UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2007 question paper

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/02

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2007 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



[2]

Page 2		Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE –	May/June 2007	0610	02
(a) (i)	leaf	3 – has parallel veins,	/veins not branched;		[1]
(ii)	orga	nism D – has body div	vided into segments/ring	gs/OWTTE;	[1]
(iii)	•	•	u		[1]
(iv)	orga	nism G – has more th	an 4 pairs of legs/limbs	non-identical/varied	
			dy/cephalothorax and al	odomen;	[1]
	N.B.	No letter given – no	mark		
(b) sho	w div	sion of 50/5;			
(ma	agnific	ation) x10/times 10;	R – 10mm		
		0	0	ition	
	-				[2]
					[Total: 6]
(a) A =	sepa	i/caiyx;			
B =	anth	er/stamen; Accept -	- androecium		[2]
(b) to r	eceiv	e/trap pollen/OWTTE;	Accept – ref to male	gamete	[1]
(c) 1	no n	ectary (in wind pollina	ted flower):		
				ver).	
			, <u>,</u>		
4	stign	na/style outside of pet	als/flowers (in wind poll	inated flower);	
5	feath	ery stigma (in wind p	ollinated flower);		
any two – 1 mark each					
any	/ two -	- 1 mark each			[2]
	 (ii) (iii) (iii) (iv) (b) shoth (mathemathing) (iv) (b) shoth (mathemathing) (c) 1 (c) 1 2 3 4 	 (ii) organ (iii) organ (iii) organ	 (ii) organism D – has body div (iii) organism E – has four pain I - ref to cephalothorax (er (iv) organism G – has more the legs/limbs/2 regions to boor I – refs to exoskeleton N.B. No letter given – no (b) show division of 50/5; (magnification) x10/times 10; If no working then 2 marks for If wrong working can gain 1 mathematical I – ratios (a) A = sepal/calyx; B = anther/stamen; Accept - (b) to receive/trap pollen/OWTTE; (c) 1 no nectary (in wind pollina 2 smaller/less obvious petals 3 stamens outside of petals/4 stigma/style outside of petals/ 	 (ii) organism D – has body divided into segments/ring (iii) organism E – has four pairs of/eight legs/limbs; I - ref to cephalothorax (erroneous) (iv) organism G – has more than 4 pairs of legs/limbs/ legs/limbs/2 regions to body/cephalothorax and al I – refs to exoskeleton N.B. No letter given – no mark (b) show division of 50/5; (magnification) x10/times 10; R – 10mm If no working then 2 marks for correct magnification If wrong working can gain 1 mark for correct magnificat I – ratios (a) A = sepal/calyx; B = anther/stamen; Accept – androecium (b) to receive/trap pollen/OWTTE; Accept – ref to male (c) 1 no nectary (in wind pollinated flower); 2 smaller/less obvious petals (in wind pollinated flow 3 stamens outside of petals/flowers (in wind pollinated 4 stigma/style outside of petals/flowers (in wind pollinated 	 (ii) organism D – has body divided into segments/rings/OWTTE; (iii) organism E – has four pairs of/eight legs/limbs; I - ref to cephalothorax (erroneous) (iv) organism G – has more than 4 pairs of legs/limbs/non-identical/varied legs/limbs/2 regions to body/cephalothorax and abdomen; I – refs to exoskeleton N.B. No letter given – no mark (b) show division of 50/5; (magnification) x10/times 10; R – 10mm If no working then 2 marks for correct magnification If wrong working can gain 1 mark for correct magnification I – ratios (a) A = sepal/calyx; B = anther/stamen; Accept – androecium (b) to receive/trap pollen/OWTTE; Accept – ref to male gamete (c) 1 no nectary (in wind pollinated flower); 2 smaller/less obvious petals (in wind pollinated flower); 3 stamens outside of petals/flowers (in wind pollinated flower); 4 stigma/style outside of petals/flowers (in wind pollinated flower);

(d)	process	flowering plant	human
	fertilisation	\checkmark	
	germination	\checkmark	
	implantation		
	pollination	\checkmark	
	sexual intercourse		

