

## Chemistry A

Advanced GCE

Unit **F325**: Equilibria, Energetics and Elements

# Mark Scheme for January 2012

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

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F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Annotations available in Scoris.

Annotation	Meaning
	Benefit of doubt given
	Contradiction
	Incorrect response
	Error carried forward
	Ignore
	Not answered question
	Benefit of doubt not given
	Power of 10 error
	Omission mark
	Rounding error
	Error in number of significant figures
	Correct response

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b>	Answers which are not worthy of credit
<b>IGNORE</b>	Statements which are irrelevant
<b>ALLOW</b>	Answers that can be accepted
( )	Words which are not essential to gain credit
—	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
<b>ECF</b>	Error carried forward
<b>AW</b>	Alternative wording
<b>ORA</b>	Or reverse argument

12. The following questions should be annotated with ticks, crosses, etc. Annotations should be placed to clearly show where they apply within the body of the text (i.e. not in margins)

**Question 1(a); Question 2(c), 2d(ii); Question 3e(i); Question 4d(i), 4d(ii); Question 6d; Question 7(a); Question 8(c)**

**All** the Additional Pages in the examination script must be checked to see if any candidates include any answers.

- When you open question **1(a)** you will see a view of page 22, one of the Additional Pages.
- If the page is blank then, using the marking mode, annotate the page with an omission mark, ^.
- Scroll down to page 23 and annotate with a ^ if the page is blank.
- Scroll down to page 24 and annotate with a ^ if the page is blank.

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

- If pages 22, 23 or 24 are not blank then use the paper clip icon to link the pages to the correct questions.
- You may need to contact your Team Leader if you do not know how to do this.

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
1 a	<p><b>graph:</b> Rate does not change with concentration <b>AND</b> zero-order with respect to I<sub>2</sub> ✓</p> <p><b>initial rates data:</b> Mark independently</p> <p>When [(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO] × 2, rate × 2 (2<sup>1</sup>) ✓ 1st order with respect to (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO ✓</p> <p>When [HCl] × 2.5, rate × 2.5 ✓ 1st order with respect to HCl ✓</p>		<p><b>ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED</b></p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> (straight) line with zero gradient <b>AND</b> zero-order <b>ALLOW</b> horizontal line <b>AND</b> zero-order <b>IGNORE</b> just 'constant line' <b>OR</b> just 'straight line' <i>also fits 1st order</i></p> <p><b>CARE with comparisons in opposite direction</b> <b>ALLOW</b> [(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO] × 0.5, rate × 0.5 (0.5<sup>1</sup>)</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> [HCl] × 0.4, rate × 0.4 (0.4<sup>1</sup>) <b>ALLOW</b> H<sup>+</sup> for HCl</p> <p><b>CARE:</b> Comparison of <b>Experiments 1</b> and <b>3</b> may be valid despite <b>BOTH</b> concentrations changing</p>
	<p><b>Rate equation and rate constant:</b></p> <p>rate = k[(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO(aq)] [HCl(aq)] ✓</p> $k = \frac{\text{rate}}{[(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CO}(\text{aq})] [\text{HCl}(\text{aq})]} \text{ OR}$ $\frac{2.10 \times 10^{-9}}{(1.50 \times 10^{-3}) \times (2.00 \times 10^{-2})} \checkmark$ <p>= 7(.00) × 10<sup>-5</sup> <b>OR</b> 0.00007(00) ✓</p> <p>units: dm<sup>3</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> ✓</p>	9	<p><b>ALLOW ECF</b> from incorrect orders In rate equation, square brackets <b>are required</b></p> <p>rate = k[(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO(aq)][HCl(aq)][I<sub>2</sub>(aq)]<sup>0</sup> <b>ALLOW</b> H<sup>+</sup> for HCl <b>IGNORE</b> state symbols, even if wrong</p> <p><b>ALLOW ECF</b> for units 'correct' for incorrect expression used to calculate k, e.g. <i>upside down or wrong orders</i></p> $\frac{[(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CO}(\text{aq})] [\text{H}^+(\text{aq})]}{\text{rate}} \times \text{units: mol s dm}^{-3} \checkmark$

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question		Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
1	b	<p><b>step 1:</b> <math>\text{H}_2(\text{g}) + \text{ICl}(\text{g}) \longrightarrow</math> LHS of step 1 ✓</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\longrightarrow \text{HCl}(\text{g}) + \text{HI}(\text{g})</math></p> <p><b>step 2:</b> <math>\text{HI}(\text{g}) + \text{ICl}(\text{g}) \longrightarrow \text{HCl}(\text{g}) + \text{I}_2(\text{g})</math> products of step 1 <b>AND</b> step 2 ✓</p>	2	<p>State symbols <b>NOT</b> required</p> <p><b>2nd mark</b> can <b>ONLY</b> be awarded provided that</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>1st mark</b> has been awarded</li> <li>• <b>step 1 AND step 2</b> add up to the overall equation.</li> </ul> <p>e.g. <b>ALLOW</b> <math>\longrightarrow \text{H}_2\text{ICl}(\text{g})</math></p> <p><b>step 2:</b> <math>\text{H}_2\text{ICl}(\text{g}) + \text{ICl}(\text{g}) \longrightarrow 2\text{HCl}(\text{g}) + \text{I}_2(\text{g})</math></p> <p>In <b>step 2</b>, <b>ALLOW</b> inclusion of extra species on <b>both</b> sides of the equation <b>only</b> if they cancel, e.g. <math>\text{HI}(\text{g}) + \text{HCl}(\text{g}) + \text{ICl}(\text{g}) \longrightarrow 2\text{HCl}(\text{g}) + \text{I}_2(\text{g})</math></p>
<b>Total</b>			<b>11</b>	

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
2 a	(The enthalpy change that accompanies) the formation of <b>one mole</b> of a(n ionic) compound ✓ from its <b>gaseous ions</b> ✓ (under standard conditions)	2	<b>IGNORE</b> 'Energy needed' <b>OR</b> 'energy required'  <b>ALLOW</b> as alternative for compound: lattice, crystal, substance, solid, product <b>Note:</b> 1st mark requires <b>1 mole</b> <b>2nd mark</b> requires <b>gaseous ions</b> <b>IF</b> candidate response has '1 mole of gaseous ions', award 2nd mark but <b>NOT</b> 1st mark <b>IGNORE</b> reference to 'constituent elements'  <b>IGNORE:</b> $2\text{Na}^+(\text{g}) + \text{O}^{2-}(\text{g}) \longrightarrow \text{Na}_2\text{O}(\text{s})$ <i>Question asks for a definition, not an equation</i>
b i	<b>C (or 2C) A B</b> <b>D G</b> <b>E (or 2E)</b> <b>F</b> All seven correct ✓✓✓ Five <b>OR</b> six correct ✓✓ Three <b>OR</b> four correct ✓	3	<b>ALLOW</b> <b>496 (OR 992) -141 790</b>  <b>249 G OR</b> <b>Lattice enthalpy/LE</b> <b>[OR answer to (ii)]</b>  <b>108 (OR 216)</b>  <b>-414</b>
ii	<b>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE</b> <b>IF answer = -2520 (kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>) award 2 marks</b> ----- $-414 = (2 \times 108) + 249 + (2 \times 496) + (-141) + 790 + \Delta H_{\text{LE}}$ <b>OR</b> $\Delta H_{\text{LE}} = -414 - [(2 \times 108) + 249 + (2 \times 496) + (-141) + 790] \checkmark$  $= -414 - 2106 = \mathbf{-2520 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}} \checkmark$	2	<b>IF there is an alternative answer, check the list below for marking of answers from common errors</b> ----- <b>ALLOW for 1 mark:</b> -1692 wrong sign for 414 -1916 $2 \times 108$ and $2 \times 496$ not used for $\text{Na}^+$ -2412 $2 \times 108$ not used for $\text{Na}^+$ -2024 $2 \times 496$ not used for $\text{Na}^+$ +2520 wrong sign for final answer -2802 sign changed for 1st electron affinity of oxygen -2395.5 atomisation of oxygen halved



