

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

	CANDIDATE NAME				
	CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER			
* 7	BIOLOGY		0610/63		
∞ 📃	BIOLOGI				
9 ¢	Paper 6 Alterna	tive to Practical	May/June 2012		
5 8			1 hour		
5	Candidates ans	wer on the Question Paper			
5 3	No Additional M	laterials are required.			

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

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1	
2	
3	
Total	

This document consists of 9 printed pages and 3 blank pages.



For

Use

1 Apple tissue changes colour in the air. Apple cells are thought to contain an enzyme which is a catalyst for the reaction: Examiner's

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enzyme
colourless compounds + oxygen in the air
                                                       coloured compounds
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Some students investigated this reaction.

The students cut a slice of apple with a knife as shown in Fig. 1.1.

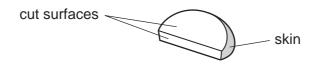
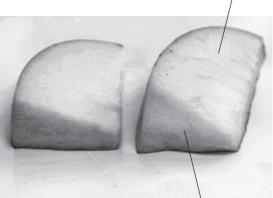


Fig. 1.1

This slice was broken into two pieces as shown in Fig. 1.2.

cut surface





broken surface

Fig. 1.2

Each piece was put into a different dish. The dishes were labelled 1 and 2.

A few drops of water were put on the cut surface and the broken surface of the piece of apple in dish 1.

A few drops of lemon juice were put on the cut surface and the broken surface of the piece of apple in dish 2.

Every five minutes for 20 minutes the students observed the pieces of apple and recorded their observations in Table 1.1.

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Table 1.1

-						
	time / minutes		dish 1 , apple with water		dish 2 , apple with lemon juice	
		s broken surface	cut surface	broken surface	cut surface	
	5	no change	very light brown	no change	no change	
	10	no change	light brown	no change	no change	
	15	very light brown	light brown with dark brown patches	no change	no change	
	20	light brown	dark brown	no change	no change	
The lemon juice was tested with litmus paper. It changed colour from blue to red. (a) State the meaning of this colour change.						
						[1]
(b) Look at Table 1.1. Describe the differences between the appearance of the cut surfaces in dish 1 and dish 2 during the experiment.						the cut
	•••••					
	(c) The	colour changes are t	hought to involve	enzyme activity.		
	(i) Explain how the observations in Table 1.1 and your description in (b) support this statement.					oport this
	1					
						[3]

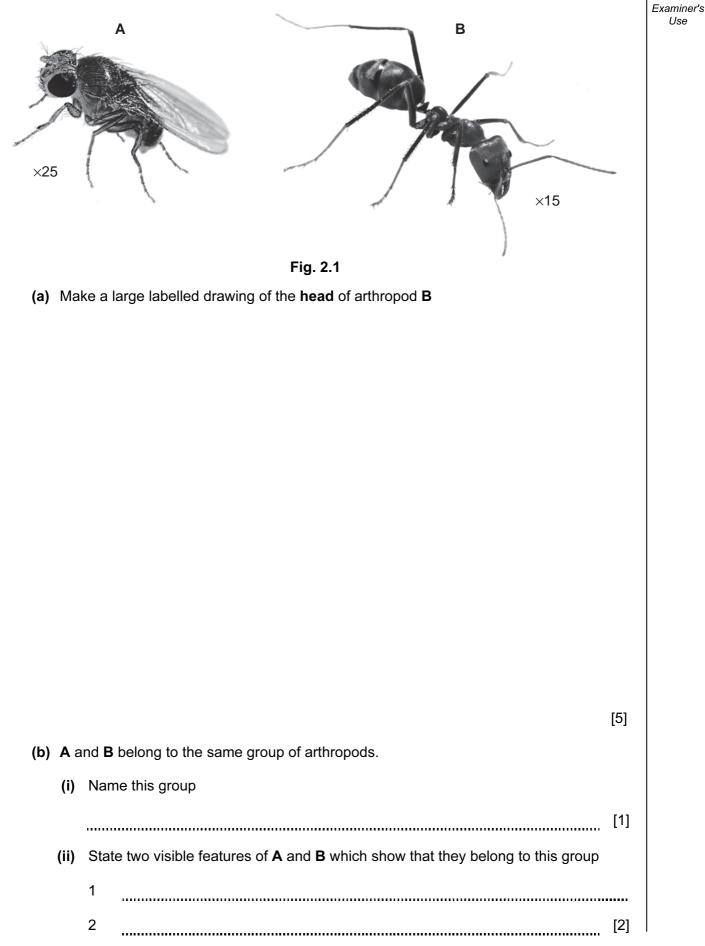
(ii) Using your knowledge of enzyme activity, describe another experiment that would test the idea that enzymes are involved in this colour change.

