

| Question | Answer  |   | Guidance   |
|----------|---|---|--|
| (a) (i   | <ul> <li>i) (The enthalpy change that accompanies)<br/>the formation of one mole of a(n ionic) compound<br/>from its gaseous ions (under standard conditions) √√</li> </ul> | 2 | IGNORE 'Energy needed' OR 'energy required'<br>ALLOW one mole of compound is formed/made from its<br>gaseous ions<br>ALLOW as alternative for compound: lattice, crystal,<br>substance, solid                        |
|          | Award marks as follows.<br><b>1st mark: formation</b> of <b>compound</b> from <b>gaseous ions</b><br><b>2nd mark: one mole</b> for compound <b>only</b>                     |   | <b>IGNORE</b> : $Fe^{2+}(g) + 2I^{-}(g) \longrightarrow Fel_{2}(s)$<br>(Part of cycle)   |
|          | DO NOT ALLOW 2nd mark without 1st mark  |   | ALLOW 1 mark for absence of 'gaseous' only, i.e. the <b>formation</b> of <b>one mole</b> of a(n ionic) compound from its <b>ions</b> (under standard conditions) ✓   |
|          | <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> any marks for a definition for enthalpy change of <b>formation BUT</b> note the two concessions in guidance   |   | <b>ALLOW</b> 1 mark for $\Delta H_{\rm f}$ definition with 'gaseous':<br>the <b>formation</b> of <b>one mole</b> of a(n ionic) compound<br>from its <b>gaseous</b> elements (under standard conditions) $\checkmark$ |

| uestion   | Answer   | Marks | Guidance   |
|-----------|--|-------|--|
| (a) (iii) | IF answer = -2473 (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> ) award 2 marks<br>(-113) = 416 + (2 × +107) + 759 + 1561 + (2 × -295) + $\Delta H_{LE}$ (Fel <sub>2</sub> )   |       | <ul> <li>IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below.</li> <li>See list below for marking of answers from common errors</li> </ul>   |
|           | OR<br>$\Delta H_{LE}(Fel_2) =$<br>$-113 - (416 + (2 \times +107) + 759 + 1561 + (2 \times -295))$<br>OR $-113 - 2360 \checkmark$<br>$= -2473 \checkmark (kJ mol^{-1})$   | 2     | ALLOW for 1 mark: $+2473$ wrong sign $-2661$ 107 and $-295$ used instead of $2 \times 107$ and $2 \times -295$ $-236$ $+107$ used instead of $2 \times 107$ $-276$ $-295$ used instead of $2 \times -295$ $-365$ wrong sign for 295 $-224$ wrong sign for 113 $-164$ wrong sign for $2 \times 107$ $-95$ wrong sign for $750$ $+64$ wrong sign for $1561$ $-365$ wrong sign for $2 \times -295$  |
|           |  |       | <b>CHECK</b> for <b>ECF</b> from 1st marking point for expressions<br>with <b>ONE</b> error only<br>e.g. one transcription error: e.g. +461 instead of +416  |
| (b) (i)   | Fe <sup>2+</sup> : 1s <sup>2</sup> 2s <sup>2</sup> 2p <sup>6</sup> 3s <sup>2</sup> 3p <sup>6</sup> 3d <sup>6</sup> ✓<br>Br <sup>−</sup> : 1s <sup>2</sup> 2s <sup>2</sup> 2p <sup>6</sup> 3s <sup>2</sup> 3p <sup>6</sup> 3d <sup>10</sup> 4s <sup>2</sup> 4p <sup>6</sup> ✓ | 2     | ALLOW 4s before 3d, ie 1s <sup>2</sup> 2s <sup>2</sup> 2p <sup>6</sup> 3s <sup>2</sup> 3p <sup>6</sup> 4s <sup>2</sup> 3d <sup>10</sup> 4p <sup>6</sup><br>ALLOW 1s <sup>2</sup> written after answer prompt ( <i>ie</i> 1s <sup>2</sup> twice)<br>ALLOW upper case D, etc and subscripts, e.g4S <sub>2</sub> 3D<br>ALLOW for Fe <sup>2+</sup> 4s <sup>0</sup><br>DO NOT ALLOW [Ar] as shorthand for 1s <sup>2</sup> 2s <sup>2</sup> 2p <sup>6</sup> 3s <sup>2</sup> 3p <sup>6</sup> |
|           |  |       | Look carefully at 1s <sup>2</sup> 2s <sup>2</sup> 2p <sup>6</sup> 3s <sup>2</sup> 3p <sup>6</sup> – there may be a mistake   |