F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
			Any other number: <b>CHECK</b> for <b>ECF</b> from 1st marking point for expressions with <b>ONE</b> error only <b>ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED</b>
2	<b>c</b> <b>ALLOW</b> reverse argument throughout ( <b>ORA</b> )  <b>Comparison of size AND charge of cations</b> $Mg^{2+}$ is smaller <b>AND</b> $Mg^{2+}$ has a greater charge <b>OR</b> $Mg^{2+}$ has a greater charge density ✓  <b>Comparison of size of anions</b> $S^{2-}$ is larger <b>OR</b> $S^{2-}$ has a smaller charge density ✓  <b>Comparison of attraction of a cation and an anion</b> $Mg^{2+}$ has stronger attraction <b>OR</b> $Na^+$ has weaker attraction <b>AND</b> $S^{2-}$ has weaker attraction <b>OR</b> $O^{2-}$ has stronger attraction ✓	3	<b>NOTE:</b> For <b>ALL</b> marking points, assume that the following refer to 'ions', $Mg^{2+}$ , etc. For 'ions', <b>ALLOW</b> 'atoms' For $Mg^{2+}$ , $Na^+$ , $O^{2-}$ and $S^{2-}$ , <b>ALLOW</b> symbols: Mg, Na, O and S <b>ALLOW</b> names: magnesium, sodium, oxygen, oxide, sulfur, sulfide <b>BUT DO NOT ALLOW</b> molecules <i>i.e. ALLOW</i> Mg has a smaller (atomic) radius  <b>IGNORE</b> idea of close packing of ions <hr/> <b>ORA:</b> $Na^+$ is larger <b>AND</b> $Na^+$ has a smaller charge <b>OR</b> $Na^+$ has a smaller charge density ✓ <b>IGNORE</b> just $Mg^{2+}$ is small <i>comparison required</i>  <b>ORA</b> $O^{2-}$ is smaller <b>OR</b> $O^{2-}$ has a larger charge density ✓ <b>IGNORE</b> just $S^{2-}$ is large <i>comparison required</i>  <b>ALLOW</b> pull for attraction <b>ALLOW</b> 'attracts with more force' for greater attraction <b>BUT ... IGNORE</b> just 'greater force' ( <i>could be repulsion</i> ) <b>OR</b> comparison of bond strength/energy to break bonds  <b>IGNORE</b> comparisons of numbers of ions

F325

Mark Scheme

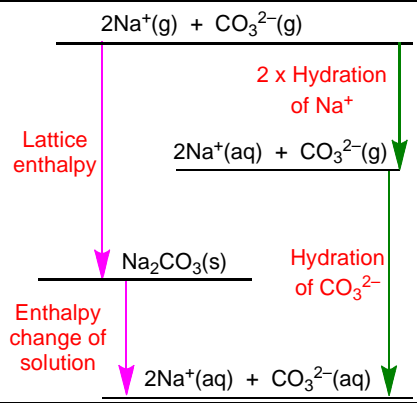
January 2012

Question		Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
	d i	Cycle needs <b>formation</b> of $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$ ions (from C and O) ✓ i.e. <b>NOT</b> breaking up of $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$ ion	1	<b>ALLOW</b> carbonate ion contains C and O <b>ALLOW</b> carbonate ion contains 2 elements <b>IGNORE</b> sodium carbonate contains 3 elements <b>IGNORE</b> carbonate ion has covalent bonds
2	d ii	See also <b>Appendix 1</b> at end of mark scheme  <b>Mark allocation</b> 1 – $2\text{Na}^+(\text{g}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{g})$ on a top line <b>AND</b> $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{s})$ on a lower line <b>AND</b> 'Lattice enthalpy' label (as below) links the lines ✓  2 – $2\text{Na}^+(\text{g}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{g})$ on a top line <b>AND</b> $2\text{Na}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{g})$ on a middle line <b>AND</b> $2\text{Na}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$ on a lower line <b>AND</b> ' $\Delta H$ hydration' labels (as below) link the lines ✓  <b>NOTE:</b> For hydration labels, see diagram below 2 x hydration of $\text{Na}^+$ <b>OR</b> hydration of 2 x $\text{Na}^+$ is <b>required</b>  3 – ' $\Delta H$ solution' label <b>BELOW</b> $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{s})$ <b>AND ALL</b> arrows in correct directions ✓	3	<b>ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED</b> <b>MARK AS FOLLOWS</b> 1. Mark the cycle 2. <b>IF</b> there is <b>no cycle</b> , mark the equation below ----- <b>State symbols</b> are required for <b>ALL</b> species <b>IGNORE</b> direction of any arrows until <b>MARK 3</b>  <b>ALLOW</b> $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{aq})$ on a lower line as an alternative for $2\text{Na}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$  <b>ALLOW</b> $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$ hydrated first: i.e. $2\text{Na}^+(\text{g}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$ on middle line  <b>ALLOW</b> two hydration stages combined i.e. $2\text{Na}^+(\text{g}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{g})$ on a top line <b>AND</b> $2\text{Na}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$ on a lower line <b>AND BOTH</b> 'Hydration' labels link the lines ✓  <b>IF</b> cycle shown using $\text{NaCO}_3$ , $\text{Na}^+$ and $\text{CO}_3^-$ <b>ALLOW ECF</b> for third marking point only <b>NOTE: DO NOT ALLOW ECF from any other species</b>  <b>For simple energy cycles</b> a maximum of 2 marks only can be awarded – See <b>APPENDIX 1</b> ----- <b>For an equation</b> , only <b>1 mark</b> can be awarded  Lattice enthalpy = $-\Delta H(\text{solution}) \text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$ + $[2 \times \Delta H(\text{hydration}) \text{Na}^+] + \Delta H(\text{hydration}) \text{CO}_3^{2-}$

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
			<p><b>OR</b></p> <p>Lattice enthalpy + <math>\Delta H(\text{solution}) \text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3</math>  <math>= 2 \times \Delta H(\text{hydration}) \text{Na}^+ + \Delta H(\text{hydration}) \text{CO}_3^{2-}</math> ✓</p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> state symbols for equation approach</p>
	<b>Total</b>	<b>14</b>	