Each vertical column correct – 1 mark each I – crosses in other boxes

IGCSE – May/June 2007 0610 02 (e) (i) 1 dispersed by animals/mamals/birds/named examples; R – insects 2 red outer coat attracts them; 3 flesh encourages them to eat fruit; 4 seeds hard coats allow it to avoid digestion/discourage swallowing; 5 dispersal in faeces/dropped while removing flesh; any three – 1 mark each 4 in moisture/water/OWTTE; 4 with minerals/named mineral; 3 warm conditions/suitable/optimum temperature; 4 in light/not shaded area; any three – 1 mark each [Total: 1 (ii) 1 moisture/water/OWTTE; 4 in light/not shaded area; any three – 1 mark each [Total: 1 (a) continuous (variation); (b) (i) plotted as four bars, all clearly identified (beneath or on bar); accurate plotting (+/– half a square); (ii) genes/alleles/genotype/DNA/OWTTE; [(c) (i) a change/alteration in a gene/allele/DNA/chromosome/chromosome number; [[(ii) chemical/named example/cigarette tar; (gamma/beta/alpha/ionising) radiation; X rays; UV light; any two – 1 mark each [Page 3		3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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 accurate plotting (+/- half a square); (ii) genes/alleles/genotype/DNA/OWTTE; (c) (i) a change/alteration in a gene/allele/DNA/chromosome/chromosome number; (ii) chemical/named example/cigarette tar; (gamma/beta/alpha/ionising) radiation; X rays; UV light; any two – 1 mark each 	(a)	cor	ntinuo	ous (variation);		[1]
 (ii) genes/alleles/genotype/DNA/OWTTE; (c) (i) a change/alteration in a gene/allele/DNA/chromosome/chromosome number; (ii) chemical/named example/cigarette tar; (gamma/beta/alpha/ionising) radiation; X rays; UV light; any two – 1 mark each 	(b)) (i)	plot	tted as four bars, all clearly identified (beneath or on	bar);	
 (c) (i) a change/alteration in a gene/allele/DNA/chromosome/chromosome number; (ii) chemical/named example/cigarette tar; (gamma/beta/alpha/ionising) radiation; X rays; UV light; any two – 1 mark each 			acc	curate plotting (+/– half a square);		[2]
 (ii) chemical/named example/cigarette tar; (gamma/beta/alpha/ionising) radiation; X rays; UV light; any two – 1 mark each 		(ii)	ger	nes/alleles/genotype/DNA/OWTTE;		[1]
(gamma/beta/alpha/ionising) radiation; X rays; UV light; any two – 1 mark each	(c)	(i)	a cl	hange/alteration in a gene/allele/DNA/chromosome/c	hromosome number;	[1]
X rays; UV light; any two – 1 mark each		(ii)	che	emical/named example/cigarette tar;		
UV light; any two – 1 mark each			(ga	mma/beta/alpha/ionising) radiation;		
any two – 1 mark each			X ra	ays;		
			UV	light;		
[Total:			any	/ two – 1 mark each		[2]
						[Total: 7]

Page 4	L I	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – May/June 2007	0610	02
(a) (i)	F;			[1]
(ii)	E;			[1]
(iii)	no tr	opical forest left/all destroyed;		[1]
(iv)	D;			[1]
(b) (i)	bact	eria/fungi;		[1]
(ii)	carb	on dioxide;		
	mine	erals/named mineral salt/ion; $I - nutrients R - I$	nitrogen (gas)	[2]
(c) 1	crop	s take/use mineral salts from soil;		
2	crop	removed from land;		
3	soil l	becomes infertile/low in mineral salts;		
4	crop	yield drops to worthless levels;		
5	no fr	esh/replacement of humus/no recycling of materia	ls;	
6	crum	nb structure lost;		
any	three	e – 1 mark each		[3]
				[Total: 10]
(a) (i)	carb	on compounds in animals;		[1]
(ii)	C ;			
	D ;			
	Е;			
	any	two 1 mark each		[2]
(iii)	В;			[1]
(iv)	A ;			[1]
(b) (i)		w labelled P parallel to C but in opposite direction/ ng boxes from air to plants around outside of diagr	am;	[1]
(ii)	carb	on dioxide + water;		
	= glu	ucose/(simple) sugar/starch + oxygen;		[2]
	A – 0	ef to water on product side correct formula as substitute for word eed for equation to be balanced		
				[Total: 8]