| uestion | Answer  | Marks | Guidance  |
|---------|---|-------|---|
| (b) (i  |   |       | FULL ANNOTATIONS NEEDED   |
|         | With Cl <sub>2</sub> <b>AND</b> Br <sub>2</sub> <b>AND</b> I <sub>2</sub><br>products are Fe <sup>2+</sup> (AND halide ion)<br>FeCl <sub>2</sub> <b>AND</b> FeBr <sub>2</sub> <b>AND</b> Fel <sub>2</sub> ✓ |       | ALLOW products within equations (even if equations are not balanced)<br>IF stated, IGNORE reactants   |
|         | OR<br>Evidence that two electrode potentials have been compared for at<br>least ONE reaction, ✓<br>e.g. Fe –0.44 AND Cl <sub>2</sub> +1.36<br>e.g. Iron has more/most negative electrode potential          |       | <b>ALLOW</b> response in terms of positive 'cell reactions',<br>e.g Fe + Cl <sub>2</sub> $\rightarrow$ Fe <sup>2+</sup> + 2Cl <sup>-</sup> $E$ = (+)1.80 V<br><b>IGNORE</b> comments about reducing and oxidising agents<br>and electrons |
|         | With Cl <sub>2</sub> <b>AND</b> Br <sub>2</sub> ,<br>products are Fe <sup>3+</sup> (AND halide ion)<br>FeCl <sub>3</sub> <b>AND</b> FeBr <sub>3</sub> ✓   | 3     |   |
| (c)     | <b>BR</b> TH EQUATIONS REQUIRE IONS PROVIDED IN QUESTION<br>Reaction 1: 2 marks   |       | ALLOW correct multiples throughout<br>ALLOW equilibrium signs in all equations  |
|         | <b>1st mark</b> for <b>ALL CORRECT species</b><br>e.g.: $Fe^{2+} + NO_3^- + H^+ \rightarrow Fe^{3+} + NO + H_2O$  |       | For 1st mark, IGNORE e <sup>−</sup> present   |
|         | 2nd mark for CORRECT balanced equation<br>$3Fe^{2+} + NO_3^- + 4H^+ \rightarrow 3Fe^{3+} + NO + 2H_2O \checkmark\checkmark$   |       |   |
|         | <b>Reaction 2: 1 mark</b><br>${}_{2}O)_{6}]^{2+}$ + NO → [Fe(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>5</sub> NO] <sup>2+</sup> + H <sub>2</sub> O ✓  | 3     | Check carefully for correct charges   |
| 1 1     | [Fe(H Total   | 16    |   |

| C | Questi | on  | Answer  | Marks | Guidance  |
|---|--------|-----|---|-------|---|
| 2 | (a)    | (i) | $2K^{+}(g) + S^{2-}(g) \checkmark$ $2K^{+}(g) + S^{-}(g) + e^{-}$ $2K(g) + S(g)$ $\checkmark$ | 3     | Mark each marking point independently<br>Correct species <b>AND</b> state symbols required for each mark<br>For S <sup>2–</sup> , <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> S <sup>-2</sup><br>For e <sup>–</sup> , <b>ALLOW</b> e<br>For e <sup>–</sup> <b>only</b> , <b>IGNORE</b> any state symbols added<br><b>ALLOW</b> k and s<br><i>It can be very difficult distinguishing K from k; S from s</i> |

| (a) | (ii) | (The enthalpy change that accompanies)<br>the <b>formation</b> of <b>one mole</b> of $a(n \text{ ionic})$ compound<br>from its <b>gaseous ions</b> (under standard conditions) $\checkmark \checkmark$ | 2 | IGNORE 'Energy needed' OR 'energy required'<br>ALLOW one mole of compound is formed/made from its<br>gaseous ions<br>ALLOW as alternative for compound: lattice, crystal, substance,<br>solid |
|-----|------|--|---|---|
|     |      | Award marks as follows.<br>1st mark: formation of compound from gaseous ions<br>2nd mark: one mole for compound only   |   | <b>IGNORE</b> : $2K^{+}(g) + S^{2-}(g) \longrightarrow K_2S(s)$<br>(question asks for words)  |
|     |      | <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 2nd mark without 1st mark<br>Note: A definition for enthalpy change of <b>formation</b> will<br>receive <b>no</b> marks  |   | ALLOW 1 mark (special case) for absence of 'gaseous' only,<br>i.e.<br>the <b>formation</b> of <b>one mole</b> of a(n ionic) compound<br>from its <b>ions</b> (under standard conditions) ✓    |
|     |      |  |   |   |