F325

Mark Scheme

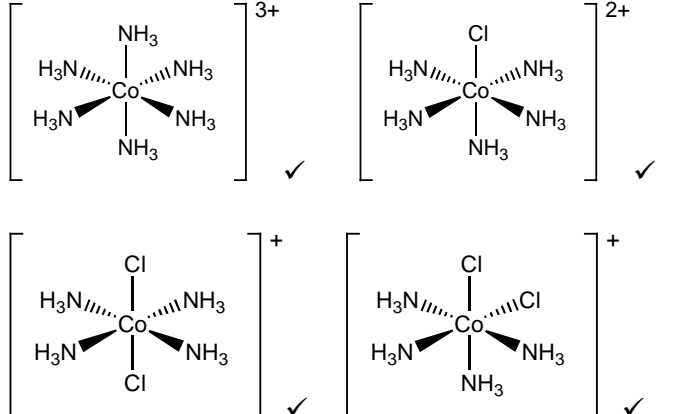
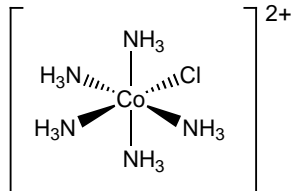
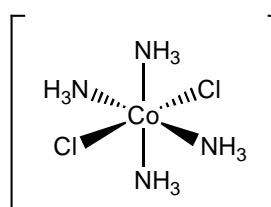
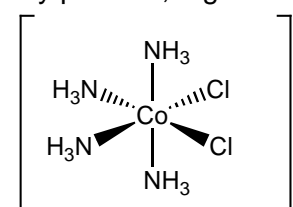
January 2012

Question		Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
3	a	Co: $(1s^2 2s^2 2p^6) 3s^2 3p^6 3d^7 4s^2$ ✓  Co <sup>3+</sup> : $(1s^2 2s^2 2p^6) 3s^2 3p^6 3d^6$ ✓	2	<b>ALLOW</b> $(1s^2 2s^2 2p^6) 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2 3d^7$ (i.e. 4s before 3d) <b>ALLOW</b> upper case D, etc. and subscripts, e.g. [Ar]4S <sub>2</sub> 3D <sub>7</sub>  If included, <b>ALLOW</b> 4s <sup>0</sup>
	b	catalyst <b>OR</b> coloured ✓		1
	c	Donates an electron/lone pair to a metal ion <b>OR</b> forms a coordinate bond to a metal ion ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> donates an electron pair/lone pair to a metal/transition element <b>ALLOW</b> dative (covalent) bond for coordinate bond
	d	i	2	Mark independently <b>ALLOW</b> $\text{Co(OH)}_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4$  <b>ALLOW</b> precipitate (reaction)
		ii		Mark independently  <b>ALLOW</b> ligand exchange <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> just substitution

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
3 e i		4	<p><b>ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED</b>  <b>CARE:</b> Cl can be on any position, e.g. for <b>B</b></p>  <p>complex ions in <b>C</b> and <b>D</b> can be other way around  In one complex ion, the 2 Cls must be opposite one another  In the other complex ion, the 2 Cls must be next to one another  <b>CARE:</b> Cl atoms can be on any position, e.g. for <b>C</b> and <b>D</b></p>  
	<p><b>Marking sequence</b> See also Appendix 2 for examples</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Mark any correct complex ions first Do <b>not</b> look at these complex ions again</li> <li>2. Mark with crosses any complex ions with incorrect ligands. This could include Cl in complex <b>A</b>, and NH<sub>3</sub>Cl and NH<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup>Cl<sup>-</sup>, but <b>NOT</b> NH<sub>3</sub>----- connectivity on the <b>LEFT</b> only and <b>NOT</b> Cl<sup>-</sup> and <b>NOT</b> just NH<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup> Do <b>not</b> look at these complex ions again</li> <li>3. In the remaining complex ions, identify errors in ligands (See Appendix 2): e.g. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NH<sub>3</sub> ligands bonded to an H on the <b>LEFT</b> only: NH<sub>3</sub>----- (<i>connectivity error</i>)</li> <li>• Cl<sup>-</sup></li> <li>• NH<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup></li> </ul> Mark these complex ions to maximise errors but treat any incorrectly bonded NH<sub>3</sub>, Cl<sup>-</sup> and NH<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup> as <b>ECF</b></li> </ol>		

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question			Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
<b>SEE APPENDIX 2 FOR EXAMPLES</b>					
3	e	ii	<p>143.4 <b>OR</b> 107.9 + 35.5 (g mol<sup>-1</sup>) used  <i>i.e. molar mass AgCl</i>  <b>OR</b> amount of AgCl = 0.02(000) mol ✓</p> <p><b>Ratio</b>  ratio complex : Cl<sup>-</sup> = 1 : 2 <b>OR</b> 0.01 : 0.02 ✓</p> <p><b>Identification – available from 1 : 2 ratio OR 2Cl<sup>-</sup></b>  Therefore the complex is <b>B</b> ✓</p>	3	<p><b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> AgCl<sub>2</sub></p> <p><b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> <math>\frac{2.868}{0.01}</math> 0.01 linked to AgCl, not complex  <b>ALLOW</b> this mark <b>ONLY</b> for evidence of Cl<sup>-</sup></p> <p><b>Quality of Written Communication</b>  Identification as <b>B</b> is dependent on correct 1 : 2 ratio  <b>OR 2Cl<sup>-</sup></b> for this mark</p>
			<b>Total</b>	<b>15</b>	

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
4 a i	A strong acid completely dissociates <b>AND</b> a weak acid partially dissociates ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> ionises for dissociates
	ii $(K_a =) \frac{[H^+][NO_2^-]}{[HNO_2]}$ ✓	1	<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> $\frac{[H^+]^2}{[HNO_2]}$ Square brackets <b>are required</b>
	iii <b>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE</b> <b>IF answer = 1.89 award 2 marks</b> <b>IF answer = 1.9 award 1 mark</b> -----  pH = $-\log 0.0129 = 1.89$ ✓✓ <b>OR</b> pH = $-\log 0.0129 = 1.9$ ✓ <i>not two decimal places</i>	2	<b>IF</b> there is an alternative answer to more decimal places, check calculator value  ----- <b>Working to get to 0.0129 (mol dm<sup>-3</sup>)</b> <b>Not required and no credit</b> $[H^+] = \sqrt{K_a \times [HNO_2]} = \sqrt{4.43 \times 10^{-4} \times 0.375}$  <b>ALLOW 1 mark</b> for an answer with more than 2 decimal places that rounds back to 1.89
	iv $HNO_3 + HNO_2 \rightleftharpoons NO_3^- + H_2NO_2^+$ ✓ Acid 1      Base 2      Base 1      Acid 2 ✓	2	State symbols <b>NOT</b> required  <b>ALLOW 1 AND 2</b> labels the other way around. <b>ALLOW</b> 'just acid' and 'base' labels if linked by lines so that it is clear what the acid–base pairs are  <b>IF</b> proton transfer is wrong way around <b>ALLOW 2nd mark</b> for idea of acid–base pairs, <i>i.e.</i> $HNO_3 + HNO_2 \rightleftharpoons H_2NO_3^+ + NO_2^-$ * Base 2      Acid 1      Acid 2      Base 1 ✓  <b>NOTE</b> For the 2nd marking point (acid–base pairs), this is the <b>ONLY</b> acceptable <b>ECF</b>