PMT

Page 5			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2007	0610	02
(a)	A ;				
	D;				
	E;				[3]
	l – r	name	ed parts		
(b)	root	hair	cell –		
	1	long	extension/description to cell;		
	2	incre	ease surface area (for absorption);		
:	3	no c	chloroplasts/chlorophyll;		
	4	und	erground/hidden from light;		[4]
	I - re	ef to	photosynthesis		
	reas	son n	nust relate to difference		
(c)	(i)	red	blood cell –		
		1	has haemoglobin;		
		2	biconcave shape;		
		3	no nucleus;		
		any	one – 1 mark		[1]
((ii)	1	carries oxygen;		
		2	increases surface area for absorption/release of ox	xygen;	
			can hold greater amount of haemoglobin;		
		adva	antage must relate to difference		
		any	one – 1 mark		[1]
		-			

Page 6		ge 6	Mark Scheme Syllabus		Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2007	0610	02
7 (a	a)	a catalys	st/chemical that alters/speeds up the rate of a reaction	on;	
		biologica	al/made by cells/made of protein;		[2]
		A – bioc	atalyst as = biological catalyst		
(1	b)	suitable	scales added to axes (uses more than half of the gr	id);	
		points pl	lotted accurately (+/– half square);		
		points jo	ined appropriately (from point to point or smooth cu	rve of best fit);	[3]
		I – extra	polation back to zero		
(0	c)	stomach	1;		[1]
(0	d)	no react	ion/rate of reaction 0;		
		boiling/h	igh temperature would have denatured/destroyed e	nzyme;	[2]
		R – kille	d enzyme		
					[Total: 8]
B (a	a)	1 iron	for the formation of haemoglobin/red blood cells;		
		2 whic	ch carries oxygen;		
		3 vitar	min D for absorption/deposition of calcium (ions);		
		4 calc	ium used in formation of bones/teeth;		
		any thre	e – 1 mark each		[3]
(1	b)	constipa	tion;		
		too little/	lack of fibre/roughage in diet;		
		intestina	I muscles lack bulk to push against;		
		obesity/e	excess overweight;		
		too mucl	h/more than needed carbohydrates/fats in diet;		
		excess s	stored as fat/adds to bulk of body;		
		coronary	y heart disease/heart attack/atherosclerosis;		
		too mucl	h (saturated) fat/cholesterol in diet;		
		causes b	blockages in coronary vessels/arteries;		
		any four	from two effects only – 1 mark each		[4]
		•	other malnutrition effects e.g. nutritional marasmus, l o two explanatory points;	kwashiorkor, etc.	
					[Total: 7]

Pa	nge 7	,	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2007	0610	02
ə (a)			ws enzymes to work at constant rate;		
	2	allov	ws constant rate of metabolism/reaction;		
	3	meta	abolism independent of (external) environment/OW	ITE;	
	4	can	live in many situations/example of extreme tempera	ture conditions;	
	any	v two ·	– 1 mark each		[2]
(b)	1	(swe	eating) releases water onto skin;		
	2	(wat	er/sweat) evaporates;		
	3	ref to	o latent heat/heat energy needed for evaporation;		
	4	redu	uces skin temperature/removes heat from blood;		
	5	incre	eased (body) temperature – increased sweating;		
	6	prev	vents overheating/returns (body) temperature to nor	mal/cools body;	
	any	/ four	– 1 mark each		[4]
					[Total: 6]
10 (a)	(i)	storr	nata/between guard cells;		[1]
	(ii)	xyle	m (vessels);		[1]
(b)	(i)	A;			
		(incr	reased air movement) increases transpiration;		[2]
	(ii)	C;			
		(rise	e less steeply) because of no air movement/(falls as)) air is humid/saturate	d; [2]
					[Total: 6]