| (a) (iii) | FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE<br>IF answer = –2116 (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> ) award 2 marks   |   | IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below.<br>See list below for marking of answers from common errors  |  |
|-----------|---|---|---|--|
|           | -381 - (2 × +89 + 279 + 2 × +419 -200 + 640) ✓<br>-381 - 1735<br>= - 2116 ✓ (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> ) | 2 | ALLOW for 1 mark ONE mistake with sign OR use of 2:<br>-2027 ( $2 \times 89$ not used for K)<br>-1697 ( $2 \times 419$ not used for K)<br>-2516 (+200 rather than -200 for S 1st electron affinity)<br>(+)2116 (wrong sign)<br>-1354 (+381 instead of -381)<br>(+)1354 (+1735 instead of -1735)<br>-836 (-640 instead of +640)<br>-1558 (-279 instead of +279)<br>-1760 (-2 × 89 instead of +2 × 89)<br>-439 (-2 × 419 instead of +2 × 419)<br>-2120 (rounded to 3SF)<br>For other answers, check for a single transcription error or<br>calculator error which could merit 1 mark<br>DO NOT ALLOW any other answers, e.g.<br>-1608 (2 errors: $2 \times 89$ and $2 \times 419$ not used for K)<br>-846 (3 errors:) |  |

| (b) | Lowest melting point <b>KI</b>  |    | FULL ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED  |
|-----|---|----|--|
|     | RbCl  |    | ORA throughout   |
|     | Highest melting point <b>NaBr</b> Correct order ✓   |    | Response must clearly refer to <b>ions</b> for explanation marks   |
|     | Mark 2nd and 3rd marking points independently   |    | 2nd and 3rd marking point must be comparative  |
|     | Attraction and ionic size linked:<br>Greater attraction from smaller ions/closer ions/larger<br>charge density ✓<br><i>Comparison needed</i>              |    | DO NOT ALLOW incorrect named particles, e.g.<br>'atoms', 'molecules', Na, Cl, Cl <sub>2</sub> , 'atomic', etc<br>DO NOT ALLOW responses using nuclear size or attraction<br>DO NOT ALLOW responses linked with <b>loss</b> of electrons  |
|     |   |    | IGNORE larger electron density<br>ALLOW smaller sum of radii gives a greater ionic attraction<br>IGNORE NaBr has greater ionic attraction<br>IGNORE NaBr has smallest ionic radius<br>(not focussing on size of each ion)  |
|     | Energy AND attraction/breaking bonds linked:<br>More energy/heat to overcome attraction (between ions)<br>OR<br>More energy/heat to break (ionic) bonds ✓ | 3  | ASSUME bonds broken are ionic unless otherwise stated<br>DO NOT ALLOW incorrect named particles, e.g.<br>'atoms', 'molecules', Na, Cl, Cl <sub>2</sub> , 'atomic', etc<br>Note: Comparison for energy only ( <i>i.e. link between more</i><br><i>energy and breaking bonds/overcoming attraction</i> ) |
|     | Total   | 10 |  |

