



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			NDIDATE MBER		

BIOLOGY 0610/61

Paper 6 Alternative to Practical

October/November 2012

1 hour

Candidates answer on the Question Paper

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

Electronic calculators may be used.

You may lose marks if you do not show your working or if you do not use appropriate units.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

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1			
2			
3			
Total			

This document consists of 13 printed pages and 3 blank pages.



Some students compared the metabolism of two yeast mixtures in test-tubes **W1** and **W2**, using the apparatus shown in Fig. 1.1. Both mixtures contained the same concentration of sucrose.



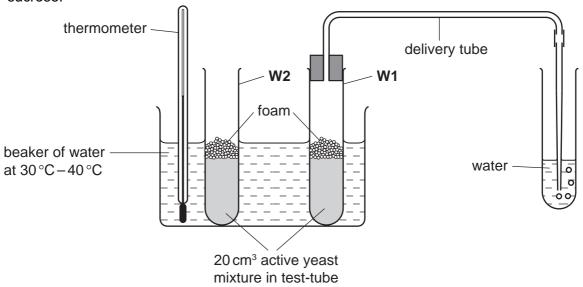


Fig. 1.1

The apparatus was left for two minutes. After this period, the number of gas bubbles released from the delivery tube was counted for two minutes. This number was recorded as **trial 1** in Table 1.1.

The yeast mixture was shaken and the number of bubbles was recorded for two more minutes as **trial 2**. This was repeated for **trial 3**.

The whole procedure was then repeated using test-tube **W2**.

The results for all three trials for test-tube **W2** were recorded in Table 1.1.

Table 1.1

vocat miytura	number of bubbles of gas released in two minutes							
yeast mixture	trial 1	trial 2	trial 3					
W1	5	3	2					
W2	20	15	10					

- (a) Gas bubbles are produced in this experiment.
 - (i) State which metabolic process is being carried out by the yeast cells to produce this gas.

[1]

(ii) Name this gas. [1]

	(iii)	Describe a test for this gas and the result that you would expect.
		[2]
		[2]
(b)		gest why the test-tubes W1 and W2 were placed in a beaker of warm water during experiment.
		roi
	•••••	[2]
(c)		scribe and explain any differences observed in the number of bubbles of gas ased.
		[3]

(d)	State two sources of error in the method of this investigation. Suggest how to improve the method to reduce each source of error.	E
	source of error	
	mprovement	
	source of error	
	mprovement	
	[4]	
	[Total: 13]	

Question 2 begins on page 6.

2 Fig. 2.1 shows the upper surface of two leaves, **W3** and **W4**.

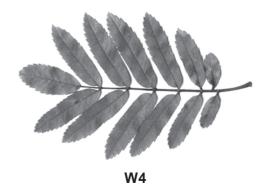


Fig. 2.1

(a) Make a large, labelled drawing of leaf W3.

W3

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PMT

[4]

(b)	Car	efully observe leaf W3 and leaf W4 in Fig. 2.1.
		cribe one similarity and two differences that you can see. Do not include size in r comparison.
	(i)	similarity
		[1]
	(ii)	differences
		1
		2
		ıcı

Fig. 2.2 shows a photomicrograph of a section of a leaf similar to W3.

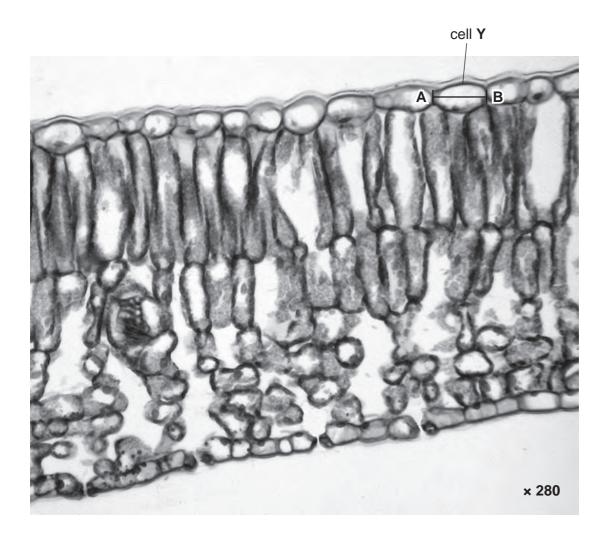


Fig. 2.2

- (c) (i) On Fig. 2.2, draw a line to label a photosynthetic cell in the palisade layer. [1]
 - (ii) Draw arrows on Fig. 2.2 to show the pathway that carbon dioxide gas must take to reach the photosynthetic cell labelled in (c)(i) from the air outside the leaf. [2]

(d)	Measure the length, from A to B , of cell Y on Fig. 2.2.	
	Record your measurement.	
	length from A to B mmm	
	Calculate the actual length of cell Y.	
	Show your working.	
	actual length of cell Y mmm	[3]

When leaves die, they fall from the tree and are eventually decomposed.

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Some students investigated the decomposition of samples of leaves. They made drawings and weighed the samples at intervals over a period of two years.

Table 2.1 shows the results of this investigation.

Table 2.1

time / months	mass of leaves in sample / g	appearance of one leaf in the sample.
0	42.5	
6	46.0	
12	32.5	
18	16.0	
24	7.5	

(e)	(i)	Describe years.	and	explain	the	changes	in ap	pearance	e of	the	leaves	during	the	two
														[3]

	[4	4]
		.,
Doccribo	the results for the change in mass shown on the graph.	

..... [ว]

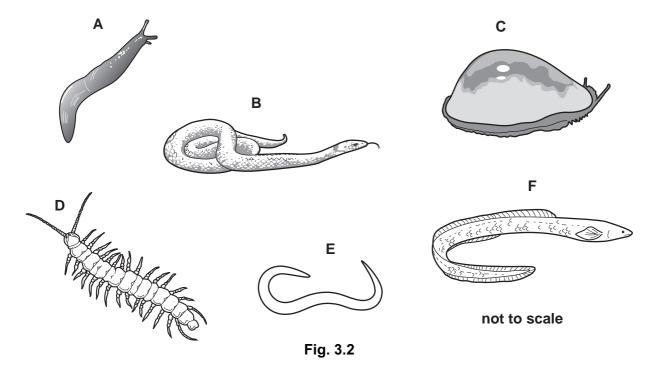
[Total: 23]

3 Fig. 3.1 shows an invertebrate animal.



Fig. 3.1

Fig. 3.2 shows the external features of six other animals.



(a) Give the letters of **two** animals that belong to the same group as the invertebrate shown in Fig. 3.1.

'	
2	[2]

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(b)	Desc	ribe two similarities, visible in Fig. 3.2, between animal B and animal F .		E
	1			= /
	2		•••	
	_			
		[2	2]	
		[Total:	4]	

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