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question			Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
					<i>i.e., NO ECF from impossible chemistry</i>
4	b	i	Proton acceptor ✓	1	ALLOW H <sup>+</sup> acceptor
		ii	<p><b>Marks are for correctly calculated values. Working shows how values have been derived.</b></p> <p><math>[\text{OH}^-] = 2 \times 0.04(00) = 0.08(00) \text{ (mol dm}^{-3}\text{)} \checkmark</math></p> <p><math>[\text{H}^+] = \frac{1.00 \times 10^{-14}}{0.08(00)} \text{ OR } 1.25 \times 10^{-13} \text{ (mol dm}^{-3}\text{)} \checkmark</math></p> <p><math>\text{pH} = -\log 1.25 \times 10^{-13} = 12.90 \checkmark</math></p> <p>-----</p> <p><b>pOH variation (also worth 3 marks)</b></p> <p><math>[\text{OH}^-] = 2 \times 0.04(00) = 0.08(00) \text{ (mol dm}^{-3}\text{)} \checkmark</math></p> <p><math>\text{pOH} -\log 0.08(00) = 1.10 \checkmark</math></p> <p><math>\text{pH} = 14.00 - 1.10 = 12.90 \checkmark</math></p>	3	<p>ALLOW by ECF <math>\frac{1.00 \times 10^{-14}}{\text{calculated value of } [\text{OH}^-]}</math></p> <p>DO NOT ALLOW 12.9 <i>not two decimal places</i></p> <p>-----</p> <p><b>COMMON ERRORS</b></p> <p>12.60    ✓✓ <i>no × 2 for [OH<sup>-</sup>]</i></p> <p>12.6     ✓ <i>no × 2 for [OH<sup>-</sup>] AND 1 DP only</i></p> <p>12.30    ✓✓ <i>÷ 2 [OH<sup>-</sup>]</i></p> <p>12.3     ✓ <i>÷ 2 [OH<sup>-</sup>] AND 1 DP only</i></p> <p>1.40            <b>NO</b> marks</p>
	c		<p><math>\text{Ca(OH)}_2 + 2\text{HNO}_2 \rightarrow \text{Ca(NO}_2)_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \checkmark</math></p> <p><math>\text{H}^+ + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O} \checkmark</math></p>	2	ALLOW: $2\text{H}^+ + 2\text{OH}^- \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$



F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
4 d i	<p><b>Equilibrium</b>  <math>\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3 \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{HCO}_3^- \checkmark</math></p>		<p><b>ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED</b>  <b>Equilibrium sign is required</b>  <b>IGNORE</b> <math>\text{HA} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{A}^-</math>  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> <math>\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3 \rightleftharpoons 2\text{H}^+ + \text{CO}_3^{2-}</math>  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> <math>\text{NaHCO}_3 \rightleftharpoons \text{Na}^+ + \text{HCO}_3^-</math>  <b>IGNORE</b> <math>\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{CO}_3</math></p>
	<p><b>Action of buffer</b></p> <p><b>Added alkali</b>  <math>\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3</math> reacts with added alkali  <b>OR</b> <math>\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3 + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow</math>  <b>OR</b> added alkali reacts with <math>\text{H}^+</math>  <b>OR</b> <math>\text{H}^+ + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow \checkmark</math></p> <p>Equilibrium <math>\rightarrow</math> right  <b>OR</b> equilibrium shifts forming <math>\text{H}^+</math> <b>OR</b> <math>\text{HCO}_3^- \checkmark</math></p>		<p><b>IF</b> <math>\text{HA} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{A}^-</math> <b>OR</b> <math>\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3 \rightleftharpoons 2\text{H}^+ + \text{CO}_3^{2-}</math> have been used above:  <b>ALLOW</b> all marks that meet marking alternatives as written  <b>NOTE</b> The 1st 'added acid' mark <b>cannot</b> then be accessed</p> <p>Equilibrium responses <b>must</b> refer back to a written equilibrium  <b>BUT IF</b> <math>\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3 \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{HCO}_3^-</math> shown above, assume that any equilibrium comments apply to the correct equilibrium</p> <p><b>IF</b> more than one equilibrium shown, it <b>must</b> be clear which equilibrium is being referred to</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> added alkali reacts with weak acid</p> <p><b>Quality of Written Communication</b>  Mark is for linking the action of the buffer in controlling added alkali and hence pH</p>

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance	
	<p><b>Added acid</b>  <math>\text{HCO}_3^-</math> reacts with added acid ✓</p> <p>Equilibrium → left  <b>OR</b> equilibrium shifts forming <math>\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3</math> ✓</p>	5	<p><math>\text{HCO}_3^-</math> is <b>required</b> for this mark <b>BUT</b> ...  <b>ALLOW</b> added acid reacts with conjugate base <b>ONLY</b> if <math>\text{HCO}_3^-</math> is present in equilibrium with <math>\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3</math>  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> salt reacts with added acid</p>	
4	d	ii	<p><b>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE</b>  <b>IF answer = 6.6 : 1 OR 1 : 0.15</b>  <b>CHECK</b> ratio is <math>\text{HCO}_3^- : \text{H}_2\text{CO}_3</math> and award <b>5 marks</b>.  <b>IF answer = 0.15 : 1 ,</b>  <b>CHECK</b> ratio is <math>\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3 : \text{HCO}_3^-</math> and award <b>4 marks</b></p> <p>-----</p> <p>In blood at pH 7.40,  <math>[\text{H}^+] = 10^{-\text{pH}} = 10^{-7.40} = 3.98 \times 10^{-8} \text{ (mol dm}^{-3}\text{)} \checkmark</math>  <math display="block">K_a = \frac{[\text{H}^+][\text{HCO}_3^-]}{[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3]} = \frac{3.98 \times 10^{-8} \times 10.5}{1}</math> <b>OR</b> <math>K_a = 4.18 \times 10^{-7} \text{ (mol dm}^{-3}\text{)} \checkmark</math></p> <p>In blood at pH 7.20,  <math>[\text{H}^+] = 10^{-\text{pH}} = 10^{-7.20} = 6.31 \times 10^{-8} \text{ (mol dm}^{-3}\text{)} \checkmark</math>  <math display="block">\frac{[\text{HCO}_3^-]}{[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3]} = \frac{K_a}{[\text{H}^+]} \text{ OR } \frac{4.18 \times 10^{-7}}{6.31 \times 10^{-8}} \checkmark</math> <math display="block">= \frac{6.6}{1} \text{ OR } 6.6 : 1 \checkmark \text{ (up to calc. value, see below)}</math> <b>ALLOW</b> any answer with &gt; 1 decimal place that rounds back to 6.62 <b>OR</b> 6.63</p>	<p><b>IF</b> there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any <b>ECF</b> credit possible using working below</p> <p>-----</p> <p><b>ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED</b>  <b>FOR ALTERNATIVE</b> using Henderson–Hasselbalch equation below</p> <p>-----</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> <math>3.98 \times 10^{-8}</math> up to calculator value of <math>3.981071706 \times 10^{-8}</math> correctly rounded</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> <math>6.31 \times 10^{-8}</math> up to calculator value of <math>6.309573445 \times 10^{-8}</math> correctly rounded</p> <p>-----</p> <p><b>Common errors</b>  0.15 : 1 ✓✓✓✓ <i>Inverse ratio of <math>\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3 : \text{HCO}_3^-</math></i>  16.6 : 1 <b>OR</b> 0.06 : 1 ✓✓✓✓ <i>10.5/1 swapped over in 2nd mark giving <math>K_a</math> value of <math>3.79 \times 10^{-9}</math></i></p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> answer with &gt; 1 decimal place that rounds back to 16.64 <b>OR</b> 16.65</p>
			<p><b>ALTERNATIVE approach for concentrations</b> using Henderson–Hasselbalch equation (<b>5 marks</b>)</p> <p><math display="block">\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a + \log \frac{[\text{HCO}_3^-]}{[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3]} \text{ OR } -\log K_a + \log \frac{[\text{HCO}_3^-]}{[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3]} \checkmark</math></p> <p><math display="block">\text{p}K_a = \text{pH} - \log \frac{[\text{HCO}_3^-]}{[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3]} = 7.40 - \log \frac{10.5}{1} = 6.38 \checkmark \text{ (subsumes previous mark) Calculator: } 6.378810701</math></p>	

