variance =  $112/22 - 1.818^2 = 1.79$  M1 A1 M1 A1  
 (b) mean  $\approx$  variance B1  
 (c) positive skewness B1  
 (d)  $P(X < 2) = e^{-2.4}(1 + 2.4) = 0.308$  M1 A1 A1  
 (e)  ${}^{22}C_{11} (0.308)^{11} (0.692)^{11} = 0.0293$  M1 A1 A1 12
6. (a) No. disapproving =  $X \sim B(10, 0.3)$   $P(X \leq 4) = 0.850$  B1 M1 A1  
 (b)  $P(X \leq 3) - P(X \leq 2) = 0.6496 - 0.3828 = 0.267$  M1 A1 A1  
 (c) No. approving is  $X \sim B(20, p)$   $H_0 : p = 0.7$ ,  $H_1 : p < 0.7$  B1 B1  
 Under  $H_0$ ,  $P(X \leq 9) = 0.0171 < 5\%$  so reject  $H_0$ , i.e. conclude M1 A1  
 that less than 70% actually do approve A1  
 (d) No. of approvals is  $B(500, 0.45) \approx N(225, 123.75)$ , so M1 A1  
 $P(X < 250) = P(X < 249.5) = P(Z < 24.5/11.12)$  M1 A1 A1  
 $= P(Z < 2.20) = 0.986$  M1 A1 18
7. (a) Graph sketched : straight lines joining  $(0, 0)$ ,  $(1, \frac{2}{3})$  and  $(3, 0)$  B3  
 (b)  $E(X) = \int_0^1 \frac{2}{3}x^2 dx + \int_1^3 x - \frac{1}{3}x^2 dx = \left[ \frac{2x^3}{9} \right]_0^1 + \left[ \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{9} \right]_1^3$  M1 A1 M1 A1  
 $= \frac{2}{9} + \frac{9}{2} - 3 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{9} = 1\frac{1}{3}$  A1  
 (c)  $E(X^2) = \int_0^1 \frac{2}{3}x^3 dx + \int_1^3 x^2 - \frac{1}{3}x^3 dx = \left[ \frac{x^4}{6} \right]_0^1 + \left[ \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{12} \right]_1^3$  M1 A1 M1 A1  
 $= \frac{1}{6} + 9 - \frac{81}{12} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{12} = 2\frac{1}{6}$  s.d. =  $\sqrt{0.389} = 0.624$  A1 M1 A1  
 (d)  $F(x) = \int_0^x \frac{2}{3}u du = \frac{x^2}{3}$  ( $0 \leq x < 1$ ) M1 A1  
 $F(x) = \frac{1}{3} + \int_1^x 1 - \frac{1}{3}u du = \left[ u - \frac{1}{6}u^2 \right]_1^x + \frac{1}{3} = x - \frac{1}{6}x^2 - \frac{1}{2}$  M1 A1 M1 A1  
 ( $1 \leq x \leq 3$ ) 21