| C | Quest | ion  | Answer  | Marks | Guidance  |
|---|-------|------|---|-------|---|
| 3 | (a)   |      | (The enthalpy change that accompanies)<br>the formation of <b>one mole</b> of a(n ionic) compound ✓<br>from its <b>gaseous ions</b> (under standard conditions) ✓             | 2     | <ul> <li>IGNORE 'energy needed' OR 'energy required'</li> <li>ALLOW as alternative for compound: lattice, crystal, substance, solid</li> <li>Note:</li> <li>1st mark requires 1 mole</li> <li>2nd mark requires gaseous ions</li> <li>IF candidate response has '1 mole of gaseous ions', award 2nd mark but NOT 1st mark</li> </ul>                          |
|   | (b)   | (i)  | $Ca^{2+}(g) + O^{2-}(g)$ $Ca^{2+}(g) + O(g) + 2e^{-}$ $Step G$  | 2     | Correct species <b>AND</b> state symbols required for both<br>marks<br>2e <sup>-</sup> required for left-hand response<br><b>ALLOW</b> e for e <sup>-</sup><br>Mark each marking point independently  |
|   |       | (ii) | <ul> <li>(enthalpy change of) formation (of calcium oxide) ✓</li> <li>(enthalpy change of) atomisation of oxygen ✓</li> <li>Second electron affinity (of oxygen) ✓</li> </ul> | 3     | calcium oxide <b>not</b> required for this mark<br><b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'lattice formation' ( <i>confusion with LE</i> )<br>atomisation <b>AND</b> oxygen/O <sub>2</sub> /½O <sub>2</sub> /O both required<br>( <i>atomisation of calcium is also in cycle</i> )<br><b>IGNORE</b> oxygen or oxygen species, e.g. O <sup>-</sup><br><b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> calcium |

| Question              | Answer   | Marks      | Guidance   |
|-----------------------|--|------------|--|
| Question<br>(b) (iii) | Answer         FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE         IF answer = $-3454$ (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> ) award 2 marks        635 = $178 + 249 + 590 + 1145 + (-141) + 798 + \Delta H_{LE}(CaO)$ OR         -635 - $[178 + 249 + 590 + 1145 + (-141) + 798]$ OR         -635 - $[178 + 249 + 590 + 1145 + (-141) + 798]$ OR         -635 - $[178 + 249 + 590 + 1145 + (-141) + 798]$ OR         -635 - $2819 \checkmark$ = $-3454 \checkmark$ (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> ) | Marks<br>2 | GuidanceIF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is<br>any ECF credit possible using working below. See list<br>below for marking of answers from common errorsIst mark for expression linking $\Delta H_{LE}$ (CaO) with $\Delta H$ values<br>ALLOW LE for $\Delta H_{LE}$ ALLOW for 1 mark:<br>-3736<br>(+)3454<br>(+)3454<br> |
|                       |  |            | Any other number: <b>CHECK</b> for <b>ECF</b> from 1st marking point<br>Award 1 mark for <b>one</b> transcription error only and<br>everything else correct: e.g. +187 instead of +178<br><b>IF</b> any value has been omitted, award zero   |

| Question | Answer  | Marks     | Guidance  |
|----------|---|-----------|---|
| (c)      | <ul> <li>For first 2 marks,</li> <li>IGNORE nuclear attraction OR proton attraction</li> <li>Property AND effect required</li> <li>IGNORE 'atomic' and 'atoms' and 'molecules' and assume to</li> <li>IGNORE LE increases OR LE decreases</li> <li>IGNORE bond strength; strength of ionic bonds</li> </ul> | hat 'size | ' and 'charge' refers to ions   |
|          | First 2 marks<br>Decrease in (ionic) size<br>AND<br>more negative LE OR more exothermic OR more attraction ✓  | 3         | ANNOTATE WITH TICKS AND CROSSES, etc<br>ORA throughout  |
|          | Increase in (ionic) charge <b>OR</b> charge density<br><b>AND</b><br><b>more negative</b> LE <b>OR</b> more <b>exo</b> thermic <b>OR</b> more attraction ✓  |           | ALLOW pull for attraction<br>IGNORE just 'greater force' ( <i>could be repulsion</i> )<br>IGNORE responses in terms of packing<br>IGNORE electron density<br>IGNORE lower/higher LE |
|          | Link between LE and attraction<br>Lattice enthalpy correctly linked to attraction between <b>IONS</b> at<br>least once $\checkmark$<br>e.g. Greater attraction between <b>ions</b> gives <b>more negative</b> LE  |           | For 3rd marking point ONLY, IONS is essential;<br>DO NOT ALLOW attraction between atoms or molecules<br>DO NOT ALLOW nuclear attraction   |
|          | Total   | 12        |   |

