

**C3 EXPONENTIALS AND LOGARITHMS**
**Answers - Worksheet A**

- 1    **a** 20.1            **b** 0.135            **c** 13.6            **d** -0.598            **e** 1.97            **f** 0.434
- 2    **a** = 4            **b** =  $e^{\ln 3} = 3$     **c** =  $2e^{\ln \frac{1}{6}} = \frac{1}{3}$     **d** = 7            **e** =  $\ln e^{-1} = -1$     **f** = -0.5
- 3    **a**  $x = 4$             **b**  $x = 17$             **c**  $x^2 = 25$   
 $x > 0 \therefore x = 5$             **d**  $\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{3}$   
 $x = 3$
- 4    **a**  $x = e^{15}$             **b**  $\ln t = 6$   
 $t = e^6$             **c**  $x - 4 = e^7$   
 $x = e^7 + 4$
- d**  $\ln 5y = 8$             **e**  $\frac{1}{2}x + 3 = e^{2.5}$             **f**  $4 - 3x = e^{11}$   
 $5y = e^8$              $\frac{1}{2}x = e^{2.5} - 3$              $3x = 4 - e^{11}$   
 $y = \frac{1}{5}e^8$              $x = 2e^{2.5} - 6$              $x = \frac{1}{3}(4 - e^{11})$
- 5    **a**  $x = \ln 0.7$             **b**  $e^y = 2$   
 $y = \ln 2$             **c**  $5x = \ln 3$   
 $x = \frac{1}{5} \ln 3$
- d**  $4t + 1 = \ln 12$             **e**  $e^{2x-3} = 14$             **f**  $e^{4-5x} = \frac{7}{2}$   
 $t = \frac{1}{4}(\ln 12 - 1)$              $2x - 3 = \ln 14$              $4 - 5x = \ln \frac{7}{2}$   
 $x = \frac{1}{2}(\ln 14 + 3)$              $x = \frac{1}{5}(4 - \ln \frac{7}{2})$
- 6    **a**  $e^x = 12$             **b**  $15x - 7 = e^4$             **c**  $e^{\frac{1}{2}y+3} = \frac{11}{4}$   
 $x = \ln 12 = 2.48$              $x = \frac{1}{15}(e^4 + 7) = 4.11$              $\frac{1}{2}y + 3 = \ln \frac{11}{4}$   
 $y = 2(\ln \frac{11}{4} - 3) = -3.98$
- d**  $\ln(5 - 2x) = \frac{7}{3}$             **e**  $10 - 3y = e^e$             **f**  $2 \ln x + 3 \ln x = 19$   
 $5 - 2x = e^{\frac{7}{3}}$              $y = \frac{1}{3}(10 - e^e) = -1.72$              $\ln x = \frac{19}{5}$   
 $x = \frac{1}{2}(5 - e^{\frac{7}{3}}) = -2.66$              $x = e^{\frac{19}{5}} = 44.70$
- g**  $e^{\frac{2}{3}x} = 3$             **h**  $e^{3t-1} = 4$             **i**  $\ln \frac{2x-5}{x} = \frac{1}{4}$   
 $\frac{2}{3}x = \ln 3$              $3t - 1 = \ln 4$              $2x - 5 = e^{\frac{1}{4}}x$   
 $x = \frac{3}{2} \ln 3 = 0.49$              $t = \frac{1}{3}(\ln 4 + 1) = 0.80$              $(2 - e^{\frac{1}{4}})x = 5$   
 $x = \frac{5}{2 - e^{\frac{1}{4}}} = 6.98$
- 7     $2e^{2x} - 11e^x + 12 = 0$   
 $(2e^x - 3)(e^x - 4) = 0$   
 $e^x = \frac{3}{2}, 4$   
 $x = \ln \frac{3}{2}, \ln 4$

