UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/61

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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(Question	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance / comments
1	(a)	Blue / blue black / black;	[1]	Ignore purple / mauve / brown
	(b)	(Change in colour) to white / yellow / paler blue / paler blue black / paler black;	[1]	Accept grey / colourless / brown / yellow orange / blue black weakened Ignore reference to "change in colour" only / black colour disappears / bleach
	(c) (i)	72; 78;	[2]	Correct answers = 2 Mark independently If both incorrect allow 1 mark for correct working
	(ii)	O – Orientation; A – Axes labels; S – Scale; P – Plots; L – Line;	[5]	O 'x' axis – time in mins and 'y' axis – number of new areas or total areas (where there had been a reaction) If total number plotted (wrong curve) = max 4 do not award A S plots to fill at least ½ the grid in both dimensions P accept +/- 0.5 mm (½ a small square). L points joined by ruled lines point to point or a smooth curve Do not allow extrapolation or double/thick lines
	(iii)	Two marks from: age difference / gender difference / different types of goat / genetic difference / health of goat / concentration of enzyme (in saliva) / diet / hunger level / AVP;;	MAX [2]	Ignore references to pH and temperature Ignore references to paper starch levels

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(d)	 Three marks from: longer final time period; more frequent readings; do a control or description of boil and cool the saliva or use water; One control variable (paper, pH, temperature, saliva amount, same volume of sample, type of goat etc); repeats or replicates; calculate mean / average; more precise timing device; 		
	8. AVP;	MAX [3]	
		[Total: 14]	
2 (a)	Drawing: O Clear lines and no shading; S Larger than photograph; D Hairs drawn precisely; P Seed area drawn with regard to shape; Labels: attachment / position of seed / hairs;	[5]	4 drawing marks Hairs to be attached to the top end of fruit – not matted Hairs shown as straight, single lines Ignore ornamentation on seed. Ignore incorrect labels Accept alternative wording for hairs Ignore words which describe other biological features

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(b) (i)	Length of fruit in Fig. 2.1 in mm / cm 73 +/- 2 mm / 7.3 +/- 0.2 cm; Length of fruit in drawing in mm / cm (+/- 2 mm or +/- 0.2 cm);	[2]	penalise once for incorrect / absent units
(ii)	Correct magnification and X;;		Accept error carried forward from (b)(i) Accept correct answer for 2 marks even if no working shown Accept X before or after magnification / "times"
		[2]	If answer incorrect allow max 1 for correct working e.g. length of drawing / length of image – in words or figures

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(c) (i)	feature	ure Dry fruit Damp fruit Error carried forward	One mark for identifying feature wherever in table Error carried forward for feature from label in 2a 2 nd mark for description		
	Hairs / parachute / pappus / AW;	Wide spread / AW AND	Closed / close / AW;	[2]	2 mant of description
(ii)	Five marks fron	n:			
	2. increase of s / breeze / air	currents in the dry	er to 'catch' the wind ;		Ignore pollen / spores dispersed by wind
	4. to spread aw habitat;5. avoids comp	o the ground / are n way from parent plan petition with parent p crowding / more spa	nt / to new place /		4. must be linked to dispersal not just germinating in new habitat
		soil / place / humid; vation / working / re	espiration ORA;	Max [5]	
	J. AVF,			[Total: 16]	

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3 (a)	(i)	Possession of out layers / 'roundish'		n / rind / bark / have ex;	[1]	Ignore references to cells / colour
	(ii)	Three differences from:			Accept comparative answers in one box only	
	()	difference	ginger stem	lotus stem		If answers are in one box only, they must be comparative Ignore references to phloem and xylem
		shape	irregular / oval / random / AW	round / circular/ cylindrical / symmetrical / AW;		
		cavities / holes / gaps / pores / pipes / air spaces	none / compact	cavities present / arranged in circle / porous / AW;		
		inner layer	fibrous / fibres / hair like	holes / gaps present / AW;		
		outer layer / bark / skin / wall	dark / thick / rough	light / thin / smooth / not visible / AW;		
		colour	more uniform	dark patches / AW;		
		AW;			[3]	
(b)		Feature [1] + linke	ed explanatio	n [1]		'Gas filled holes helps them to float' = 2 marks
		holes / vessels / i	tubes / flo	atation / buoyancy / gas ed / gas exchange/ AW;		
	cylindrical / bends / resist currents / pre flexibility; damage;	sist currents / prevents image;				
		smooth / surface less;	area Le	ess pressure from water;	Max [2]	

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(c)	Four marks from:		
	1. cut (thin) section / piece of lotus root / grind /		Ignore heating and use of ethanol.
	dissect / blend / mash / rub / layer of cells;		
	2. place on microscope slide / glass slide / slide /		
	glass / slab;		
	3. stain with iodine solution;		3. Accept drops of iodine or iodine in KI.
	4. cover slip used / AW;		
	5. look for blue / black stained grains / granules /		5. Accept 'darker' for 'black'
	spots / areas;		
	6. AVP;	MAX [4]	6. e.g. use blotting paper to mop up excess liquid
		[Total: 10]	