| Q | uestio | on | Answer  | Marks | Guidance   |
|---|--------|----|---|-------|--|
| 4 | (a)    |    | (The enthalpy change that accompanies)<br>the formation of <b>one mole</b> of a(n ionic) compound ✓<br>from its <b>gaseous ions</b> ✓ (under standard conditions) | 2     | IGNORE 'Energy needed' OR 'energy required'<br>ALLOW as alternative for compound: lattice, crystal,<br>substance, solid, product<br>Note: 1st mark requires 1 mole<br>2nd mark requires gaseous ions<br>IF candidate response has '1 mole of gaseous ions',<br>award 2nd mark but NOT 1st mark<br>IGNORE reference to 'constituent elements'<br>IGNORE: Li <sup>+</sup> (g) + F <sup>-</sup> (g) $\longrightarrow$ LiF(s)<br>Question asks for a definition, not an equation |

| Question | Answer  | Marks | Guidance  |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| (a)      | (The enthalpy change that accompanies)<br>the formation of one mole of a(n ionic) compound ✓<br>from its gaseous ions ✓ (under standard conditions) | 2     | IGNORE 'Energy needed' OR 'energy required'<br>ALLOW as alternative for compound: lattice, crystal,<br>substance, solid, product<br>Note: 1st mark requires <b>1 mole</b><br>2nd mark requires <b>gaseous ions</b><br>IF candidate response has '1 mole of gaseous ions',<br>award 2nd mark but NOT 1st mark<br>IGNORE reference to 'constituent elements'<br>IGNORE: Li <sup>+</sup> (g) + F <sup>-</sup> (g) $\longrightarrow$ LiF(s)<br><i>Question asks for a definition, not an equation</i> |

| Question | Answer  | Marks | Guidance   |
|----------|---|-------|--|
| (b) (i)  | <ol> <li>Mark Line 1 first as below (right or wrong)</li> <li>Mark Line 4 as below (right or wrong)</li> <li>Mark difference in species on Line 1 and Line 2<br/>MUST match one of the enthalpy changes in the table:<br/>atomisation of Li(s)<br/>atomisation of ½F2(g)<br/>first ionisation energy of Li(g)</li> <li>Repeat for differences on Line 2 and Line 3</li> </ol> |       | ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED<br>ALLOW marks by ECF as follows:<br>Follow order at top of Answer column   |
|          | 4 $Li^+(g) + F(g) + e^-$<br>3 $Li(g) + F(g)$<br>2 $Li(g) + \frac{1}{2}F_2(g)$<br>1 $Li(g) + \frac{1}{2}F_2(g)$<br>Correct species and state symbols required for all marks<br>IF an electron has formed, it MUST be shown as $e^-$ OR e   | 4     | ALLOW atomisation of $\frac{1}{2}F_2(g)$<br>before atomisation of Li(g):<br>4 $\frac{\text{Li}^+(g) + F(g) + e^-}{4}$<br>3 $\frac{\text{Li}(g) + F(g)}{4} + \frac{F(g)}{4}$<br>2 $\frac{\text{Li}(g) + F(g)}{4} + \frac{F(g)}{4}$<br>4 $\frac{\text{Li}^+(g) + F(g) + e^-}{4}$<br>3 $\frac{\text{Li}^+(g) + e^- + \frac{1}{2}F_2(g)}{4}$<br>2 $\frac{\text{Li}(g) + \frac{1}{2}F_2(g)}{4}$<br>4 $\frac{\text{Li}^+(g) + e^- + \frac{1}{2}F_2(g)}{4}$<br>2 $\frac{\text{Li}(g) + \frac{1}{2}F_2(g)}{4}$<br>4 $\frac{\text{Li}^+(g) + e^- + \frac{1}{2}F_2(g)}{4}$<br>4 $\frac{\text{Li}^+(g) + e^- + \frac{1}{2}F_2(g)}{4}$<br>2 $\frac{\text{Li}(g) + \frac{1}{2}F_2(g)}{4}$<br>4 $\frac{\text{Li}^+(g) + e^- + \frac{1}{2}F_2(g)}{4}$<br>4 $\frac{\text{Li}^+(g) + \frac{1}{2}F_2(g)}{4}$<br>4 $\frac{\text{Li}^+(g) + \frac{1}{2}F_2(g)}{4}$<br>4 $\frac{1}{2}$<br>4 $\frac{1}{$ |