$$8 \quad \mathbf{a} \quad = \frac{(3x-4)(x-2)}{(x-2)(x-3)} = \frac{3x-4}{x-3}$$

$$\mathbf{b} \quad \ln \frac{3x^2-10x+8}{x^2-5x+6} = \ln 2x$$

$$\frac{3x^2-10x+8}{x^2-5x+6} = 2x$$

$$\frac{3x-4}{x-3} = 2x$$

$$3x-4 = 2x(x-3)$$

$$2x^2-9x+4=0$$

$$(2x-1)(x-4)=0$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}, 4$$

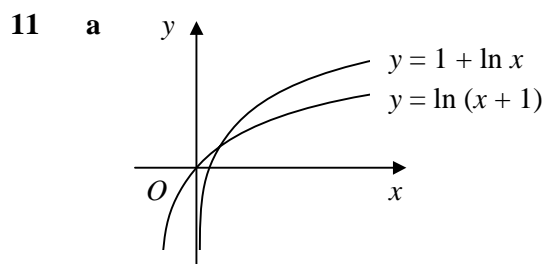
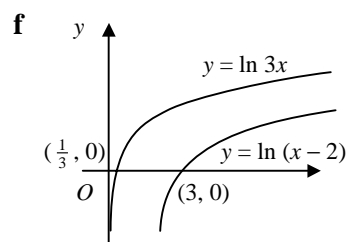
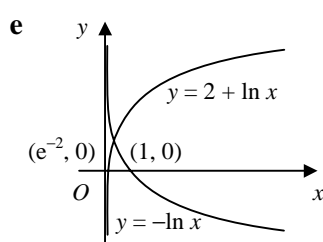
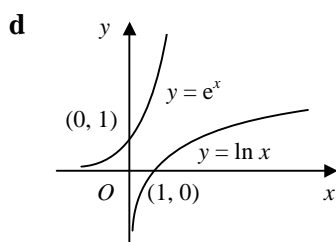
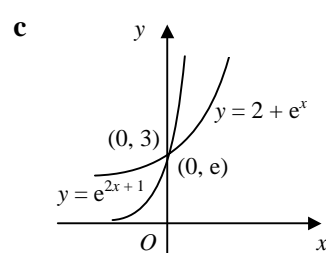
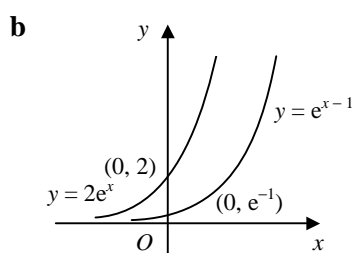
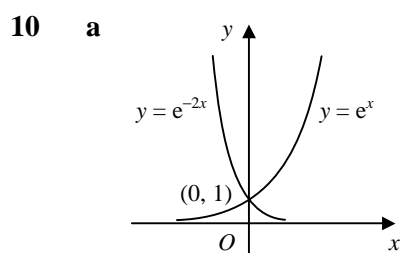
$$9 \quad e^{5y} - x = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad 5y = \ln x$$

$$\ln x^4 = 7 - y \quad \Rightarrow \quad 4 \ln x = 7 - y$$

$$\text{sub.} \quad 20y = 7 - y$$

$$y = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\therefore x = e^{\frac{5}{3}} = 5.29, y = 0.33$$



$$\mathbf{b} \quad \ln(x+1) = 1 + \ln x$$

$$\ln(x+1) - \ln x = 1$$

$$\ln \frac{x+1}{x} = 1$$

$$\frac{x+1}{x} = e$$

$$x+1 = ex$$

$$1 = x(e-1)$$

$$x = \frac{1}{e-1}$$

12 a 3

$$\text{b } x = 0 \therefore y = 3 + e^{-1}$$

$$\therefore (0, 3 + e^{-1})$$

$$\text{c } 3 + e^{2x-1} = 7$$

$$e^{2x-1} = 4$$

$$2x - 1 = \ln 4$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \ln 4)$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2} + \ln 2$$

13 a  $t = 10, N = 50e^{-2} = 6.77$  (3sf)

$$\text{b } 3 = 50e^{-0.2t}$$

$$t = -5 \ln \frac{3}{50} = 14.1$$
 (3sf)

14 a  $160 = 240e^{180k}$ 

$$k = \frac{1}{180} \ln \frac{2}{3} = -0.00225$$
 (3sf)

$$\text{b } m = 240e^{-0.002253t}$$

$$120 = 240e^{-0.002253t}$$

$$t = \frac{-1}{0.002253} \ln \frac{1}{2} = 308$$
 years (3sf)

15 a  $t = 15, N = 20e^{0.6} = 36.4$  (3sf)

$$\text{b i } k = 20e^{0.04t}$$

$$t = \frac{\ln(\frac{k}{20})}{0.04} = 25 \ln \frac{k}{20}$$

$$\text{ii } 2k = 20e^{0.04t}$$

$$t = \frac{\ln(\frac{k}{10})}{0.04} = 25 \ln \frac{k}{10}$$

c time for  $N$  to increase from  $k$  to  $2k$ 

$$= 25 \ln \frac{k}{10} - 25 \ln \frac{k}{20}$$

$$= 25 \ln \frac{(\frac{k}{10})}{(\frac{k}{20})}$$

$$= 25 \ln 2$$

$\therefore$  time for  $N$  to double is constant

16 a  $300 = N_0e^{10k} \Rightarrow N_0 = \frac{300}{e^{10k}}$ 

$$225 = N_0e^{20k}$$

$$\therefore 225 = \frac{300}{e^{10k}} \times e^{20k}$$

$$e^{10k} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$k = \frac{1}{10} \ln \frac{3}{4} = -0.0288$$
 (3sf)

$$N_0 = \frac{300}{\frac{3}{4}} = 400$$

$$\text{b } N = 400e^{-0.02877t}$$

$$150 = 400e^{-0.02877t}$$

$$t = \frac{-1}{0.02877} \ln \frac{3}{8} = 34.1$$
 (3sf)