UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/06

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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General notes

Symbols used in mark scheme and guidance notes.

/	separates alternatives for a marking point
•	separates points for the award of a mark
А	accept – as a correct response
R	reject – this is marked with a cross and any following correct statements do not gain any marks
I	ignore/irrelevant/inadequate – this response gains no mark, but any following correct answers can gain marks.
()	the word/phrase in brackets is not required to gain marks but sets context of response for credit. e.g. (waxy) cuticle. Waxy not needed but if it was described as a cellulose cuticle then no mark.
<u>Small</u>	underlined words – this word only/must be spelled correctly
ORA	or reverse argument/answer
ref./refs.	answer makes appropriate reference to
AVP	additional valid point (e.g. in comments)
AW	alternative words of equivalent meaning

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Question	Mark scheme		Comments		
1 (a) (i)	description of curvature in 0.8M; description of curvature in 0.0M;	[2]	for 0.8M A firs A curve / bends outer layer inner layer	t / left ; for 0.0M A s 0.8M inwards outside / convex inside / concave/ shrunk / shrink hollow in I thicker wall	0.0M outwards
(ii)	 <u>osmosis;</u> loss of water / exosmosis in 0.8 molar salt solution; reference to (cells)shrinking / becoming flaccid / plasmolysed; increase in water / endosmosis in 0.0 molar; reference to (cells) swelling / becoming turgid; definition of osmosis (must refer to gradient and sp membrane); wax / waterproof layer / impermeable; 	4]	A water conc. / correct context	d points 4 + 5 are linl salt conc. / hyper or	hypo tonic in a
(b)	 range of salt solutions / different concs; same time; same plant / type / species / dandelion; same size / length / mass at start; measure curvature / no change (in mass / curvature); plot graph of conc against change in length; repeat (experiment / more stems per conc); 	4]	Points 1 and 2 A 30 mins mini I temp / condition I reference to c	mum ons	l and 0.8M only, need 3
	[Total: 1	0]			

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2 (a)	Drawing: 1 flower as in fig. 2.1; 2 no shading / artistic lines;		 A + or – petals / floral parts separate (even if receptacle is not drawn.) R stylised flowers 		
	Label: 1 three stamens / anthers + filame	ents / anthers;	-		
	2 stigma / style;		A all labels on stylised diagrams		
	3 petals; 4 sepal;		label line to touch surface / inside / curved part		
	5 ovary;	[MAX 6]	one on left		
	o ovary,		must have double lines either side and can be labelled to base of receptacle		
			label marks = MAX 4 but MAX 2 for stylised diagrams		
(b)	stamen / anther / filament is outside / hangin	ng / loosely attached;	I labels (but can accept e.c.f. from diagram)		
	long / bendy filament;	A pollen sacs			
	style / stigma is feathery / furry / large SA / lo	ong / large AW; [3]			
			I sticky / outside / exposed		
			I pollen (not visible) / pistil / carpel alone I negative comments e.g. no nectaries / petals / smell		
(c) (i)	one similarity: both have stamens / anthers /	/ stigmas; [1]			
(ii)	Fig. 2.1	Fig.2.2	need to be matched pairs LIST rule		
	petals	Not present;	I size / colour / scent		
	stamens / anthers enclosed within petals /	stamens / anthers exposed / outside /	A filament		
	firmly attached	loosely attached;	can be comparative		
	stigma / style enclosed within petals	stigma / style outside the	Isticky		
		flower;	I carpel		
	stigma /style is small / curved / single	stigma / style has large SA / large / feathery / hairy /	A male + female parts are inside / outside flower = 1 need both, do not award if stigma/stamen given		
		multiple; [4]			
		[Total: 14]			

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O orientation and label of axes; S suitable scale to fill > 1/2 grid; P plot points; L neat line passing through plotted points;			bar chart = MAX 1 f pH on X–axis (ignor judged by plotted po- including broken ax +/- 0.5 square for a point to point ruled points. No extrapola	re PH) and tin oints and scal tis. Il points / line line or smooth	ne/ s on Y-axis;	
(ii)	acidic;	est; Ikaline or decrease rate, pH 7 Ikaline or increase rate, pH 8 –		If refer to extreme p i.e. rate decreases e.g. can't be exactly around pH 7	from pH 7 to p	
(b)	 buffer; more sophisticated timer / 	paper / concentration of catala		If all conditions and Max 1 for Points 1 a A find average / two	& 2. I clea	the same allow an apparatus
	 repeats, volume of oxygen measur increase intermediate pH 		[MAX 4]	I increase range of extremities.	pH unqualifie	d / increasing at

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(c)	1. one pH;	
	2. range of temperatures;	
	3. control temperature e.g. keep tubes in water bath throughout	any pH to show control.
	investigation / same temperature;	A High to Low / different temperatures / at least 3 / cold &
	 equilibrate tubes in different water baths for 5 mins – way of achieving temperature before starting; 	warm & hot.
	same volume / concentration of hydrogen peroxide;	
	same enzyme source or concentration / same size or type or mass of filter paper;	A area / amount of filter paper
	7. same size of tubing / apparatus / test tube;	
	8. repeats / find average;	
	9. volume of oxygen measured / plot a graph of activity;	
	10. safety features: includes use forceps to handle pieces of paper / goggles / gloves / lab coat / AW; [MAX 6]	I clean or sterilised apparatus
	[Total: 16]	

PMT