| Question | Answer  | Marks | Guidance  |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| (b) (    | iii) FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE<br>IF answer = -1046 (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> ) award 2 marks<br>(-616) = (+159) + (+79) + (+520) + (-328) + $\Delta H_{LE}$ (LiF)<br>OR<br>$\Delta H_{LE}$ (LiF) = (-616) -[ (+159) + (+79) + (+520) + (-328) ]<br>$\checkmark$<br>= -616 - 430<br>= -1046 (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> ) $\checkmark$ | 2     | IF there is an alternative answer, check the list below for<br>marking of answers from common errors<br>ALLOW for 1 mark:<br>+1046 wrong sign<br>-18 +430 instead of -430<br>+18 +616 instead of -616<br>-1006.5 (+79) $\Delta H_{at}(F)$ halved to +39.5<br>-170 wrong sign for 328<br>Any other number:<br>CHECK for ECF from 1st marking point for expressions with<br>ONE error only<br>e.g. one transcription error: e.g. +195 instead of +159 |
| (c)      | $\Delta H < T\Delta S  OR \Delta H - T\Delta S < 0$ OR $\Delta H \text{ is more negative than } T\Delta S$ OR Negative value of $\Delta H$ is more significant than negative value of $T\Delta S \checkmark$  | 1     | ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED         ALLOW 'exothermic' for negative         ALLOW a negative lattice energy value         ALLOW $\Delta H$ is negative AND         magnitude of $\Delta H$ > magnitude of $T\Delta S$ IGNORE ONLY magnitude of $\Delta H$ > magnitude of $T\Delta S$   |

| Question | Answer   | Marks | Guidance   |  |  |
|----------|--|-------|--|--|--|
| (d)      | For FIRST TWO marking points, assume that the following refer to 'ions', Mg <sup>2+</sup> , etc.       DO NOT ALLOW molecules         For 'ions', ALLOW 'atoms'       ALLOW fatoms'         For Mg <sup>2+</sup> , Na <sup>+</sup> , Cl <sup>-</sup> and F <sup>-</sup> , ALLOW symbols: Mg, Na, Cl and F       ALLOW names: magnesium, sodium, chlorine, chloride, fluorine, fluoride <i>i.e.</i> ALLOW Mg has a smaller (atomic) radius       For THIRD marking point, IONS must be used |       |  |  |  |
|          | Comparison of size of anions<br>Chloride ion OR Cl⁻ is larger (than F⁻)<br>OR Cl⁻ has smaller charge density (than F⁻) ✓   |       | ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED<br>ORA<br>F <sup>-</sup> is smaller<br>OR<br>F <sup>-</sup> has a larger charge density ✓<br>IGNORE just Cl <sup>-</sup> is large comparison required   |  |  |
|          | Comparison of size AND charge of cations<br>Mg <sup>2+</sup> is smaller (than Na <sup>+</sup> )<br>AND<br>Mg <sup>2+</sup> has a greater charge (than Na <sup>+</sup> ) ✓  |       | ORA:<br>Na <sup>+</sup> is larger AND Na <sup>+</sup> has a smaller charge ✓<br>IGNORE just Mg <sup>2+</sup> is small comparison required<br>ALLOW 'greater charge density' for 'greater charge' but NOT<br>for smaller size   |  |  |
|          | Comparison of attraction between ions<br>F <sup>-</sup> has greater attraction for Na <sup>+</sup> / + ions<br>AND<br>Mg <sup>2+</sup> has greater attraction for F <sup>-</sup> / – ions ✓<br>Quality of Written Communication:   | 3     | <ul> <li>+ AND – IONS must be used for this mark</li> <li>IGNORE greater attraction between ions in NaF AND MgF<sub>2</sub></li> <li>+ AND – ions OR oppositely charged ions are required</li> <li>ASSUME attraction to be electrostatic unless stated otherwise:</li> <li>e.g. DO NOT ALLOW nuclear attraction</li> </ul> |  |  |
|          | Third mark needs to link ionic size and ionic charge with the attraction that results in lattice enthalpy  |       | ALLOW pull for attraction<br>ALLOW 'attracts with more force' for greater attraction<br>IGNORE just 'greater force' ( <i>could be repulsion</i> )<br>IGNORE comparison of bond strength/energy to break bonds<br>IGNORE comparisons of numbers of ions<br>IGNORE responses in terms of packing                             |  |  |
|          | Total  | 12    |  |  |  |