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
	At pH = 7.20, $\log \frac{[\text{HCO}_3^-]}{[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3]} = \text{pH} - \text{p}K_a = 7.20 - 6.38 = 0.82 \checkmark$ (subsumes previous mark)  $\frac{[\text{HCO}_3^-]}{[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3]} = 10^{0.82} \checkmark \quad = \frac{6.6}{1} \text{ OR } 6.6 : 1 \checkmark$		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>22</b>	

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
5 a i	Complete circuit with electrodes to voltmeter <b>AND</b> salt bridge between solutions ✓  Fe <sup>3+</sup> /Fe <sup>2+</sup> half-cell with Pt electrode <b>AND</b> 1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> /1 M Fe <sup>2+</sup> and 1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> /1 M Fe <sup>3+</sup> ✓  Ni electrode in (1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ) Ni <sup>2+</sup> half-cell ✓	3	circuit shown <b>must</b> be complete, <i>i.e. must be capable of working</i> salt bridge <b>must</b> be labelled. electrodes <b>AND</b> salt bridge <b>must</b> dip into/touch both solutions <b>ALLOW</b> cells drawn either way around  <b>ALLOW</b> Fe <sup>3+</sup> /Fe <sup>2+</sup> 1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> /1 M/1 molar <b>ALLOW BOTH</b> solutions same concentration/equimolar <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 1 mol <b>OR</b> 1 dm <sup>-3</sup> <b>IGNORE</b> any temperature or pressure, even if wrong
	ii 1.02 V <b>AND</b> – sign ✓  0.49 V <b>AND</b> + sign ✓	2	<b>IGNORE</b> any sign <b>BEFORE</b> cell potential  <b>ALLOW 1 mark</b> for correct values <b>AND</b> signs <b>BOTH</b> the wrong way round: <i>i.e.</i> 1.02 V <b>AND</b> + sign <b>AND</b> 0.49 V <b>AND</b> – sign
b	<b>Cell A</b> (based on 1 and 2) Ni + 2Fe <sup>3+</sup> → Ni <sup>2+</sup> + 2Fe <sup>2+</sup> ✓  <b>Cell B</b> (based on 1 and 3) 2Cr + 3Ni <sup>2+</sup> → 2Cr <sup>3+</sup> + 3Ni ✓  <b>concentrations</b> (of the ions in each cell) change <b>OR</b> <b>concentrations</b> are not standard ✓	3	In equations, <b>ALLOW</b> equilibrium sign, ⇌ instead of → <b>Equations are required</b> for the first two marking points  <b>ALLOW</b> Ni → Ni <sup>2+</sup> + 2e <sup>-</sup>  <b>ALLOW</b> Ni <sup>2+</sup> + 2e <sup>-</sup> → Ni  <b>ALLOW</b> any statement that a <b>concentration</b> is changing <b>IGNORE</b> 'non-standard conditions'
c i	MH + OH <sup>-</sup> → M + H <sub>2</sub> O + e <sup>-</sup> ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> MH → M + H <sup>+</sup> + e <sup>-</sup>
	ii adsorbed (on a solid) <b>OR</b> on the surface (of a solid) <b>OR</b> as a liquid under pressure ✓	1	<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> adsorbed <b>into</b> the solid <b>CON</b> <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> just 'as a liquid'
	<b>Total</b>	<b>10</b>	

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
6	a	1	
	b	2	
	c	2	
	d	2	

$\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S$  ✓

process sign

$2\text{CO}(\text{g}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \longrightarrow 2\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$  —

$\text{NaCl}(\text{s}) + (\text{aq}) \longrightarrow \text{NaCl}(\text{aq})$  +

$\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) \longrightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{s})$  —

$\text{Mg}(\text{s}) + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq}) \longrightarrow \text{MgSO}_4(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2(\text{g})$  +

$\text{CuSO}_4(\text{s}) + 5\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) \longrightarrow \text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{s})$  —

**All 5 correct** → 2 marks ✓✓

**4 correct** → 1 mark ✓

$\Delta S = (4 \times 211 + 6 \times 189) - (4 \times 192 + 5 \times 205)$  ✓

$\Delta S = (+)185 \text{ (J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$  ✓

With increasing temperature  
 $T\Delta S$  is more negative **OR**  $T\Delta S$  decreases  
**OR**  $-T\Delta S$  increases **OR**  $|T\Delta S|$  increases  
**OR magnitude** of  $T\Delta S$  increases ✓

At high temperature  $T\Delta S$  is more negative than  $\Delta H$   
**OR**

at high  $T$ ,  $T\Delta S$  outweighs/is more significant than  $\Delta H$   
**OR**

At low temperature  $\Delta H - T\Delta S < 0$

**OR**

At high temperature  $\Delta H - T\Delta S > 0$  ✓

**ALLOW ECF** from working line above from a single error

**COMMON ERRORS**

(+) $3 \text{ (J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$  ✓  $(211 + 189) - (192 + 205)$   
 $- 185 \text{ (J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$  ✓ *incorrect sign*

**ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED**

**DO NOT ALLOW** just  $T\Delta S$  increases

**DO NOT ALLOW** At high  $T$ , ' $-T\Delta S$  is greater (than  $\Delta H$ )'

**APPROACH BASED ON TOTAL ENTROPY:**

With increasing temperature

$\Delta H/T$  is less negative **OR**  $\Delta H/T$  increases

**OR**  $-\Delta H/T$  decreases **OR**  $|\Delta H/T|$  decreases

**OR magnitude** of  $\Delta H/T$  decreases ✓

**ALLOW** at high temperatures

$\Delta S - \Delta H/T < 0$

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question		Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
				<b>OR</b> $\Delta S$ is more negative than $\Delta H/T$ <b>OR</b> $\Delta S$ outweighs/ is more significant than $\Delta H/T$
6	e	(For feasibility,) $\Delta G < 0$ <b>OR</b> $\Delta G = 0$ <b>OR</b> $0 < \Delta H - T\Delta S$ <b>OR</b> $0 = \Delta H - T\Delta S$ <b>OR</b> $0 = 493 - T \times 543/1000 \checkmark$  $T = \frac{\Delta H}{\Delta S} = 493 \times 1000/543 \checkmark$  $= 908 \text{ K} \checkmark$ Units of temperature are <b>required</b>	3	<b>ALLOW</b> total entropy statement: $\Delta S(\text{total}) = 0$ <b>OR</b> $\Delta S(\text{total}) > 0$  <b>ALLOW</b> $0 = 493 - T \times 543 \checkmark$ <i>i.e.</i> This mark focuses on $\Delta G$ <b>OR</b> $\Delta H - T\Delta S$ being = 0 and <b>NOT</b> on conversion of $\Delta S$ value into $\text{kJ K}^{-1} \text{mol}^{-1}$  <b>Mark temperature given on answer line</b> <b>ALLOW</b> 3 SF up to calculator value 907.9189687 correctly rounded, e.g. 907.9, 907.92  <b>ALLOW</b> temperature in $^{\circ}\text{C}$ : i.e. <b>ALLOW</b> by subtraction of 273: 635, 634.9, 634.91 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ <b>ALLOW</b> by subtraction of 273.15: 635, 634.8, 634.77 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ up to calculator value correctly rounded <b>ALLOW</b> C for $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; $^{\circ}\text{K}$ for K  <b>IF</b> $\Delta S$ has not been converted to kJ, <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 2nd mark <b>BUT ... ALLOW</b> calculated answer = $493/543 = 0.91 \text{ K}$ (calculator: 0.907918968)  <b>ALLOW 2 marks only for absence of one of the statements required for 1st marking point</b>
		<b>Total</b>	<b>10</b>	

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance																		
7 a	<p><b>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE</b>  <b>IF</b> numerical value = <math>7.81 \times 10^{-2}</math> <b>OR</b> 0.0781  <b>AND</b> <math>[N_2O_4] = 0.2(00 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}</math> <b>AND</b> <math>[NO_2] = 1.6(0)</math>,  award 4 calculation marks  and check for the mark for correct units</p> <p>-----</p> <p><b>Equilibrium amount of <math>N_2O_4</math></b>  0.400 mol <math>N_2O_4</math> ✓</p> <p><b>Equilibrium concentrations</b>  <math>[N_2O_4] = 0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}</math> <b>AND</b> <math>[NO_2] = 1.60 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}</math> ✓</p> <p><b><math>K_c</math> expression</b>  <math>K_c = \frac{[N_2O_4]}{[NO_2]^2}</math> (Square brackets <b>essential</b>) <b>OR</b> <math>\frac{0.200}{1.60^2}</math> ✓</p> <p><b>Calculation</b>  = <math>7.81 \times 10^{-2}</math> ✓</p> <p><b>Units</b>  <math>\text{dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}</math> ✓</p>	5	<p><b>IF</b> there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any <b>ECF</b> credit possible using working below</p> <p>-----</p> <p><b>ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED</b></p> <p>-----</p> <p><b>ALLOW ECF</b> for equilibrium amounts <math>\div 2</math></p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> 3 SF up to calculator value of 0.078125 correctly rounded  <b>ALLOW ECF</b> using calculated equilibrium concentrations</p> <p>For units, <b>ALLOW</b> <math>\text{mol}^{-1} \text{ dm}^3</math>  <b>ALLOW ECF</b> from incorrect <math>K_c</math> expression</p>																		
	<p><b>Common errors for 4 calculation marks</b>  – Remember there is another mark for units</p> <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">7.81 x 10<sup>-2</sup> from wrong concs</td> <td style="width: 30%;">✓✓ + units</td> <td style="width: 40%;"><i>look for <math>[N_2O_4] = 0.8</math> <b>AND</b> <math>[NO_2] = 3.2</math></i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.03906</td> <td>✓✓✓ + units</td> <td><i>no conversion of both moles to concentration</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.01953</td> <td>✓✓✓ + units</td> <td><i>no conversion of <math>NO_2</math> moles to concentration</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.3125</td> <td>✓✓✓ + units</td> <td><i>moles of <math>N_2O_4</math> taken as 3.2/2</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.8</td> <td>✓✓✓ + units: <math>\text{mol dm}^{-3}</math></td> <td><i><math>K_c</math> expression upside down</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.125</td> <td>✓✓✓ + units; <b>none</b></td> <td><i><math>[NO_2]</math> instead of <math>[NO_2]^2</math> ‘No units’ <b>MUST</b> be stated</i></td> </tr> </table> <p><b>0.15625 MARK BY ECF as there are many different routes to this answer</b></p>			7.81 x 10 <sup>-2</sup> from wrong concs	✓✓ + units	<i>look for <math>[N_2O_4] = 0.8</math> <b>AND</b> <math>[NO_2] = 3.2</math></i>	0.03906	✓✓✓ + units	<i>no conversion of both moles to concentration</i>	0.01953	✓✓✓ + units	<i>no conversion of <math>NO_2</math> moles to concentration</i>	0.3125	✓✓✓ + units	<i>moles of <math>N_2O_4</math> taken as 3.2/2</i>	12.8	✓✓✓ + units: $\text{mol dm}^{-3}$	<i><math>K_c</math> expression upside down</i>	0.125	✓✓✓ + units; <b>none</b>	<i><math>[NO_2]</math> instead of <math>[NO_2]^2</math> ‘No units’ <b>MUST</b> be stated</i>
7.81 x 10 <sup>-2</sup> from wrong concs	✓✓ + units	<i>look for <math>[N_2O_4] = 0.8</math> <b>AND</b> <math>[NO_2] = 3.2</math></i>																			
0.03906	✓✓✓ + units	<i>no conversion of both moles to concentration</i>																			
0.01953	✓✓✓ + units	<i>no conversion of <math>NO_2</math> moles to concentration</i>																			
0.3125	✓✓✓ + units	<i>moles of <math>N_2O_4</math> taken as 3.2/2</i>																			
12.8	✓✓✓ + units: $\text{mol dm}^{-3}$	<i><math>K_c</math> expression upside down</i>																			
0.125	✓✓✓ + units; <b>none</b>	<i><math>[NO_2]</math> instead of <math>[NO_2]^2</math> ‘No units’ <b>MUST</b> be stated</i>																			

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
7 b	<p><i>Each marking point is independent</i></p> <p><b>Effect on <math>K_c</math></b>  <math>K_c</math> does not change (with pressure) ✓</p> <p><b>Comparison of conc terms after increase in pressure</b>  <math>[\text{NO}_2]^2</math> increases more than <math>[\text{N}_2\text{O}_4]</math>  <b>OR</b> concentration (term) on bottom (of <math>K_c</math>) increases more than concentration (term) on top (of <math>K_c</math>) ✓</p> <p><b>Changes in concentrations linked to <math>K_c</math></b>  (amount /concentration of) <math>\text{N}_2\text{O}_4</math> increases  <b>AND</b>  (amount /concentration of) <math>\text{NO}_2</math> decreases  <b>AND</b>  to maintain/restore <math>K_c</math> ✓</p>	3	<p><b>ALLOW</b> <math>K_c</math> <b>only</b> changes with temperature  <b>IGNORE</b> <math>K_c</math> changes with temperature</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> <math>\frac{[\text{N}_2\text{O}_4]}{[\text{NO}_2]^2} &lt; K_c</math> <b>OR</b> <math>\frac{[\text{N}_2\text{O}_4]}{[\text{NO}_2]^2}</math> decreases</p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> <math>K_c</math> decreases</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> top of <math>K_c</math> expression increases and bottom decreases until <math>K_c</math> is reached  <b>ALLOW</b> equilibrium shifts to right to maintain/restore <math>K_c</math></p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> just 'restores equilibrium'      <b><math>K_c</math> IS REQUIRED</b>  <b>IGNORE</b> just 'equilibrium shifts to right'  <b>IGNORE</b> le Chatelier response: 'equilibrium shifts to right' because there are fewer moles of gas on right-hand side</p>
	<b>Total</b>	<b>8</b>	