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	[3]
(d) (i)	Look at Table 1.1. Describe the differences between the appearance of the broken surface and the cut surface in dish 1 during the experiment.
	[2]
(ii)	Cutting the apple with a knife damages cells, releasing the contents.
	Suggest, from the observations in Table 1.1 and your description in (d)(i), how breaking instead of cutting the apple may affect the cells.
	[1]
	[Total: 11]

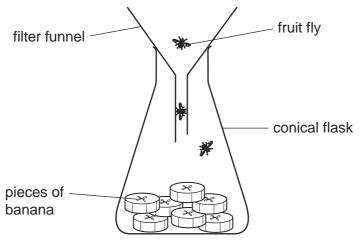
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(c) Fig 2.2 shows a trap which can be used to catch other insects such as fruit flies.





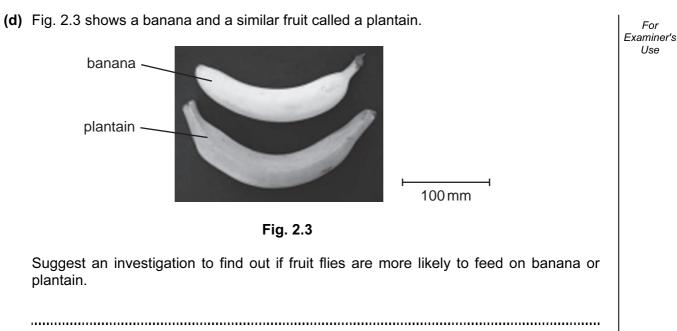
(i) Fruit flies feed on fruits such as bananas. Bananas contain carbohydrates.

Describe how you could safely test a piece of banana for **two** different carbohydrates.

	[6]
(ii)	Describe the observations expected if these two carbohydrates are present.
	[2]

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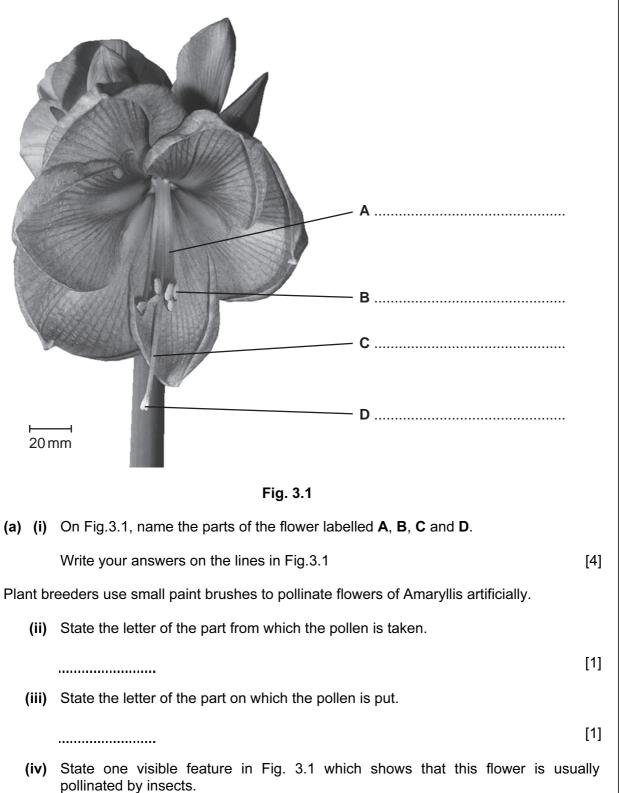


..... [3]

[Total: 19]

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3 Fig. 3.1 is a photograph of the flower of Amaryllis, *Hippeastrum aglaiae*.



.....

......[1]

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Fig. 3.2	
(b) Measure the length of a pollen grain in mm.	
Length of pollen grainmm	
Calculate the actual length of the pollen grain that you measured in mm.	
Show your working.	
actual length of pollen grain mm [3] [Total: 10]	

10

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11

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Copyright Acknowledgements:

Question 2 Figure 2.1A Photograph Question 2 Figure 2.1B Photograph Question 2d Figure 2.3 Photograph Question 3a Figure 3.1 Photograph

- © Drosophila melanogaster; http://www.thekitchen.com.
- © Iridomyrmex purpureus; http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Meat_ant.
- Banana and a plantain; <u>http://www.grabemsnacks.com/what-is-a-plantain.html</u>.
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