F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

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8 a	$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + 6\text{H}^+ \longrightarrow 2\text{Fe}^{3+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \checkmark$	1	<p><b>ALLOW</b> <math>\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + 6\text{HCl} \longrightarrow 2\text{FeCl}_3 + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}</math>  <b>OR</b>  <math>\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + 6\text{HCl} \longrightarrow 2\text{Fe}^{3+} + 6\text{Cl}^- + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}</math></p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> correct multiples</p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> state symbols</p> <p><b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> <math>\text{Fe}_2\text{Cl}_6</math> as a product</p>
b	$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 2\text{Fe}^{3+} \longrightarrow \text{Sn}^{4+} + 2\text{Fe}^{2+} \checkmark$ $6\text{Fe}^{2+} + \text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-} + 14\text{H}^+ \longrightarrow 6\text{Fe}^{3+} + 2\text{Cr}^{3+} + 7\text{H}_2\text{O} \checkmark$	2	<p><b>IGNORE</b> state symbols</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> overall equations:  <math>\text{SnCl}_2 + 2\text{FeCl}_3 \longrightarrow \text{SnCl}_4 + 2\text{FeCl}_2</math></p> <p><math>6\text{FeCl}_2 + \text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7 + 14\text{HCl} \longrightarrow 6\text{FeCl}_3 + 2\text{CrCl}_3 + 2\text{KCl} + 7\text{H}_2\text{O}</math></p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> correct multiples</p>

F325

Mark Scheme

January 2012

Question	Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
8 c	<p><b>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE</b>  <b>IF</b> answer = 54.6%, award <b>5 marks</b></p> <p>-----</p> <p><b>Amount Fe<sup>2+</sup> in 250 cm<sup>3</sup> solution – 3 marks</b></p> <p>amount Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub><sup>2-</sup> used = <math>0.0200 \times \frac{26.5}{1000}</math>  = <math>5.30 \times 10^{-4}</math> (mol) ✓</p> <p>amount Fe<sup>2+</sup> = <math>6 \times 5.30 \times 10^{-4}</math>  = <math>3.18 \times 10^{-3}</math> mol ✓</p> <p>amount Fe<sup>2+</sup> in original 250 cm<sup>3</sup> = <math>10 \times 3.18 \times 10^{-3}</math>  = <math>3.18 \times 10^{-2}</math> (mol) ✓</p>		<p><b>ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED</b>  <b>IF</b> there is an alternative answer, 1st check common errors below. Then see if there is any <b>ECF</b> credit possible using working below</p> <p>-----</p> <p><b>Working must be to at least 3 SF throughout</b>  <b>BUT</b> ignore trailing zeroes, <i>i.e.</i> for 0.490 allow 0.49</p> <p><b>ALLOW ECF</b> from different Fe<sup>2+</sup> ratio in equation from <b>8(b)</b>  <b>BUT</b> still <b>ALLOW</b> 6 : 1 even from different ratio in equation  If no equation use actual 6 : 1 ratio  <b>DO NOT AWARD</b> 'ratio mark' at all for use of 1 : 1 ratio  – <i>makes problem easier</i></p> <p><b>ECF</b> 10 × answer above</p>
	<p><b>% Fe in ore – 2 marks</b></p> <p>mass of Fe in ore = <math>55.8 \times 3.18 \times 10^{-2}</math> g  = 1.77444 g ✓</p>		<p><b>ECF</b> 55.8 × answer above</p> <p><b>IF</b> answer above has <b>not</b> been used <b>AND</b> × 55.8,  <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> this mark but do <b>ALLOW</b> final %</p> <p><b>IF</b> answer above <b>AND</b> 55.8 are <b>BOTH not</b> used, then  <b>DO NOT ALLOW ANY</b> further marks</p>
	<p>percentage Fe in ore = <math>\frac{1.77444}{3.25} \times 100</math>  = 54.6% ✓</p>	5	<p><b>ECF</b> <math>\frac{\text{answer above}}{3.25} \times 100</math></p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> 54.5% (from 1.77 g) <b>AND</b> any answer with &gt; 1 decimal place that rounds back to 54.5 <b>OR</b> 54.6</p>
			<p><b>COMMON ERRORS</b></p> <p>5.46      ✓✓✓✓      × 10 omitted  51.5      ✓✓✓✓      titre taken as 25.0  156.2      ✓✓✓✓      × 159.6 instead of 55.8  15.62      ✓✓✓      × 159.6 and × 10 omitted  45.5      ✓✓✓✓      5 : 1 ratio  1.52      ✓✓✓✓      ÷ 6 instead of × 6</p>

F325

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January 2012

Question		Expected answers	Marks	Additional guidance
8	d	$E^\ominus$ for $\text{MnO}_4^-$ is more positive/greater than $\text{Cl}_2$ <b>OR</b> $E^\ominus$ for $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$ is less positive/smaller than $\text{Cl}_2$ ✓  $\text{MnO}_4^-$ reacts with $\text{Cl}^-$ <b>OR</b> $\text{HCl}$ (forming $\text{Cl}_2$ gas) <b>OR</b> $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$ does <b>not</b> react with $\text{Cl}^-$ ions ✓	2	<b>ORA:</b> $E^\ominus$ for $\text{Cl}_2$ is less positive/smaller than $\text{MnO}_4^-$ <b>OR</b> $E^\ominus$ for $\text{Cl}_2$ is more positive/greater than $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$
<b>Total</b>			<b>10</b>	

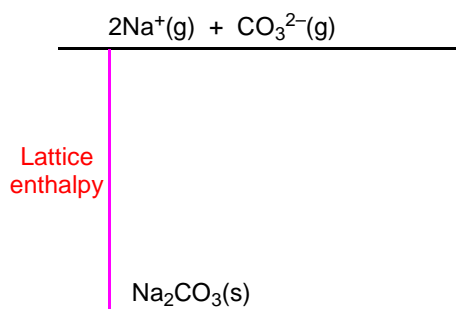
F325

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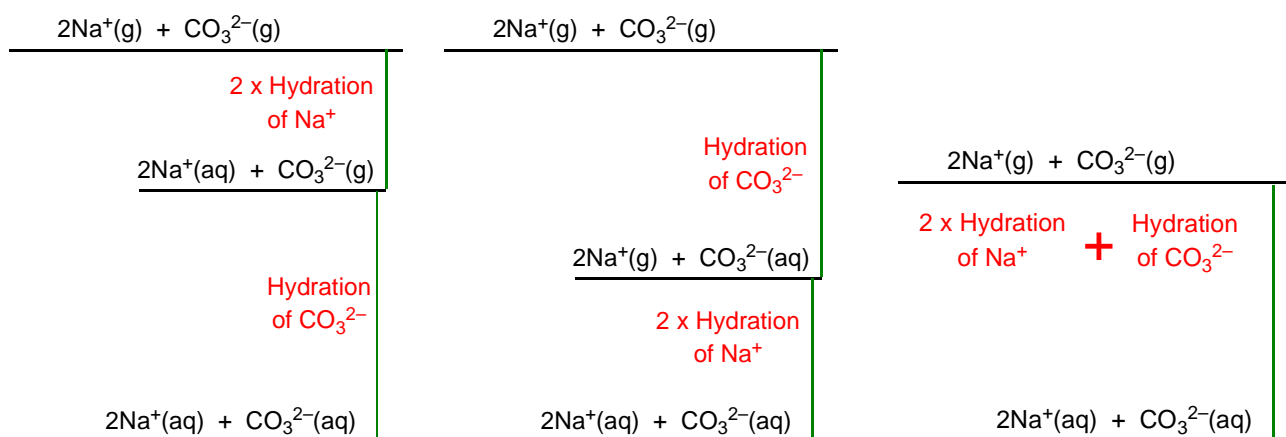
January 2012

## APPENDIX 1

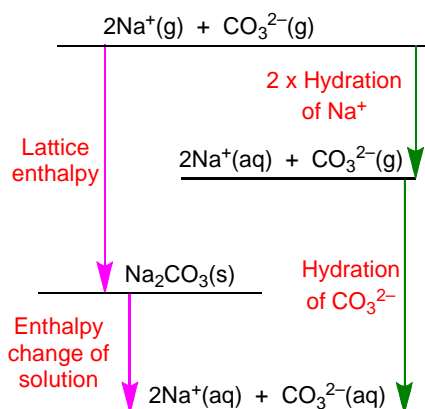
## MARK 1



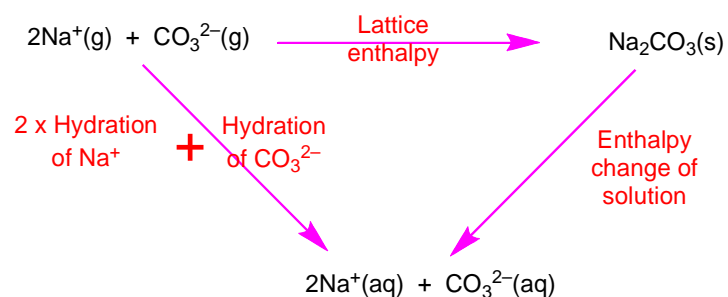
## MARK 2



## MARK 3



A simple energy cycle can be awarded 2 marks only



**F325****Mark Scheme****January 2012****Mark 1**

All species, state symbols and labels

**Mark 2**

Arrows added in correct directions

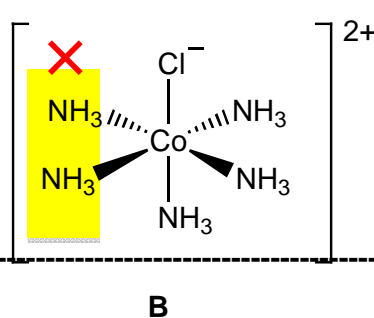
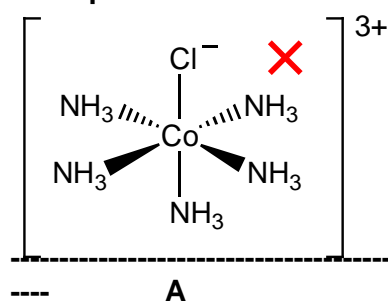
F325

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## APPENDIX 2

## Example 1



No complex ions are correct

**A** is wrong because a wrong ligand has been attached. This would have been wrong even if Cl had been attached so the Cl<sup>-</sup> charge is ignored at this stage

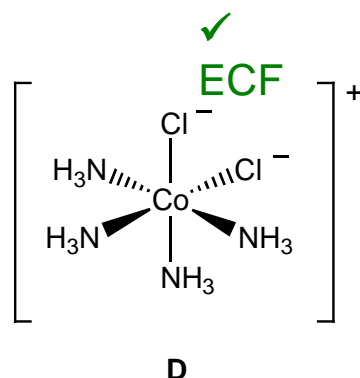
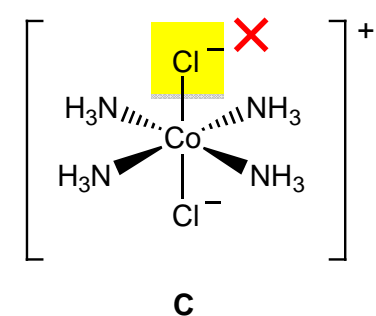
**B** has connectivity **and** Cl<sup>-</sup> errors

**C** and **D** have Cl<sup>-</sup> errors

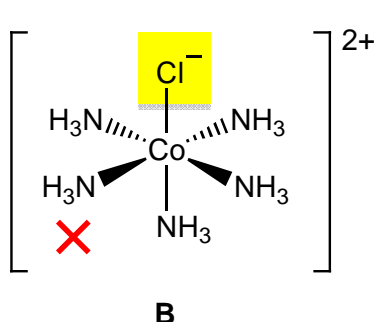
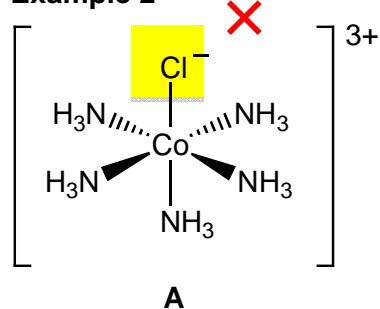
In **B**, either connectivity **OR** Cl<sup>-</sup> could have been penalised. Choose which to penalise based on maximising identification of errors

If Cl<sup>-</sup> had been penalised in **B**, then **C** would have been marked correctly by **ECF**.

But the candidate has clearly made 2 mistakes across **B** and **C** so NH<sub>3</sub> connectivity had been penalised in **B**



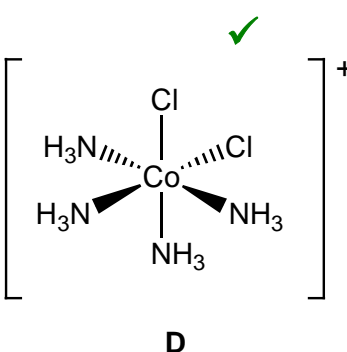
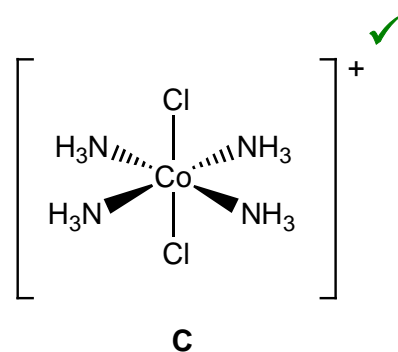
## Example 2



**C** and **D** are correct and they have been marked correct

**A** is wrong because a wrong ligand has been attached. This would have been wrong even if Cl had been attached so the Cl<sup>-</sup> charge is ignored at this stage

In **B**, the only error is Cl<sup>-</sup>. **A** also had Cl<sup>-</sup> but the charge had been ignored as Cl was incorrect anyway. **B** is therefore marked wrong



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